
PART-I

WORDS FOR EXAM

LESSON-1

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Abate (verb)	(रुकना/कम पड़ना)	diminish, come down, lessen, decline end, fall	(increase)
2. Accomplishment	(उपलब्धि, योग्यता)	success, skill, triumph, achievement, realization	(failure)
3. Affect (verb)	(प्रभावित करना)	touch, influence, change, upset, distress	(leave/discard)
4. Assure (verb)	(भरोसा दिलाना)	confirm, promise, ensure, pledge, guarantee, ease	(refute)
5. Compensate(v)	(क्षतिपूर्ति करना, इनाम देना)	balance, recompense, make up for, reimburse	(unsettle/upset)
6. Competent(adj.)	(कुशल, योग्य)	skilled, proficient, experienced, capable	(inept/clumsy)
7. Deliberate(adj.)	(सावधान/समझदार)	cautious, thoughtful, careful, measured	(thoughtless)
8. Device(noun)	(यंत्र)	apparatus, contraption, gadget, machine	(no antonym)
9. Devise(noun)	(आविष्कार करना)	develop, setup, formulate, plant, invent	(improvise)
10. Dingy(adj.)	(गंदा)	shabby, poor, dull, dirty, grim, tatty, worn	(clean/sparking)
11. Effect(noun)	(परिणाम, प्रभाव)	impression, result, consequence, outcome	(cause/ignorance)
12. Enmity(noun)	(शत्रुता/बैर)	hate, antagonism, feeling, disgust, bad	(friendship/amity)
13. Exempt(adj)	(मुक्त/स्वतंत्र)	excused, excepted, immune, not liable	(responsible)
14. Flexible(adj)	(लचीला)	excused, excepted, immune, not liable	(Hard)
15. Formidable(adj)	(भयंकर, प्रभावशाली)	daunting, tough, difficult, remarkable	(insignificant)
16. Gratify(verb)	(संतुष्ट करना)	oblige, fulfill, enchant, please, satisfy, delight	(displease)
17. Guise (noun)	(रूप/ढोंग)	costume, pretend, semblance, disguise	(real/legitimacy)
18. Hereditary(noun)	(आनुवंशिक)	inherited, traditional, innate, genetic	(innovative/new)
19. Humiliate(v)	(निंदा करना, नीचा दिखाना)	put down, debase, humble, show up	(praise/admire)
20. Insure(v)	(बीमा करना)	indemnify, protect, underwrite, assure	(distress/expose)

- Lack of rain will have a serious (affect, **effect**) on the crops.
- Have you seen the clever (**device**, devise) he has for opening his garage doors?
- The new ruling will not (**affect**, effect) me at all.
- I am trying to (device, **devise**) a method of drying dishes with an electric fan.
- At last I am going to **gratify** my desire to see the Rockies.
- The wire I use must be strong, but at the same time **flexible**.
- He made a **deliberate** move to trip fall me as I went by.
- Very low incomes are **exempt** from taxation.
- His son is suffering from a **hereditary** ailment.
- He visited me under the **guise** of friendship. Actually he was trying to obtain information for the benefit of our competitors.
- He found a valuable book in the old, **dingy** second hand store.
- It will test your skill to play against such **formidable** opponents.
- Overcoming shyness is a great **accomplishment**.
- A wise man **insure** his house against risk of fire.
- Money cannot **compensate** him for the loss of his child.
- Let us wait for the storm to **abate** before we set out.
- Now that he has a **competent** assistant, he can take a vacation
- The society will not prosper if there is **enmity** between the two leaders.
- A good general never **humiliates** an officer in front of his men.
- The captain told stewardess to **assure** the passengers that there was no danger.

LESSON - 2

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Afflict(verb)	पीड़ा देना	worry, make miserable, trouble, distress	please/ soothe
2. Confirm(verb)	पक्का करना	approve, endorse, authorize, sanction	forbid/ban/bar
3. Conform(verb)	आज्ञा मानना, मानना	comply, act upon, consent, obey, follow	rebel/defy/rebel
4. Horizontal(adj.)	समतल	straight, flat, corresponding, parallel	vertical/upright
5. Imply(noun)	समझना, सूचित करना	suggest, entail, mean, signify, surmise	differ/match
6. Impose(noun)	लगाना/शोष देना	compel, make, necessitate, inflict, enforce	solicit/request
7. Inflict(verb)	दण्ड देना	cause, exact, administer, wreck, impose	suffer/bear
8. Intricate(adj.)	उलझा हुआ, कठिन	difficult, problematical, complicated	simple/easy
9. Irrigate(verb)	सींचना	hose, dampen, sprinkle, water, wet, damp	dry/desiccate
10. Lapse(noun)	समाप्ति	interval, delay, space, gap, break, silence	continuation
11. Luminous(adj.)	चमकीला	shining, radiant, bright, glowing	dull/dim/dark
12. Malice(noun)	द्वेष या घृणा	malevolence, meanness, nastiness, hatred	Affection/care
13. Martial(adj)	युद्ध संबंधी	aggressive, warlike, hostile, belligerent	peaceful/screen
14. Miscellaneous(a)	मिश्रित, अनेक प्रकार	mixed, sundry, diverse, various, assorted	homogeneous
15. Overwhelming(a)	अत्यधिक तीव्र	great, tremendous, crushing, vast, excess	insignificant
16. Phenomenon(n.)	घटना, तथ्य	occurrence, fact, incident, event, expulsion	fiction/illusion
17. Prejudice(noun)	पूर्वाग्रह, भेदभाव	bias, favoritism, partiality, prejudgment	impartiality
18. Supplement(verb)	परिपूर्ण करना	add to, extend, augment, enhance	diminish/curtail
19. Surmise(verb)	अनुमान लगाना	infer, guess, imagine, assume, speculate	trust/rely
20. Vertical(adj.)	लम्ब रूप	upright, plumb, erect, perpendicular	horizontal level

- We hope our hockey team will (**afflict**, inflict) a crushing defeat on last year's champions.
- You should (confirm, **conform**) to the rules of the school.
- Moses warned the Egyptians that God would (afflict, **inflict**) them by plagues.
- The recently-discovered document will (**confirm**, conform) our right to the property.
- The regimental band played **martial** music.
- Such unnecessarily **intricate** customs regulations are discouraging to would-be importers, because they are so difficult to understand.
- Night-driving is safer when **luminous** paint is used on the guard-rails.
- We hope our candidate will be elected by **overwhelming** majority; we need a man of his ability.
- Take some canned meat to **supplement** your provisions on the camping trip.
- After a **lapse** of several years, the pirates again roamed the seas.
- It is necessary to **irrigate** farmland where there is not sufficient rain.
- A perfect rainbow is an unusual **phenomenon**.
- Why do these ignorant people have a **prejudice** against strangers ?
- The telephone wires are strung in **horizontal** position between the poles.
- Miscellaneous** articles littered the floor of the cabin.
- Do you **imply** by that remark that you like him ?
- Although we teased him constantly, he bore us no **malice**.
- The magistrate threatened to **impose** heavy fines on careless drivers.
- Since he has not written, I can only **surmise** that he will arrive tomorrow.
- The mast of the ship must be almost **vertical** to the deck.

LESSON - 3

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Ardent(noun)	प्रबल रूप से	eager, zealous, keen, passionate,	indifferent
2. Award(noun)	पुरस्कार	honour, prize, reward, grant, medal	penalty/fine
3. Emigrant(n)	उत्प्रवासी	vagrant, , traveler, drifter, expatriate	resident/dweller
4. Immigrant(n)	आप्रवासी	refuge, settler, migrant, colonist	emigrant
5. Insulate(noun)	बचाना	padding, defend, guard, protect, shield	expose, ventilate
6. Isolate(verb)	अलग करना	detach, segregate, set aside, separate	attach/unite
7. Prospective(a)	भावी	would be, future, potential, promising	past//former
8. Prostrate(Verb)	गिरादेना	face down, drained, dreary, exhausted	lively/active
9. Refrain(noun)	परहेज करना	cease, avoid, renounce, abstain, forge	indulge in/involve
10. Remote(noun)	सुदूर, अलग, दूर का	cold, frosty, inaccessible, uninvolved	approachable, near
11. Requisite(adj.)	अपेक्षित	prerequisite, necessary, required, urgent	optional/possible
12. Reward(noun)	पारितोषिक	gift, bonus, incentive, prize, wages	penalty/fine
13. Specify(verb)	स्पष्टीकरण देना	list, indicate, identify, state, give	refuse, decline
14. Spontaneous(n)	मनमानी, जंगली	impulsive, unplanned, natural	planned/intended
15. Temperament(n)	स्वभाव	character, disposition, personality	Characterless
16. Testify(verb)	साक्षी होना	give evidence, state under oath	conceal/hide
17. Trait(noun)	विशेषता	characteristic, point, attribute, quality	Demerit
18. Trend(noun)	विचारधारा	fad, vogue, craze, style fashion, look	outdated/obsolete
19. Trivial(noun)	तुच्छ/नगण्य	minor, small, insignificant, useless	crucial/important
20. Turbulent(adj)	अशांत	riotous, quarrelsome, rowdy, violent	peaceful/calm

- The silver cup was the (**award**, reward) presented to the champion athlete.
- Many of the early settlers in North America were (emigrants, **immigrants**) from the British Isles.
- I intend to offer a (award, **reward**) for the return of the wallet.
- Have we a special committee to advise (**emigrants**, immigrants) coming to settle in our country ?
- Generosity is the most outstanding **trait** in his character.
- The salesman called many times on his **prospective** customers.
- Pleasure **refrain** from talking during the concert.
- If we **specify** the number who will at the picnic, he will provide the ice-cream.
- He was not asked to help; his offer of assistance was quite **spontaneous**.
- His canoe (boat) capsized in the **turbulent** water.
- The miser hid his savings in a **remote** corner of the farm.
- A notable **trend** of the latter half of the twentieth century is the increasing use of automation.
- The postman has an even **temperament** he rarely becomes angry.
- He planned to **insulate** the house to make it easier to heat.
- I will gladly **testify** to his good character upon request.
- I exhausted man by **prostrate** on the beach for many hours.
- We cannot from a football team unless we have the **requisite** number of players.
- Do not bother the manager with such a **trivial** matter; lifer it to one of his assistant.
- She is an **ardent** admirer of Browning's poems; I often see her reading them.
- The health officer will **isolate** all children suffering from measles.

LESSON - 4

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Abhor(verb)	घृणा करना	hate, despise, loathe, detest, dislike	adore/love
2. Abound(verb)	प्रचुर, पर्याप्त	thrive, be plentiful, prosper	decline/scanty
3. Aspire(verb)	इच्छा रखना, चाहना	want, aim, seek, desire, wish, search	dislike/detest
4. Beguile(verb)	जी/मन बहलाना	charm, captivate, fascinate, enthrall	bore/discourage
5. Commend(verb)	प्रशंसा करना	extol, mention, admire, laud, praise	denigrate/criticize
6. Comply(noun)	पालन करना	fulfil, obey, follow, submit, conform	disobey/defy
7. Data(noun)	आँकड़ें	figures, statistics, records, information	information
8. Decisive(adj.)	निर्णायक	vital, important, crucial, influential	insignificant
9. Decline(verb)	अस्वीकार करना	reject, refuse, demur, turn down	accept/take
10. Environment(n)	वातावरण	surroundings, nature, atmosphere	foreground, limit
11. Extinct(adj.)	विलुप्त, मरा हुआ	destroyed, died out, wiped out	living/alive
12. Fabulous(adj.)	शानदार	great, wonderful, marvelous	dull/poor/dire
13. Futile(adj.)	बेकार, व्यर्थ	useless, vain, unsuccessful, ineffective	useful/helpful
14. Harmonious(a)	शांतिमय	affable, agreeable, cordial, friendly	hostile/unfriendly
15. Impartial(noun)	निष्पक्ष	unbiased, objective, independent, fair	biased/prejudiced
16. Procedure(n)	प्रक्रिया	route, formula, method, system	disorder/neglect
17. Process(noun)	प्रक्रिया, विकास	means, course, progression, manner	disorder/blur
18. Recline(verb)	लेट जाना, झुकना	sprawl, lie down, stretch out, lounge	stand/position
19. Submarine(a)	समुद्री, पानी के भीतर का	underwater, nautical, naval, oceanic	terrestrial, earthly
20. Subterranean(a)	भूमिगत	hollow, empty, gaping, cavernous	shallow/cramped

- My uncle has invented a new (procedure, **process**) for canning vegetables:
- The driver found the broken (**submarine**, subterranean) cable.
- What (**procedure**, process) must one follow to obtain a passport ?
- It was possible to enter the walled city by a (submarine, **subterranean**) passage.
- Early explorers told **fabulous** tales of the wonders of the New World.
- If you **aspire** to be an athlete, you must train conscientiously.
- We need more **data** before we can settle this difficult question.
- I should like to **commend** you for your excellent work.
- Most people **abhor** such evil practices, but very few make any effort to remedy them.
- Fish **abound** in some northern lakes.
- Our football team won a **decisive** victory yesterday.
- He retired to the peaceful **environment** of a country village.
- Since we never quarrel, ours is a **harmonious** household.
- I **decline** to answer that question.
- The patient managed to **beguile** the hours by doing crossword puzzles.
- A good referee should always be **impartial**.
- Naturalists fear that the whooping crane will soon be extinct there are only a few still in existence.
- I am glad to **comply** with his request for a recommendation.
- The boy was injured in a **futile** attempt to stop the runaway horse.
- The Greeks used to **recline** when eating their meals.

LESSON - 5

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Avert(verb)	रोकना, टालना	stop, happening, avoid, prevent	permit, allow
2. Indifferent(a)	उदासीन	uninterested, unresponsive, uncaring	concerned, ardent
3. Infer(verb)	अनुमान लगाना	gather, surmise, understand, deduce	confirm, fortify
4. Integrity(noun)	सत्यनिष्ठा, ईमानदारी	uprightness, honour, honesty, reliability	dishonest, deceit
5. Intrude(verb)	हस्तक्षेप करना	interfere, infringe, encroach, break in	obey, observe
6. Lavish(adj.)	फिजूल खर्ची	unrestrained, extravagant, wasteful	frugal, thrifty
7. Miniature(adj.)	छोटा	mini, little, minuscule, baby, minute	giant, heavy, huge
8. Notable(noun)	महत्वपूर्ण व्यक्ति	famous, distinguished, prominent	useless, insignificant,
9. Notorious(adj.)	कुख्यात	disrespectful, tarnished, dishonorable	famous, prominent
10. Nucleus(noun)	केन्द्र	heart, basis, center, core, nub, axis	edge, border
11. Potential(noun)	सम्भावित, संभावना	would be, possible, prospective	unlikely, dubious
12. Predecessor(n)	पूर्वज	precursor, forerunner, ancestor, before	successor, heir
13. Prestige(noun)	प्रतिष्ठा	esteem, kudos, cachet status, regard	impertinence
14. Protrude(verb)	बाहर निकालना	jut, overhand, stick out, extend beyond	limit, control
15. Resolute(noun)	अटल/दृढ़	determined, tenacious, unyielding	irresolute, weak
16. Sequence(n.)	अनुक्रम	progression, succession, chain, order	disarray, tangle
17. Simultaneous(a)	समकालीन, एक साथ हुआ	immediate, synchronized, concurrent,	different
18. Solicit(verb)	मांगना	ask for, request, beseech implore, seek	grant, allow
19. Textile(noun)	कपड़ा/वस्त्र	cloth, yarn, stuff, fabric	naturise, nude
20. Texture(noun)	संरचना/बुनावट)	surface, grain, quality, consistency	inconsistency,

- Don't let your arm (intrude, **protrude**) from the car when you are driving; it may confuse those behind.
- Many (notable, **notorious**) criminals have been confined in this prison.
- We are holding a meeting here; please do not (**intrude**, protrude).
- The worthy judge was a (**notable**, notorious) figure in our town for many years.
- The stamps you gave me formed the **sequence** of my collection.
- The boy made a **miniature** locomotive which runs well on tracks an inch wide.
- The bank manager is a man of **integrity** and can be fully trusted.
- For fear of lowering his **prestige** the oriental ruler would not mingle with his subjects.
- We had planned to **solicit** his help, but he is out of town.
- The accident was caused by the **simultaneous** arrival of the train and the car at the crossing.
- The races must be run off in their proper **nucleus**.
- The mother considers her son a **potential** genius.
- Am I to **infer** your remark that you do not like my cousin?
- A mixture of wool and cotton is used to make a durable and inexpensive **textile**.
- The new superintendent is better liked than his **predecessor**.
- If you are **resolute** in your-purpose, you will surely succeed.
- You should not be **indifferent** to the sufferings of others.
- In order to **avert** an epidemic, the Red Cross rushed medical supplies to the remote settlement.
- Do not be too **lavish** with your servings, or there will not be enough dessert for everyone.
- You can tell by the **texture** of this cloth that it will wear well.

LESSON - 6

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Acclaim(noun)	सम्मान, प्रशंसा	commendation, praise, applause, approval	disapproval
2. Accumulate(n.)	जमा होना	amass, hoard, mount up, collect build up	disperse/scatter
3. Advent(noun)	शुरूआत, आगमन	dawn, arrival, introduction, beginning, start	departure/exit
4. Assailant(noun)	हमलावर, आक्रमणकारी	attacker, criminal gangster, hooligan, goon	defender/protector
5. Denote(verb)	सूचित करना, बतलाना	imply, indicate, represent, symbolize	bugling, disprove
6. Dwindle(noun)	कम हो जाना	fall, indicate, lessen, fade, decrease, shrink	augment/boost
7. Foil(noun)	विफल कर देना	outwit, thwart, harm, halt, frustrate	encourage/help
8. Liable(noun)	उत्तरदायी	accountable, responsible, legally	free/unbound
9. Likely(adj.)	उपयुक्त	liable, apt, expected, prone, possible	unlikely doubtful
10. Partition(noun)	विभाजन	split, detachment, rift, division, separation	meeting/union
11. Petition(noun)	याचिका	beg, plead, ask for, application, request	disposal
12. Reclaim(noun)	कृषि योग्य बना देना सुधारना	get back, retrieve, regain, salvage, recover	lost/drop
13. Superficial(n.)	सपष्ट	unimportant, insignificant, trivial	profound/deep
14. Superfluous(n)	अनावश्यक	unnecessary, excessive, surplus, redundant	basic/short
15. Terminate(v.)	समाप्त करना	limit, cease, stop, halt, conclude, finish	start/begin/setup
16. Unanimous(n.)	सर्वसम्मत	undivided, decided, undisputed, common	divided/scattered
17. Violation(noun)	उल्लंघन	abuse, defiance, harm, breach, infringement	obey/compliance
18. Wanton(adj.)	चंचल	unprovoked, meaningless, unjustifiable	justifiable, humble
19. Wont(noun)	आदत, स्वभाव	custom, routine, norm, pattern, habit	unhabbituated
20. Zealous(Adj.)	उत्साह, जोशीले	keen, enthusiastic, fervent, ardent, excited	apathetic/dull

- There is only a thin, (**partition**, petition) between the two rooms.
- In many countries young men are (**liable**, likely) for military service.
- The taxpayers drew up a (**petition**, partition) listing their grievances.
- It is not (liable, **likely**) that he will object to the extra holiday.
- The pupils were **unanimous** in their decision to make him class president.
- Fill in all the cracks; then remove **superficial** putty with a knife.
- The **advent** of spring pleases young and old.
- The missionary was **zealous** in his efforts to educate the natives.
- There is a severe penalty for any **violation** of this regulation.
- The unruly crowd did a great deal of **superfluous** damage to the fence.
- I shall certainly **terminate** the agreement as soon as I can.
- According to his **wont** he took a walk in the evening.
- After the house had been closed for a few weeks, dust began to **accumulate** on the furniture.
- He was made king by popular **acclaim**.
- He was seriously hurt; his wounds were only **wanton**.
- The police were able to **foil** the gang by arresting the ringleaders.
- Their hopes of winning began to dwindle when their two best players were injured.
- The wings on his tunic **denote** that he is a pilot.
- When friends ran to his aid, his cowardly **assailant** beat a hasty retreat.
- The forest will soon reclaim this poor farmland, which should never have been cleared for cultivation.

LESSON - 7

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Comprehensive(a)	व्यापक/विस्तृत	broad, through, complete, widespread	sketchy/partial
2. Conjecture(n.)	अनुमान	assumption, guess, estimate, approximation	precision, reality
3. Defer(verb)	स्थगित करना, टालना	put off, put back, adjourn, suspend	continue, keep
4. Degrade(verb)	नष्ट होना	shame, disgrace, corrupt, humiliate, decay	respect/revere
5. Diminish(verb)	कम हो जाना, घटना	weaken, moderate, lessen, reduce, shrink	increase, rise
6. Enterprise(n.)	उद्यम/महान कार्य	undertaking, endeavour, activity, venture	immobility
7. Expedient(n.)	व्यवहारिक	method, means, measure, device, scheme	inappropriate
8. Forfeit(verb)	खो बैठना, जब्द	surrender, give up, sacrifice, part with, pay	save/retain
9. Geology(noun)	भूविज्ञान	the study of the rocks/soil found beneath earth	atmosphere
10. Grotesque(adj.)	बेतुका/विलक्षण	awful, bizarre, nasty, monstrous, grotesque	attractive/smart
11. Illustrious(adj.)	प्रख्यात/यशस्वी	well-know; famous, brilliant, memorable	ordinary/average
12. Impart(verb)	बताना, निष्पक्ष	teach, disclose, reveal, convey, pass on	conceal/mask
13. Ingenuity(n.)	विदग्धता पटुता	creativity, cunning, initiative, cleverness	Ineptness, Stupidity
14. Intrigue(n.)	साजिश	deception, manoeuvre, scheme, conspiracy	truthfulness, hate
15. Intrigue(verb)	आकर्षित करना	charm, attract, captivate, interest, fascinate	repel/disgust
16. Precede(verb)	के पहले आना	come first, pave the way, Pioneered, lead, head	follow/chase, Intervened
17. Proceed(v.)	आगे बढ़ना	continue, advance, progress, carry on	recede/stop
18. Singular(adj.)	असाधारण	remarkable, outstanding, extraordinary	ordinary/mundane
19. Surplice(n.)	पोशाक	apron, Garment, clothing, outfits, attire, dress	naked
20. Surplus(noun)	ज्यादा/अधिक	extra, spare, leftovers, remainder, glut	deficit/dearth
21. Theology(n.)	धर्मविज्ञान	religion, divinity, spirituality, holiness	wickedness/sin

- We were compelled to precede, **proceed**) to the next station.
- The clergyman put on his new (**surplice**, surplus).
- Did President Roosevelt (**precede**, proceed) President Truman in office ?
- After paying all expenses, we had a (surplice, **surplus**) of fifty dollars.
- Let me be the first to **impart** the good tidings.
- The marooned men had to adopt any **expedient** to make their food last.
- We read a **comprehensive** account of the world situation in that magazine.
- Unless you pay the balance before January 1, you will **forfeit** your deposit.
- It will require all your **ingenuity** to repair that old car.
- Trading with those Indians used to be a risky **enterprise**.
- The fishing fleet cannot put to sea until the winds **diminish** in velocity.
- Many **illustrious** men were once students at this school.
- Do not **degrade** yourself by associating with lawbreakers.
- Mining engineers should have a thorough knowledge of geology.
- We recognized the **grotesque** figures of the Seven Dwarf at the masquerade.
- The new government had to guard against **intrigue** and treachery.
- Because of the illness of the treasures, we had to **defer** the meeting until next week.
- A fall of snow in May is a **singular** occurrence on this continent.
- His statement that there will be 200 people at the concert is only **conjecture**.
- This author's mystery stories **intrigue** me greatly.

LESSON - 8

Word	Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Commodity(n.)	पदार्थ/माल	product, article of trade, things, service	wasted
2. Federal(adj.)	केन्द्र, राज्य संबंधी	centralized, nationalized, national, central	regional/local
3. Malady(noun)	रोग/बीमारी	difficulty, trouble, illness, problem	fitness/good health
4. Mature(adj.)	परिपक्व, पक्का हुआ	full grown, established, grown up, adult	immature
5. Mortality(n.)	मृत्यु दर, नश्वरता	transience, casualty, humanity, death rate	birth/breeding
6. Municipal(adj.)	नगर, नगरीय	town, civic, public, urban, metropolitan	rural/country
7. Posterity(n.)	भावी/पीढ़ियाँ	the people who will live after you are dead	ancestor, forebear
8. Prediction(n.)	अनुमान, भविष्यवाणी	guess, calculation, prophecy, insight	conviction/fervor
9. Prevail(verb)	राजी करना, जीत लेना	abound/induce, persuade, convince, reign	dissuade/deter
10. Prevalent(adj.)	चालू/प्रचलित	prevailing, rampant, dominant, common	rare/scarce
11. Prior(adj.)	पूर्ववर्ती	past, former, earlier, preceding, previous	subsequent/later
12. Provincial	प्रांतीय	district, native, area, home, religion, local	central/national
13. Respectable(adj.)	आदरणीय, मान्य	good, upright, decent, reputable	disrespectable
14. Respectful(adj.)	श्रद्धालू, आदरपूर्ण	civil, polite, reverential, deferential	impolite/rude
15. Respective(adj.)	अपना-अपना, निजी	particular, personal, individual, relevant	general/common
16. Significant(adj.)	महत्वपूर्ण	important, major, big, large, considerable	trivial/frivolous
17. Spurn(verb)	तुकराना, तिरस्कार करना	scorn, rebuff, despise, kick, disdain, snub	accept/consent
18. Stupendous(adj.)	आश्चर्यजनक	amazing, fantastic, Awesome, astonishing	plausible, minor
19. Supplant(verb)	स्थान या पद ग्रहण करना	succeed, unseat, supersede, replace	restore/reinstate
20. Token(noun)	संकेत, निशानी	indication, gesture, proof, voucher, symbol	Anxious

- Always be (respectable, **respectful**, respective) to your parents.
- You should wear (**respectable**, respectful, respective) clothes.
- Churchill and Roosevelt led their (respectable, respectful, **respective**) countries to victory.
- Your **prediction** that it would rain today proved to be correct.
- The leader of the revolt hoped to **supplant** the rightful ruler.
- We tried to buy the house, but found that the owner has accepted a **prior** offer.
- I believe I can **prevail** upon my father to lend me the car.
- In Canada there are ten **provincial** government.
- They gave the retiring president gold watch as a token of their esteem.
- He is a very independent boy and may spurn your offer of help.
- Coal and iron are commodity that few countries can do without.
- Review the significant events in history for the examination.
- A boy or girl of fourteen is not mature enough to have sound judgement on such questions.
- The federal government controls all radio broadcasting.
- As long as typhoid outbreaks are prevalent the soldiers must be inoculated.
- The old gentleman was suffering from a serious malady.
- It would be a **stupendous** task to build the fleet in so short a time.
- As health services improve, there is a decline in infant **mortality**.
- All **municipal** affairs are dealt with by the town council.
- Many famous authors were poor, but they left a wealth of literature to **posterity**.

LESSON - 9

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Acquit(verb) (दोष मुक्त करना)	find not guilty, set free, clear, exonerate	convict, sentence
2. Adhere(verb) (चिपकना, पालन करना)	hold, stay, remain, fasten, fix, stick	detach, separate
3. Adjacent(adj.) (निकटवर्ती, समीप का)	next to, adjoining, closest, neighboring	distant, far
4. Alleged (adj.) (तथाकथित, आरोपित)	meant, designed, expected, intended, aimed	accidental
5. Censure(noun) (निंदा)	contempt, condemnation, disapproval	approval, support
6. Census(noun) (जनगणना)	opinion, study, sample, survey, research	no antonym
7. Compunction(n.) (खेद/अफसोस)	quilt, hesitation, pause, qualm, reluctance	keenness, pleasure
8. Consistent(adj.) (तर्कयुक्त/संगत)	upright, faithful, reliable, trustworthy, honest	unreliable, dishonest
9. Consolidate(v) (मिलाना, ठोस होना)	strengthen, unite, combination, merge, fuse	split, divide, part
10. Controversy(n) (विवाद)	debate, dispute, argument, disagreement	agreement/union
11. Designate(noun) (मनोनीत करना)	assign, elect, choose, label, call, name	reject/deny
12. Disclose(verb) (उजागर करना, खोलना)	release, make known, divulge, unveil, reveal	conceal/hide
13. Distil(verb) (साफ करना, स्वच्छ करना)	clean, disinfect, sanitize, cleanse, purify	soil/contaminate
14. Emit(verb) (छोड़ना, निकालना)	discharge, emanate, release, produce	hold/seize/grip
15. Expire(verb) (खत्म करना)	perish, pass on, finish, conclude, terminate	start/begin
16. Faculty(noun) (क्षमता/योग्यता)	talent, skill, flair, aptitude, genius, ability	inability, Ineptness
17. Fundamental(a) (आधारभूत/मूल)	important, vital, ultimate, major, primary	superfluous, marginal
18. Incur (verb) (अपने ऊपर लेना)	suffer, meet with, invite, encounter, sustain	quit/spa/suspend
19. Instill (verb) (मन में बैठाना)	implant, infuse, encourage, inculcate, inspire	defuse/mollity
20. Remit (verb) (क्षमा करना, छोड़ना), भेजना	send, submit, forward, pass on, dispatch	receive/collect

- Our puppies (**emit**, remit) pitiful howls when locked outdoors.
- Since I did nothing wrong, I do not deserve your (**censure**, census)
- Kindly (emit, **remit**) payment for these articles.
- The population of our country has increased considerably since the last (censure, **census**) was taken.
- My friend and I are going to build houses on **adjacent** lots.
- Mr. Smith has an amazing **faculty** for remembering names.
- There is no doubt about the **fundamental** truth of your argument.
- The plaster will **adhere** more readily to rough surface.
- The **alleged** theft took place while we were away on vacation.
- I shall recommend for the scholarship the pupil you **designate** as outstanding.
- The School Board would like to **consolidate** the two small schools.
- If you do not wipe your shoes you will **incur** the wrath of the janitor (gate keeper).
- In order to be **consistent** I must not allow you more time than the others for your examination.
- We must try to **distil** some water for the car battery.
- I accepted the money without **compunction** because he could afford to pay me.
- The cabinet will **disclose** the results of the investigation next week.
- His term as secretary will **expire** in December.
- A **controversy** arose among the members concerning the choice of a new club-room.
- I expect the judge will **acquit** him of blame, since he was not responsible for the accident.
- The teacher tried to **instill** a love of literature in her pupils.

LESSON - 10

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Access(noun) (मार्ग/प्रवेश)	entrance, entry, right of entry, admission	exit, way out
2. Alternate(adj.) (एकान्तरक)	every other, every second, alternating	consecutive, successive
3. Alternative(a.) (वैकल्पिक)	option, replacement, stand in, substitute	the shame, fundamental
4. Confide(noun) (पर भरोसा करना)	bank on, rely on, give, commend, trust, entrust	distrust, keep
5. Confine(noun) (अन्दर रखना, सीमित)	curb, keep, lock up, jail, imprison, restrict	release, free
6. Excess(noun) (अधिकता/बहुलता)	glut, overload, surfeit, extra, dissipation	shortage, scarce
7. Initiative(n.) (पहल शक्ति)	attempt, endeavour, venture, enterprise	inaptness, silence
8. Legitimate(adj.) (वैद्य)	acceptable, logical, sensible, legal, lawful	unreasonable
9. Massive(adj.) (अतिविशाल/भारी)	gigantic, immense, very big, enormous, huge	tiny, compact, little
10. Merge(verb) (मिलाना)	join, fuse, amalgamate, mix, unite, combine	separate, split
11. Mutual(adj.) (पारस्परिक)	common, reciprocal, united, shared, joint	individual, solo
12. Nutritious(adj.) (पौष्टिक)	wholesome, healthy, nourishing	unhealthy, harmful
13. Phase(noun) (अवस्था/दशा)	chapter, point, segment, time, part, period, stage	bad time
14. Random(adj.) (बेतरतीब, सहसा उत्पन्न)	unsystematic, indiscriminate, senseless	deliberate, sensible
15. Ravage(verb) (तबाह करना, उजाड़ना)	wreck, damage, plunder, destroy, devastate	protect/save
16. Remorse(noun) (पश्चाताप)	repentance, guilt, shame, distress, sorrow	pride, joy, peace
17. Rustic(adj.) (देहाती)	bucolic, green, like, village, rustic, pastoral	urban, town
18. Sombre(adj.) (अंधकारपूर्ण)	serious, sad, solemn, dark, grave, gloomy	cheerful/bright
19. Thrifty(adj.) (किफायती, कमखर्च)	prudent, cautious, careful, economical	spendthrift, rich
20. Wane(verb) (कम हो जाना, घटना)	diminish, fade, decrease, decline, vanish	increase/grow

- His wages were seldom in (access, **excess**) of his needs.
- You must send them a telegram; you have no (alternate, **alternative**)
- You can gain (**access**, excess) to the house through the cellar window.
- We have arranged for music lessons on (**alternate**, alternative) Saturdays.
- This picture shows the next **phase** in the development of the tadpole.
- The two countries came to a mutual agreement with regard to the toll charges on the international bridge
- I have bought a house in the country, where I enjoy my **rustic** surroundings.
- The audience's interest will **wane** unless we shorten the programme.
- The new grandstand is a **massive** structure.
- A **thrifty** housewife never wastes food.
- Choose your committee members with care; do not make a **random** choice.
- Many people in Asia suffer from lack of **nutritious** food.
- The Captain's **initiative** and courage made him a hero to his men.
- I promise to keep your secret; you may **confide** in me.
- If the culprit had shown any **remorse** we would have felt some pity for him.
- It would be better to **merge** those two classes, since they are so small.
- You will be scolded for being late, unless you have a **legitimate** excuse.
- The brigands will **ravage** the unprotected town.
- The party set forth under **sombre** skies, with rain threatening.
- We do not like to **confine** a dog to this small yard.

LESSON - 11

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Aloof(adverb) (दूर/अलग)	remote, isolated, distant, lonely, detached	close/near
2. Annals(noun) (इतिहास)	chronicles, account, records, history	storyless
3. Appease(verb) (संतुष्ट करना)	fulfill, ease, calm, soothe, please, satisfy	displease/neglect
4. Ascent(noun) (आरोहण/चढ़ाव)	hike, trek, clamber, ramble, scramble, rise	descent/fall
5. Assent(noun) (सहमति/मंजूरी)	concurrence, approval, agreement, consent	disagreement
6. Casual(adj.) (आकस्मिक)	chanced, unofficial, careless, sporty, informal	formal/serious
7. Confront(verb) (का सामना करना)	to face, tackle, deal with, meet brazen out, defy	avoid/avert
8. Conservation(n) (संरक्षण करना)	safety, preservation, maintenance, protection	destruction/ruin
9. Dispense(verb) (वितरण करना, बाँटना)	bestow, provide, supply, deliver, distribute	take/procure
10. Disperse(verb) (तितर-बितर होना)	go away, dissolve, disband, diffuse, scatter	gather/stay
11. Invert(verb) (उलटा करना)	overturn, upturn, upset, reverse	right/support
12. Revert(verb) (पर लौटना)	go back, reposition, slip back, move, shift	leave/abandon
13. Subside(verb) (कम हो जाना)	recede, become less, diminish, decrease	increase, rise
14. Successive(adj.) (क्रमिक/निरंतर)	uninterrupted, continuous, consecutive	alternate/sporadic
15. Sumptuous(adj.) (कीमती)	splendid, superb, grand, lavish, luxurious	meager/paltry
16. Sundry(adj.) (विविध)	various, different, varied, miscellaneous	similar/limited
17. Suppress(verb) (दबाना/रोकना)	defeat, control, tame, subdue, overpower	submit/tender
18. Thrive(noun) (फलना-फूलना)	prosper, increase, develop, bloom, flourish	deteriorate, fade
19. Voluntary(adj.) (ऐच्छिक)	altruistic, kindly, generous, liberal, charitable	professional
20. Wary(adj.) (चौकन्ना/सतर्क)	vigilant, chary, careful, guarded, cautious	oblivious

- We began the (**ascent**, assent) of the mountain in clear weather.
- We are travel by canoe; we must (**dispense**, disperse) with all unnecessary baggage.
- I refuse to give my (ascent, **assent**) to such an unreasonable request.
- As soon as the game is over, the crowd will (dispense, **disperse**)
- A chocolate bar will **appease** my hunger for the time being.
- It was only through the **casual** remark of a friend that I heard of your promotion.
- He will have to admit his guilt, when they **confront** him with the evidence.
- The doctor believes the swelling will **subside** by by tomorrow.
- We had rain last week on four **successive** days.
- Now a days army officers seldom hold themselves **aloof** from their men.
- The dog is not likely to **thrive** on diet of bread and water.
- It is difficult to shoot the **wary** crow.
- The building of the church was made possible by the **voluntary** contributions of its members.
- Since the roads are bad, we shall have to **revert** to our former plan to travel by train.
- The governor sent a large force to **suppress** the uprising.
- The drawer contained **sundry** garments; there were at least twenty different items.
- I can find no record of the battle, although I have studied the **annals** of the district.
- He treated us to a **sumptuous** meal at an expensive hotel.
- The **conservation** of our forests is an urgent problem.
- The Red cross will **disperse** food or clothing to those in need.
- You must **invert** the bottle and allow it to drain.

LESSON - 12

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Contemplate(verb) (चिन्तन करना)	think of, intend, plan, ponder, consider	happy
2. Counterfeit(adj.) (नकली/जाली)	bogus, phony, sham, bad, illegal, forged	genuine/legal
3. Defective(adj.) (खराब)	flaws, substandard, imperfect, demerit, faulty	perfect/faultless
4. Demeanor(n.) (व्यवहार/आचरण)	bearing, expression, attitude, behaviour, air	characterless
5. Denounce(noun) (पर दोषारोपण करना)	criticize, charge, betray, blame, condemn	support/acquit
6. Deplore(verb) (पर खेद प्रकट करना)	be sorry for, bewail, rue, regret, lament	commend, extol
7. Destitute(adj.) (निःसहाय)	penniless, insolvent, deprived, bankrupt	solvent/rich
8. Discern(verb) (देख लेना)	detect, understand, see, perceive, observe	miss/escape
9. Dominate(verb) (पर शासन करना)	govern, lead, dictate, command, rule, control	obey/follow
10. Ensnare(verb) (पीछा करना)	understand, comprehend, confirm, former	later, ignore
11. Entice(verb) (लुभाना/फुसलाना)	beguile, tempt, attract, charm, allure, persuade	dissuade/deter
12. Evolve(verb) (विकसित करना)	progress, advance, rise, increase, develop	contract/regress
13. Feign(verb) (का बहाना करना)	simulate, copy, fake, invent, imitate, pretend	cleaver
14. Founder(verb) (गिर पड़ना, असफल होना)	disappoint, misfire, crash, flop, breakdown	succeed/work
15. Implore(verb) (प्रार्थना करना)	entreat, pray, beg, plead, beseech, request	grant/permit
16. Indispensable(a) (अनिवार्य)	necessary, essential, beneficial, vital, crucial	dispensable
17. Insignificant(a) (कम महत्व का)	minor, trifling, trivial, irrelevant, immaterial	significant/vital
18. Modification(n) (बदलाव, सुधार)	adjustment, variation, change, tuning	preservation
19. Renounce(v.) (छोड़ देना)	give up, relinquish, abandon, refuse, leave	accept/receive
20. Revolve (verb) (चक्कर लगाना, घूमना)	turn, spin, gyrate, turn around, move, rotate	still, dispel

- All naturalists (**deplore**, implore) the gradual disappearance of the whooping crane.
- Since the people want a republic, he will (denounce, **renounce**) his claim to the throne.
- I (deplore, **implore**) you not to drive so recklessly.
- It is my duty to (**denounce**, renounce) you as a traitor.
- We could **discern** the dim outline of a freighter through the fog.
- We took the boats, because we feared that ship would **founder**.
- The Sirens were sea-nymphs who sang sweetly to Ulysses and his men to **dominate** then to their death.
- The police discovered that he was making **counterfeit** money in his workshop.
- Let us not waste time on **insignificant** matters; there are important decisions to be made.
- You could tell by his sly **demeanour** that his intentions were evil.
- He paused for a moment to **contemplate** the scene before him.
- The eldest of the children tried to **entice** her brothers when her parents were away.
- The architect had to make one slight **modification** in his plans.
- Galileo is thought to be the first to state publicly that the sun does not **revolve** around the earth.
- When there is work to be done, she sometimes **feign** illness.
- Hundreds of families were left **destitute** by the floods.
- If you paid more attention to your diet, better health would undoubtedly **evolve**.
- The brakes on your car are **indispensable**; have them attended to.
- You will find a good rubber ground-sheet **denounce** when sleeping outdoors.
- We shall try to **ensure** some scheme for raising funds.

LESSON - 13

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Allusion(noun) (संकेत/इशारा)	quotation, hint, insinuation, citation	blindly
2. Antagonize(v.) (विरोध करना)	rile, disturb, provoke, irritate, vex, annoy	please/placate
3. Audible(adj.) (सुनने योग्य)	detectable, perceptible, fair, clear, discernible	inaudible/muted
4. Edible(adj.) (खाने योग्य)	ripe, safe to eat, fit to be eaten, healthy	poisonous/toxic
5. Illusion(n.) (भ्रम/धोखा)	false impression, delusion, misapprehension	reality/truth
6. Mute(adj.) (चुप/शांत)	voiceless, taciturn, unspeaking, quiet, silent	noisy/talkative
7. Negotiate(noun) (बातचीत/वार्ता)	settle, collaborate, bargain, parley, discuss	differ/hinder
8. Observance(n.) (रिवाज/प्रथा)	routine, habit, tradition, practice, custom	innovation, sadness
9. Observation(n.) (अवलोकन/प्रेक्षण)	inspection, watching, scrutiny, surveillance	negligence laxity
10. Perplexity(n.) (पेरेशानी, घबराहट)	bafflement, puzzlement, bewilderment	understanding
11. Precincts(n.) (हद, सीमा)	area, boundaries, vicinity, surroundings	free
12. Prone(adj.) (झुका होना)	captivated, accustomed, habituated	unaccustomed
13. Regime(n.) (शासन, प्रशासन)	rule, establishment, system, government	disorganization
14. Rue(verb) (पछताना, विलाप कर)	Grieve, over, apologize, mourn, regret, lament	celebrate/rejoice
15. Sever(verb) (तोड़ना)	chop off, slice off, amputate, lop off, cut off	untie/attach/join]
16. Sinister(adj.) (डरावना)	ominous, threatening, menacing, disturbing	friendly/homely
17. Substantial(adj.) (पर्याप्त/इच्छी मात्रा में)	extensive, ample, sufficient, considerable	little/insufficient
18. Surpass(verb) (बढ़कर/श्रेष्ठ होना)	beat, exceed, go beyond, out do, outstrip	follow/trail
19. Vogue(noun) (चलन/फैशन)	trend, fad, craze, fashion, mode, style, rage	unruly
20. Wrest(verb) (छीन लेना)	ring, extort, extract, seize, obtain, snatch	give/handover

- Please tell us story to which you made an (**allusion**, illusion) just now.
- She rebuked the child in an (**audible**, edible) whisper.
- He thought he could see a lake in the distance but it was only an optical (allusion, **illusion**)
- The trees on the island bore large quantities of (audible, **edible**) fruit.
- Long skirts and large hats were in **vogue** in the Gay Nineties.
- The early Canadian fur trade developed under the French **regime**.
- Can anything **prone** the diamond as a cutting-tool?
- I had lost my way, and the darkness added to my **perplexity**
- Drive carefully within the **precincts** of the school.
- That young man is **audible** to exaggerate his accomplishments.
- I am not very hungry; I had a **edible** meal at noon.
- It was courageous of him to **wrest** the weapon from the burglar's hand.
- I fear you will **rue** the day you befriended him.
- On closer **observation** he detected a crack in the main support of the bridge.
- The wreckage of the plane was **substantial** evidence of the tragedy.
- An official was sent to **negotiate** a trade agreement with the neighbouring country.
- If he does not stop boasting, he will **antagonize** all his friends.
- He had the **sinister** look of a hardened criminal.
- He intends to **sever** his connection with our firm.
- Watching the goldfish, the child lay **mute** at the edge of the pool.

LESSON - 14

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Alluring(adj.) (मोहक, आकर्षक)	tempting, fascinating, attractive, appealing	unattractive, ugly
2. Apt(adj.) (संगत/उपयुक्त)	right, proper, suitable, appropriate	irrelevant/wrong
3. Ascertain(v.) (पता लगाना)	discover, learn, reveal, find out, determine	conceal/hide
4. Civic(adj.) (नगर का, नागरिक)	municipal, community, public, local, society	individual, secret
5. Complex(adj.) (जटिल)	obscure, difficult, complicated, intricate	simple/easy
6. Dire(adj.) (भयानक, गंभीर)	critical, severe, extreme, acute, grave, serious	minor/slight
7. Ecstasy(n.) (उल्लास/आनन्द)	delight, bliss, thrill, pleasure, joy, excitement	agony/displeasure
8. Era(n.) (युग/काल)	chapter, epoch, time, phase, segment, period	moment, short period
9. Formality(n.) (औपचारिकता, शिष्टाचार)	sacrament, observance, ceremony, custom	informality
10. Grievous(adj.) (कष्टदायक/गहरा)	severe, terrible, acute, sharp, grave, serious	slight/gentle
11. Haggard(adj.) (दुबला-पतला)	tired, fatigued, worn, faded, exhausted	fresh/energetic
12. Havoc(n.) (तबाही, विनाश)	mess, confusion, din, disorder, mayhem	harmony/peace
13. Memorable(n.) (स्मरणीय)	brilliant, excellent, impression, unforgettable	forgettable/dull
14. Memorial(n.) (यादगार)	homage, commemorative, tribute, monument	dishonor, disgrace
15. Partake(v.) (खाना)	eat, dine, gobble, take, have, suck, consume	give
16. Partake(v.) (भाग लेना)	join, contribute, share, chip in play, take part	leave/depart
17. Sceptre(n.) (राजदण्ड, राजाधिकार)	stick, switch, staff, rod, mace, baton, club	no antonym
18. Spectacular(adj.) (भव्य/शानदार)	impressive, brilliant, amazing, marvelous	dull/boring
19. Spectre(n.) (भूत/प्रेत)	vision, spirit, apparition, phantom, image	reality
20. Universally(adj.) (सर्वत्र/सभी के द्वारा)	unanimously, collectively, commonly	narrowly, scarcely

- Scrooge was visited by the (sceptre, **spectre**) of his dead partner.
- Let us invite all the newcomers to (partake, **participate**) in the game.
- The old king sat on his throne, his (**sceptre**, spectre) in his hand.
- We were pleased to (**partake**, participate) of their simple meal.
- I find the prospect of a holiday by the sea very **alluring**.
- The work of the Red Cross is **universally** known.
- The fox created **havoc** in the chicken-house.
- The speaker used many **apt** quotations from Shakespeare.
- A fall from the roof of the shed might do the child **grievous** harm.
- In this **era** of speed, one can breakfast in Toronto and dine in Los Angeles the same day.
- People in small towns often take a keen interest in **civic** affairs.
- Have you ever experienced the **ecstasy** of bathing in the cool waters of this lake?
- It is a **complex** problem which cannot be easily solved.
- An oak tree was planted as **memorial** to the town's first settler.
- When they found the lost child, he was both **haggard** and frightened.
- The mayor opened the new hospital with much **formality**.
- On your visit try to **ascertain** the facts concerning his good fortune.
- Last night we saw a **spectacular** display of fireworks.
- When the dam burst, the town was in **dire** peril.
- It was indeed a **memorable** day when peace was declared.

LESSON - 15

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonyml.
1. Defect(noun) (खराबी, दोष)	fault, imperfection, flaw, failing, shortcoming	perfection/aptness
2. Deficiency(n.) (अभाव/कमी)	dearth, deficit, lack, paucity, shortage	excess/surplus
3. Identify(verb) (पहचानना)	distinguish, set apart, discover, recognize	camouflage, confuse
4. Imposing(adj.) (शानदार, प्रभावशाली)	impressive, commanding, magnificent	ordinary/normal
5. Initial(adj.) (प्रारंभिक/शुरूआती)	opening, starting, beginning, primary	final/last
6. Inspire(verb) (हौसला बढ़ाना)	encourage, arouse, stir, motivate, move	discourage, depress
7. Literacy(adj.) (अक्षर-अक्षर, साक्षरता)	accurately, lucidity perfectly, proficiency	Ignorance illiteracy
8. Magnitude(n) (महत्ता/आकार, परिणाम)	significance, enormity, weight, importance	triviality/lightness
9. Manifest(verb) (दिखलाना, साबित करना)	display, reveal, exhibit, point, demonstrate	hide/conceal
10. Metropolis(n) (राजधानी)	conurbation, capital, town, city, municipality	rural/countryside
11. Placid(adj.) (शांत योग्य, सौम्य)	serene, tranquil, quiet, calm, peaceful, cool	excited/disordered
12. Prodigious(adj.) (असाधारण)	exceptional, extraordinary, unusual, abnormal	usual/common
13. Prowess(noun) (वीरता, कौशल)	dexterity, expertise, proficiency, skill, ability	inability//failure
14. Restriction(n.) (प्रतिबंध/नियंत्रण)	control, limit, constraint, ceiling, restraint	freedom/liberty
15. Rite(noun) (धार्मिक रिवाज)	tradition, custom, ceremony, sacrament	divorce
16. Sanctuary(n) (अभयारण्य)	shelter, retreat, protection, asylum, refuge	Irreverence, sacrilege
17. Stable(adj.) (स्थिर/संतुलित)	calm, steady, firm, even, constant, settled	fluctuating
18. Staple(adj.) (मुख्य प्रधान)	principal, basic, primary, essential, chief	secondary/minor
19. Triumphal(adj.) (विजयमान, विजय संबंधी)	massive, imposing, magnificent, winning	insignificant
20. Triumphant(adj.) (विजयी)	champion, victorious, successful, unbeaten	defeated

- David was (triumphal, **triumphant**) in his fight with Goliath.
- It is useless to plan a picnic until the weather become more (**stable**, staple)
- Napoleon made a (**triumphal**, triumphant) entry into Paris.
- Fish is a (stable, **staple**) food of the Eskimos.
- The discovery of oil soon changed the town into a busy **metropolis**.
- Do you realize the **magnitude** of the task which confronts us ?
- Samson performed many **prowess** feats of strength.
- The general was able to **inspire** his troops by his brave words.
- I am far too excitable; I had you **placid** disposition.
- Mounted on a splendid horse, the prince was a **prodigious** figure.
- The **initial** performance of the play was better than those that followed.
- It is best not to translate a foreign language too **literally**.
- The native priests were performing solemn **rite** of worship.
- Those people had poor teeth because of a **deficiency** in their diet.
- The angry citizen was asked by the principal to **identify** the boy who had broken his window.
- He set aside his large property as a bird **sanctuary**.
- Unless you **manifest** a greater desire to improve, we shall, replace you on the team.
- There ought to be some **restriction** on travelling in the forest in dry weather.
- Let me congratulate you on your **triumphal** in athletics.
- The plane went off course on account of a **defect** in its compass.

LESSON - 16

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Accord(noun) (समझौता)	settlement, truce, agreement, pact, deal, treaty	disagreement
2. Accordance(n.) (के अनुसार)	concurrence, harmony, accord, conformity	difference
3. Adversary(n.) (विरोधी/शत्रु)	rival, enemy, foe, opponent, antagonist	ally/friend
4. Aggressive(adj.) (आक्रमणशील)	rival, foe, enemy, antagonist, opponent	friendly/affable
5. Anecdote(n.) (किससा/चुटकुला)	forceful, violent, destructive, insistent	truth, memorial
6. Antidote(noun) (मारक/दवा)	solution, treatment, medicine, remedy, cure	poison/venom
7. Apprehend(v.) (गिरफ्तार करना, पकड़ना)	detain, arrest, catch, pick up, stop, seize	release/free
8. Augment(verb) (बढ़ाना/वृद्धि करना)	enlarge, expand, enhance, supplement	diminish/damage
9. Authorize(verb) (अधिकार देना)	sanction, empower, permit, allow, approve	forbid/disagree
10. Azure(adj.) (आसमानी)	reasonably, moderately, rather, relatively	absolutely
11. Comparatively(a) (अनुकूल)	genial, pleasant, affable, friendly, amiable	unfriendly
12. Congenial(adj.) (सुखद, सौहार्दपूर्ण)	cobalt, navy, indigo, cerulean, sapphire, blue	neutral, achromatic
13. Contrive(verb) (उपाय निकालना)	fix, plot, engineer, arrange, scheme, intend	cancel/call off
14. Progressive(a.) (प्रगतिशील/प्रगामी)	advancing, enterprising, successive	dull/dead/boring
15. Scoff(verb) (उपहास करना)	jeer, sneer, laugh at, ridicule, mock	applaud/respect
16. Sojourn(noun) (ठहराव, अस्थायी निवास)	halt, break, rest, stay, pause, stopover, halt	prolongation
17. Surmount(verb) (पर विजयी पाना)	defeat, get-through, conquer, overcome	fail/lose
18. Temperate(adj.) (संयमी, संयमित)	moderate, mild, calm, compound, cold, quiet	noisy/extreme
19. Traditional(adj.) (परंपरागत)	conventional, fixed, inflexible, customary	flexible/moderate
20. Ultimate(adj.) (अंतिम/आखिरी)	vital, decisive, critical, vital, last, final	first/initial

- In (accord, **accordance**) with the rule of the Association, only those members who had their dues were allowed to vote at the election.
- He always begins a speech with an amusing (**anecdote**, antidote).
- With one (**accord**, accordance) they rose and left the meeting.
- The scientist developed in (anecdote, **antidote**) for the poison.
- He wishes to **augment** his wages by working in the evenings.
- The doctor advised him to live in more **temperate** climate.
- The bedroom drapes were of **traditional** taffeta and the bedspread of a dainty pink material.
- I hope that my **sojourn** abroad will be short.
- The speaker was so enthusiastic that those who came to **scoff** stayed to cheer.
- A vacation is more enjoyable if one is with **congenial** companions.
- The **ultimate** success of the scheme depends on the initiative of our leaders.
- Do not use the family car unless your father **authorize** it.
- If you can **apprehend** this difficulty, the rest of the work will be easy.
- The most **adversary** hen in the flock gets more than her share of food.
- I find mathematics difficult, but language **comparatively** easy.
- The **anecdote** Santa Claus is plump and jolly.
- In any game he plays, Jones is more of a **aggressive** than an opponent; he seems actively hostile.
- The police was able to **surmount** the escaped prisoner without difficulty.
- We must **contrive** to relieve our parents of this worry.
- Some farmers in this district are not **progressive** enough to adopt up-to-date methods.

LESSON - 17

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Colossal(adj.) (विशाल/भव्य)	immense, gigantic, enormous, massive, huge	small/little/tiny
2. Contraction(n.) (सिकुड़न, संकुचन)	narrowing, retrenchment, tightening	expansion
3. Copyright(n.) (प्रकाशनाधिकार)	rights, grant, document, exclusive, patent	sharing
4. Degenerate(v.) (क्षय होना)	sink, slip, collapse, fall, worsen, deteriorate	improve/develop
5. Dependent(n.) (आश्रित, निर्भर करना)	reliant, deprived, disadvantaged, needy	independent/rich
6. Destined(adj.) (नियत वाला)	fated, certain, meant, intended	uncertain
7. Diffuse(verb) (फैलाना)	scatter, disseminate, distribute, spread	concentrate
8. Disposition(n.) (स्वभाव)	temper, outlook, temperament, character	antipathy, reprieve
9. Exalted(adj.) (उच्च/उन्नत)	glorious, dignified, elevated, superior, lofty	low/dull/soft
10. Expansion(n.) (प्रसार/विस्तार)	development, expansion, increase, growth	contraction
11. Expend (verb) (उत्सर्जन करना)	apply, disburse, waste, exercise, burn up	save/conserve
12. Facilitate(verb) (सरल बनाना)	assist, make, possible, relieve, help, ease, aid	worsen/impair
13. Knell(noun) (घण्टानाद, समाप्ति)	ring sounds bell, summon, call	silence
14. Knoll(noun) (टीला/ऊँचाई)	hill, mound, hillock, hummock, for, rise	valley/basin/dell
15. Loath(adj.) (अनिच्छुक, नफरत करना)	unwilling, wary, reluctant, against, averse	eager/keen
16. Loathe(verb) (नफरत करना)	despise, abominate, abhor, dislike, detest	adore/love/like
17. Mar(verb) (बिगाड़ना, दुषित करना)	tarnish, destroy, shatter, spoil, damage, ruin	build/preserve
18. Obscure(adj.) (अंधकारमय, कठिनार्थ)	little known, dark, unseen, strange, dim	known/common
19. Prudent(adj.) (समझदारी, बुद्धिमान)	cautious, sensible, wise, practical, alert	careless/reckless
20. Virtual(adj.) (वास्तविक)	working, operating, active, effective	actual/real

- The emancipation proclamation sounded the (**knell**, knoll) of slavery in the United States.
- Most People (loath, **loathe**) snakes.
- Standing of that (knell, **knoll**) you can see for almost mile.
- He was extremely (**loath**, loathe) to set out in such bad weather.
- A good stove will **diffuse** heat throughout the whole auditorium.
- The baseball and bat were found in a **obscure** corner of the attic.
- In order to **facilitate** the distribution of the prizes, the winners names were called in alphabetical order.
- The scientist stated that white men often **degenerate** after years of living in the tropics.
- We hope rain will not **mar** the civic celebration.
- Before our school produces the play, we must secure permission from the owner of the **copyright**.
- It is **prudent** to look for submerged logs or rocks before diving in an unfamiliar place.
- Robert's parents thought that he was **destined** to become an engineer, but he failed badly in mathematics.
- There is always some **expansion** in a piece of metal when it is heated.
- As the metal cools **contraction** takes place.
- If you **expend** so much energy on athletics, you will be too tired to study.
- His kindly **disposition** won him many friends.
- It must have taken years to build a dam of such **colossal** size.
- That man has an **exalted** opinion of his own importance.
- Permission to cross the border was granted by the dictator's son, who is now **virtual** ruler.
- With more than one **dependent** to support, the poor man has difficulty in making ends meet

LESSON - 18

Word/Meaning	Synonym	Antonym
1. Adapt(verb) (अनुकूलन)	adjust, modify, alter, change, bend, amend	leave/abandon
2. Appropriate(a) (उपयुक्त/उचित)	apt, proper, correct, right, suited, fitting	inappropriate
3. Aqueduct(n.) (जलसेतु, नहर)	tube, inland, waterway, drain, canal, conduit	no antonym
4. Awe(noun) (भय/श्रद्धा)	dread, respect, reverence, fright, fear, terror	contempt/scorn
5. Civil(adj.) (सभ्य, राजनैतिक)	community, courteous, gracious, polite	individual/rude
6. Comprise(verb) (में शामिल करना)	contain, involve, encompass, settle	exclude/bar
7. Compromise(v.) (समझौता करना)	negotiate, concede, cooperate, settle	confrontation
8. Distort(verb) (तोड़-मरोड़ करना)	disfigure, alter, twist, deform	straighten
9. Diversion(noun) (मनोरंजन)	recreation, amusement, entertainment, pastime	boredom
10. Equivalent(adj.) (समान/बराबर)	comparable, same, corresponding, similar	different/unlike
11. Flaw(noun) (दोष, कमजोरी)	mistake, fault, imperfection, blot, defect	correctness
12. Forlorn(adj.) (अनाथ, अकेला)	deserted, forsaken, desolate, abandoned	safe/protected
13. Foster(verb) (प्रोत्साहित करना, पालना)	develop, promote, nurture, inculcate, cherish	discourage
14. Scan(verb) (अवलोकन करना, देखी करना)	glance at, scrutinize, inspect, examine, check	disprove/refute
15. Servile(adj.) (जी हुजूरिया, गुलामी करना)	meeek, timid, slave like, submissive, passive	arrogant/bold
16. Stimulant(n.) (प्रेरक/उत्तेजक)	boost, energizer, stimulant, refreshment	hindrance
17. Stimulus(noun) (प्रेरणा, प्रोत्साहन)	motivation, spur, encouragement, incentive	awkwardness
18. Suffice(verb) (काफी होना, संतुष्ट करना)	be enough, be adequate, do, be sufficient	displease
19. Viaduct(noun) (सेतु/पुल, मार्ग सेतु)	overpass, bridge, conduit, channel, pass	

- He will do better work under the (stimulant, **stimulus**) of praise.
- A steady stream of motor traffic comes into the city by way of the (aqueduct, **viaduct**)
- The doctor gave his patient a (**stimulant**, stimulus) to revive him.
- This large (**aqueduct**, viaduct) was built to provide the city of Rome with water.
- Instead of paying me wages, he gives me the **equivalent** amount in farm produce.
- The captain will **scan** the shoreline through his telescope.
- It is only common courtesy to be **servile** to strangers.
- After their mother died, the children were sad and **furlorn**.
- I was able to buy the coat at a reduction, on account of a **flaw** in the material.
- They should soon **adapt** themselves to their new surroundings.
- Our party will **comprise** three botanists, a guide and a cook.
- After leaving the Army, he worked for thirty years in the **civil** service.
- When we were young, we stood in **awe** of our grand-father.
- Early kings expected **stimulant** obedience from their subjects.
- The teacher **foster** an interest in current topics by posting important items on the bulletin board.
- We have studied for several hours; a game of football will be a welcome **diversion**.
- He is not deliberately untruthful, but he often **distort** the facts.
- It is better to **compromise** than to continue the dispute any longer.
- A verbal agreement will not **suffice** we must have a written contract.
- Since our guest is from France, would it not be **appropriate** to sing the "Marsellaise"?

SYNONYMS

SET-1

WHAT ARE SYNONYMS?

Ans: Words with nearly the same meaning but used differently are called synonyms.

1. Sheath- आवरण या खोल
 - (a) Weapon - हथियार
 - (b) Hide - छिपाना
 - (c) Encourage- प्रोत्साहित करना
 - (d) **Coat- आवरण या खोल**
2. Haste- शीघ्रता, जल्दी
 - (a) **Soon - शीघ्रता, जल्दी**
 - (b) Eventually - अंत में
 - (c) Later- बाद में
 - (d) Never- कभी नहीं
3. Redemption- प्रतिदान
 - (a) Forfeit- जब्ती
 - (b) Atonement- क्षतीपूर्ती
 - (c) **Retribution- प्रतिदान**
 - (d) Penalty- दंड या सजा
4. Consensus- सामंजस्य
 - (a) Cacophony- कोलाहल
 - (b) **Harmony- सामंजस्य**
 - (c) Tumult - कोलाहल
 - (d) Clamour- कोलाहल
5. Perusal - अवलोकन या अध्ययन
 - (a) **Inspection - अवलोकन या निरीक्षण**
 - (b) Delinquency- अपराध
 - (c) Inconsideration- विचारहीनता
 - (d) Laxity- ढीलापन
6. Snarl- गरजना
 - (a) **Growl- गरजना**
 - (b) Empathy- सहानुभूति
 - (c) Accord- सहमत होना
 - (d) Amity- दोस्ती
7. Succulent- आकर्षक
 - (a) Torrid- कठिन
 - (b) **Luscious- आकर्षक**
 - (c) Arid- शुष्क
 - (d) Bare- प्रकट करना
8. Ascetic- योगी या तपस्वी
 - (a) Spree- उछल-कूद करना
 - (b) **Austere- योगी या तपस्वी**
 - (c) Bacchanal- शराबी
 - (d) Binge- ज्यादा खाना
9. Antithesis- प्रतिवादी
 - (a) **Contradictory- प्रतिवादी**
 - (b) Harmony - सामंजस्य
 - (c) Affinity- बन्धुत्व
 - (d) Analogy- अनुरूपता
10. To lash- फटकारना या अनुशासन करना
 - (a) To endear- प्यार करना
 - (b) To fondle- लाड-प्यार करना
 - (c) **To chastise- फटकारना या अनुशासन करना**
 - (d) To snuggle- सट कर लेटना
11. To subsume- शामिल करना
 - (a) To bate- बताना
 - (b) To obviate- निकलना
 - (c) To preclude- प्रतिबन्धित करना
 - (d) **To incorporate- शामिल करना**
12. Splinter- खपच्ची
 - (a) Stub- टुकड़ा
 - (b) Share- हिस्सा
 - (c) **Chip- खपच्ची**
 - (d) Friction- घर्षण
13. Spartan- संयमी व्यक्ति/निर्भीक
 - (a) Garish - दिखावटी
 - (b) Forgiven- माफ करना
 - (c) Civilized - शिक्षित
 - (d) **Brave- बहादुर / निर्भीक**
14. Probable- सम्भाव्य
 - (a) Futile- निरर्थक
 - (b) **Plausible- सम्भाव्य**
 - (c) Absurd- असंगत
 - (d) Preposterous- निरर्थक
15. Sinister- कपटी, बेईमान
 - (a) **Malevolent- कपटी, बेईमान**
 - (b) Magnanimous- उदार चरित्र
 - (c) Auspicious- शुभ, अनुकूल
 - (d) Benevolent- कृपालु

16. Privation- कठिनाई
 (a) **Hardship- कठिनाई**
 (b) Abundance- प्रचुर
 (c) Private- व्यक्तिगत
 (d) Luxury- आराम, विलास
17. Carnage- हत्याकाण्ड
 (a) Accord- मिलाना
 (b) **Butchery- हत्याकाण्ड**
 (c) Concord- मेल खाना
 (d) Cessation- अंत
18. Incinerate- जलाना
 (a) Parch- भूनना
 (b) Moderate- मध्यम/कम करना
 (c) **Ignite- जलाना**
 (d) Quench- बुझाना/दबाना
19. Carnal- कामुक
 (a) Chaste- पवित्र
 (b) **Sensual- कामुक**
 (c) Decent- अच्छा
 (d) Spiritual- आध्यात्मिक
20. Reassert- स्वीकार करना
 (a) Renounce- त्यागना
 (b) **Acknowledge- स्वीकार करना**
 (c) Disbelief- अविश्वास करना
 (d) Conceal- छिपाना
21. Gregarious- मिलनसार
 (a) Introvert- अन्तरमुखी
 (b) Melancholy- उदास और निरास
 (c) **Affable- मिलनसार**
 (d) Pensive- चिंताग्रस्त
22. Defecate- मलत्याग या शरीर से निकालना
 (a) Chaff- मजाक करना
 (b) Quench- दबाना
 (c) Ingest- निगलना
 (d) **Secrete- शरीर से निकालना/छिपाना**
23. Dignity- गौरव या मर्यादा
 (a) **Decency- मर्यादा**
 (b) Immoral- अनैतिक
 (c) Primacy- प्रधानता
 (d) Chagrin- तंग करना
24. Repentance- पश्चाताप / अनुताप
 (a) Intransigent- कट्टर
 (b) Obdurate- निष्ठुर
 (c) Resolute- दृढ़
 (d) **Remorse- अनुताप**
25. Ominous- अनिष्टसूचक
 (a) Secure- सुरक्षित
 (b) Auspicious- अच्छा या अनुकूल
 (c) **Apocalyptic- अनिष्टसूचक**
 (d) Propitious- अनुकूल
26. Elate- आनन्दित करना
 (a) Abase- मानहानी
 (b) Faze- हतोत्साहित करना
 (c) **Exhilarate- आनन्दित करना**
 (d) Enervate- हतोत्साहित करना
27. Defuse- शान्त करना या हल्का करना
 (a) Irritate - चिढ़ाना
 (b) **Alleviate- हल्का करना**
 (c) Agitate - भड़काना
 (d) Incite- भड़काना
28. Rendezvous- मिलने का स्थान
 (a) **Tryst- मिलने का स्थान**
 (b) Dispersal- फैलाव
 (c) Rift- फाड़ना
 (d) Split- फाड़ना
29. To recline- विश्राम करना
 (a) **To lounge- विश्राम करना**
 (b) To rewind- उल्टा करना
 (c) To sheer- सच्चा
 (d) To plump- मोटा करना
30. Objectionable- निन्दनीय या आपत्तिजनक
 (a) Aperitif- मद्य पेय
 (b) **Abhorrent- निन्दनीय**
 (c) Savory- आकर्षक
 (d) Saporus-
31. Inscription- अंकित करना
 (a) Scrubbed- रगड़ना
 (b) Rivet- कीलक
 (c) Jaded- थका हुआ
 (d) **Engrave- अंकित करना**
32. Consolidate- संगठित करना या केन्द्रस्थ करना
 (a) **Centralize- केन्द्रस्थ करना**
 (b) Variate- विभिन्नता
 (c) Declare- घोषित करना
 (d) Announce- घोषित करना

33. Purge - निकाल देना
 (a) **Evacuate** - निकालना
 (b) Pressurize - दबाव डालना
 (c) Thrust - जोर डालना
 (d) Float - बहाना
34. Spine - मेरुदंड
 (a) Supple - कोमल
 (b) **Vertebrate** - मेरुदंड/पृष्ठवंश
 (c) Rotund - गोलाकार
 (d) Grime - मैल गंदगी
35. Genre - शैली, प्रकार
 (a) Celebrity - प्रतिष्ठित व्यक्ति
 (b) Common man - साधारण व्यक्ति
 (c) **Category** - प्रकार/वर्ग
 (d) Pleasant - मनोहर
36. Accolade - पुरस्कार करना
 (a) Bungle - घपला
 (b) Performance - प्रदर्शन
 (c) Fiasco - असफलता
 (d) **Distinction** - सम्मान, गौरव
37. Synchronicity - समकालिक/एककालिक
 (a) **Conformity** - सादृश्य
 (b) Conflict - झगड़ना
 (c) Vendetta - प्रतिशोध
 (d) Altercation - कलह/झगड़ा
38. Poise - संतुलित रखना/औचित्य
 (a) Tizzy - परेशानी
 (b) Turmoil - सताना
 (c) Agitate - भड़काना
 (d) **Elegance** - औचित्य
39. To cite - उल्लेख करना/सूचित करना
 (a) To conceal - छिपाना
 (b) To ignore - इनकार करना
 (c) **To indicate** - सूचित करना
 (d) To deny - इनकार करना
40. To defile - मैला करना/अपवित्र करना
 (a) To esteem - सम्मान करना
 (b) **To besmirch** - मैला करना
 (c) To elevate - तरक्की करना
 (d) To sanctity - पवित्रता
41. Pal - दोस्त/मित्र
 (a) **Buddy** - दोस्त (b) Lad - बालक
 (c) Foe - शत्रु (d) Dude - लड़का
42. Stumpy - गठीला/नाटा
 (a) Rangy - लंबा-चौड़ा
 (b) **Pudgy** - मोटा-नाटा
 (c) Lanky - दुबला-पतला
 (d) Lofty - ऊँचा/शानदार
43. Gripe - कष्ट/दबाव
 (a) **To grieve** - दुःख देना
 (b) To grasp - समझाना
 (c) To flatter - चापलूसी करना
 (d) To hold - रोके रखना
44. Bother - सताना
 (a) Obscene - धिनौना/अश्लील
 (b) **Beset** - सताना
 (c) Obfuscate - घबरा देना
 (d) Oblivious - अन्यमनष्क
45. Sentry - पहरेदार/चौकीदार
 (a) Bandit - डाकू
 (b) Competitor - प्रतियोगी
 (c) **Sentinel** - चौकीदार
 (d) Foe - शत्रु
46. Streak - धारी बनाना/बदनाम करना
 (a) Freak - अनूठा
 (b) Bright - चमकीला
 (c) Immaculate - स्वच्छ
 (d) **Smear** - बदनाम करना
47. Confuse - घबराना
 (a) Explicate - व्याख्या करना
 (b) **Perplex** - घबराना
 (c) Mix - मिलाना
 (d) Divert - ध्यान हटाना
48. Bristle - गुस्से से भरना/शूल
 (a) **Thorn** - शूल (b) Tranquil - शांत
 (c) Friction - घर्षण (d) Sleek - चिकना
49. Inheritance - वंशानुक्रम/वसीयत
 (a) Encumbrance - रूकावट
 (b) Obligation - कार्य/दायित्व
 (c) Manifest - प्रकट करना
 (d) **Bequest** - वसीयत
50. Extrapolate - निगमन करना
 (a) **Deduce** - निगमन करना
 (b) Rejection - अस्वीकार
 (c) Scruple - संदेह करना
 (d) Vacillate - दुविधा

SET-2

1. Eccentric - सनकी
(a) **Whimsical** - सनकी
(b) Chronic - स्थायी
(c) Bona fide - प्रामाणिक
(d) Typic - प्रकार
2. To concoct - उपाय करना
(a) To obliterate - मिटाना
(b) **To contrive** - उपाय करना
(c) To decimate - समाप्त करना
(d) To pulverize - पीसना/तबाह करना
3. Discerning - समझदार/चालाक
(a) Naive - सीधा-सादा
(b) Asinine - मूर्ख
(c) Inept - अनाड़ी
(d) **Astute** - चालाक
4. To entrain - चढ़ना/सवार होना
(a) To alight - उतरना
(b) To debark - बहस करना
(c) **To mount** - चढ़ना/सवार होना
(d) To disembark - उतरना
5. To predispose - प्रवृत्त करना/प्रेरित करना
(a) To assail - आक्रमण करना
(b) To thwart - विफल करना
(c) To defy - उपेक्षा करना
(d) **To incline** - प्रेरित करना
6. Caricature - हास्य चित्र
(a) Adulation - चापलूसी
(b) Eulogy - प्रशंसा/गुणगान
(c) **Cartoon** - हास्य चित्र/व्यंग चित्र
(d) Hokum - होकुम
7. Incisive - तीक्ष्ण/लघु
(a) Daffy - पागल
(b) **Concise** - लघु
(c) Stolid - मंदबुद्धि/सुस्त
(d) Tedious - थकाने वाला
8. Antagonize - बैरी बनाना
(a) **Alienate** - बैरी बनाना
(b) Placid - शांत
(c) Sync - साथ-साथ करना
(d) Serene - शांत
9. To preside - अध्यक्षता करना/काम करना
(a) To acquiesce - स्वीकार करना
(b) To concur - जीतना
(c) **To officiate** - काम करना
(d) To accord - मिलना
10. Dabble - पानी में खेलना/आमोद करना
(a) Solemn - गंभीर
(b) Austere - आडंबरहीन/सीधा सादा
(c) Meditative - ध्यान करना
(d) **Dally** - आमोद करना
11. To alight - उतरना/नीचे आना
(a) To escalate - तीव्र होना
(b) To clamber - छड़ी करना
(c) **To disembark** - उतरना
(d) To astride - सिकुड़ना
12. Proximal - निकटस्थ/सन्निकट
(a) Frontier - सीमांत
(b) Obscure - अस्पष्ट
(c) Remote - दूरस्थ
(d) **Adjacent** - सन्निकट
13. Initiative - नेतृत्व/पहलकदमी
(a) Apathy - उदासीनता
(b) Cowardice - कायरता
(c) **Dynamism** - गतिवाद
(d) Lethargy - सुस्ती
14. Panorama - परिदृश्य
(a) Puny - नन्हा
(b) Wee - पेशाब
(c) Diminutive - छोटा
(d) **Spectacle** - चश्मा/नजारा
15. Thrashing - पिटाई/प्रहार
(a) Edifice - इमारत/गृह
(b) Prefabrication - पूर्वनिर्माण
(c) **Bashing** - प्रहार
(d) Contour - आकार/रेखा खींचना
16. Famished - भूखा
(a) Glut - ज्यादा खाना
(b) Jaded - क्लांत
(c) Satiated - तृप्त
(d) **Starved** - भूखा
17. Swine - सुअर
(a) **Hog** - सुअर
(b) Simple - साधारण
(c) Immaculate - शुद्ध
(d) Shine - प्रकाशित करना

18. To permeate - व्याप्त हो जाना
 (a) To desiccate - सूखाना
 (b) **To imbue - व्याप्त हो जाता**
 (c) Torrid - उष्ण
 (d) Stale - बासी/पुराना
19. Endangered - संकटापन्न
 (a) Risky - खतरनाक
 (b) **Threatened - संकट में**
 (c) Protected - सुरक्षित
 (d) Warning - चेतावनी
20. Choke - सांस रुकना/दम घोटना
 (a) **Stifle - दम घोटना**
 (b) Aid - मदद करना
 (c) Carbon - अंगारक
 (d) Breathe - श्वास लेना
21. Digression - विचलन
 (a) **Meandering - घुमावदार**
 (b) Candid - सच्चा
 (c) Categorical - प्रकार
 (d) Unequivocal - साफ
22. Precedent - दृष्टांत/नमूना
 (a) Contingent - सैन्यदल
 (b) **Criterion - मानक**
 (c) Arbitrary - अनियंत्रित
 (d) Fortuitous - भाग्यशाली
23. Stash - छिपाने की जगह
 (a) Dearth - अभाव
 (b) Deficit - अभाव
 (c) Lack - अभाव
 (d) **Cache - छिपाने की जगह**
24. Rip - काटना/चीरना
 (a) Cease - रोकना
 (b) Terminate - समाप्त करना
 (c) **Gash - चीरना** (d) Sew - सिलाई करना
25. Digress - विपथ होना/पीछे हटना
 (a) Sojourn - टिकना
 (b) **Meander - दिशाहीन होना**
 (c) Tarrance - टिकना
 (d) Regress - पीछे हटना
26. Subsidy - अनुदान/आर्थिक सहायता
 (a) **Endowment - दान**
 (b) Forfeit - खो बैठना
 (c) Mulct - धोखा देना
 (d) Reward - इनाम देना
27. Transient - क्षणिक
 (a) Lacerate - तोड़ना
 (b) **Ephemeral - क्षणिक**
 (c) Perpetual - अनवरत
 (d) Enduring - स्थायी
28. Nutritious - पुष्टिकारक
 (a) Insubstantial - अवास्तविक
 (b) Exceptional - अनोखा/असाधारण
 (c) **Nourishing - पुष्टिकारक**
 (d) Superlative - सर्वोत्कृष्ट
29. To superimpose - ऊपर रखना
 (a) **To overlap - ऊपर रखना**
 (b) To adjoin - जोड़ना
 (c) To juxtapose - मिलाना
 (d) To continue - जारी रखना
30. Meadow - घास का मैदान/चरणभूमि
 (a) Metro - महानगरीय
 (b) **Pasture - चरणभूमि**
 (c) Borough - नगर
 (d) Civic - नगर विषयक
31. Elegantly - सुरुचिपूर्ण ढंग से
 (a) Ineptly - अयोग्यता से
 (b) Abominably - बुरी तरह से
 (c) Shoddily - गलत ढंग से
 (d) **Gracefully - मनोहर ढंग से**
32. Bedevilment - भूत का आवेश/सताना
 (a) Delight - खुश होना
 (b) **Beset - सताना**
 (c) Facilitate - सहज करना
 (d) Contentment - संतुष्टि
33. Deprive - वंचित करना/छीन लेना
 (a) Bestow - दान करना
 (b) Confer - बातचीत करना
 (c) **Dispossess - छीन लेना**
 (d) Endow - दान करना
34. Decree - आदेश/विधि
 (a) Certificate - प्रमाण पत्र
 (b) **Law - विधि/नियम**
 (c) Title - उपाधि
 (d) Award - पुरस्कृत करना

35. Aground - फंसा हुआ
 (a) **Stranded** - फंसा हुआ
 (b) Higher - उच्चतम
 (c) Afloat - तैरता हुआ
 (d) Buoyant - तैरता हुआ
36. Melodramatic - नाटकीय
 (a) Tranquil - शांत
 (b) Halcyon - शांत
 (c) Bucolic - ग्रामीण
 (d) **Theatrical** - नाटकीय
37. Proscriptive - गद्य/अधिक
 (a) Squalid - गंदा
 (b) Exiguous - अल्प
 (c) **Excessive** - अधिक
 (d) Thrifty - मितव्ययी
38. To reiterate - दोहराना
 (a) To hark - सुनना
 (b) To drawl - खींचना
 (c) To halt - रूकना
 (d) **To recur** - दोहराना
39. Hypnotist - सम्मोहक/जादूगर
 (a) Rookie - धोखेबाज
 (b) Novice - नौसिखिया
 (c) **Conjurer** - जादूगर
 (d) Amateur - शौकीन
40. Murmur - गुनगुनाहट
 (a) Fuzzy - अस्पष्ट
 (b) Muffled - धीमा
 (c) **Buzz** - भनभनाहट
 (d) Taciturn - अल्पभाषी
41. Peripatetic - पथिक/यायावर
 (a) Confine - रोकना
 (b) Spire - चोटी/शिखर
 (c) Ultimate - असली/खास
 (d) **Nomadic** - यायावर
42. Toebb - घटना/कम होना
 (a) **To abatement** - कम होना
 (b) To swell - फूल जाना/बढ़ना
 (c) To ascent - चढ़ाई
 (d) To surge - आगे बढ़ना
43. To moan - विलाप करना/शोक करना
 (a) **To sigh** - शोक करना
 (b) To beam - मुस्कराना
 (c) To smirk - नखरे की मुस्कराहट
 (d) To simper - मुस्कराना
44. To jeopardise - खतरे अथवा जोखिम
 (a) To chaperone - चुनौती के लिए
 (b) To picket - धरना
 (c) **To imperil** - जोखिम में डालना
 (d) To escort - रक्षण करना
45. Evicted - बेदखल
 (a) Congenial - अनुकूल
 (b) Sympathetic - संवेदी
 (c) Cordial - सच्चा
 (d) **Ousted** - बेदखल
46. To bewilder - घबराना
 (a) To explicate - स्पष्ट करना
 (b) To elucidate - स्पष्ट करना
 (c) **To baffle** - घबराना
 (d) To orient - शानदार
47. Queasy - व्याकुल/सुकुमार
 (a) Complacent - उदासीन
 (b) Unperturbed - अविचलित
 (c) Smug - आत्म संतुष्ट
 (d) **Squeamish** - अतिसंवेदनशील/सुकुमार
48. Proximity - नजदीकी/करीब
 (a) Futile - तुच्छ
 (b) Preposterous - अनर्थक
 (c) Absurd - अनर्थक
 (d) **Imminent** - करीब
49. Improvident - उडाऊ/खर्चीला
 (a) Provident - मितव्ययी
 (b) **Extravagant** - खर्चीला
 (c) Miserly - कजूस
 (d) Thrifty - मितव्ययी
50. Impassive - शांत/मित भाषी
 (a) Ardent - उत्साही
 (b) **Reticent** - मित भाषी
 (c) Agitated - उत्तेजित
 (d) Susceptible - भावुक

SET-3

1. To revamp - मरम्मत करना
(a) **To overhaul - मरम्मत करना**
(b) To maraud - लूटना
(c) To raze - मलियामेट करना
(d) To sabotage - तोड़फोड़ करना
2. Eminent - उच्च/श्रेष्ठ
(a) Common - साधारण
(b) Phenomenal - असाधारण
(c) Obscure - अज्ञात
(d) **Renowned - प्रसिद्ध**
3. Snatch - छीनना
(a) Detonate - विस्फोट करना
(b) Bequeath - वसीयत
(c) Confer - प्रदान करना
(d) **Wrench - छीनना**
4. Batter - पीटना
(a) Insulate - बचाना
(b) Assure - भरोसा दिलाना
(c) **Bash - प्रहार करना**
(d) Bulwark - बचाव
5. To ordain - आदेश देना/नियम करना
(a) To retract - वापस लेना
(b) To void - खाली करना
(c) **To anoint - नियम करना**
(d) To veto- वीटो
6. To stranded - फंसा हुआ/टिका हुआ
(a) To douse - पानी में गोता लगाना
(b) **To aground - टिका हुआ**
(c) To swamp - दलदल के लिए
(d) To inundate - प्लावित करना
7. Gaudy - भड़कीला
(a) Modest - नम्र
(b) **Showy - भड़कीला**
(c) Refined - शुद्ध
(d) Sophisticated - प्रगतिशील
8. Astonish - चौंकना/विस्मित करना
(a) Mundane - सांसारिक
(b) Empress - साम्राज्ञी
(c) **Overwhelm - विह्वल होना**
(d) Calm - शांत
9. Splayed - फैलाना
(a) Nimble - फुर्तीला
(b) Jade - थकाना
(c) Frayed - घिसा हुआ
(d) **Spread - फैलाना**
10. Ancient - प्राचीन/पुरातन
(a) Topical - सामयिक
(b) Extant - वर्तमान
(c) **Archaic - प्राचीन**
(d) Fad - सनक
11. To scam - भाग जाना
(a) To cluster - क्लस्टर का
(b) To array - सरणी के लिए
(c) To convene - बुलाना
(d) **To scoot - भागना**
12. To gnaw - कष्ट देना/संदेह करना
(a) To drool - लार टपकना
(b) To slaver - बेहुदा बात करना
(c) **To nibble - संदेह करना**
(d) To spit - थूकना
13. Invincible - अजेय/अजीत
(a) Ethereal - स्वर्गिक
(b) Frangible - भंगुर
(c) **Impregnable - अजेय**
(d) Detectable - पता लगाने योग्य
14. To proselytise - धर्म परिवर्तन करवाना
(a) To spurn - तिरस्कार करना
(b) To apostatize - अपने मत का परित्याग
(c) To repudiate - परित्याग करना
(d) **To advocate - पक्षपोषित करना**
15. Perplexity - परेशानी
(a) Empathy - सहानुभूति
(b) Amicability - मित्रवत
(c) **Puzzlement - परेशानी**
(d) Concordantly - सामंजस्यपूर्ण
16. Jeer - मजाक उड़ाना
(a) Compliment - प्रशंसा करना
(b) **Hoot - मजाक उड़ाना**
(c) Flatter - चापलूसी करना
(d) Praise - प्रशंसा करना
17. Rot - सड़ाना/नष्ट करना
(a) Mature - परिपक्व
(b) Stagnate - रुक जाना
(c) Smell - महकना
(d) **Decay - सड़ाना**

18. Incursion - आक्रमण/चढ़ाई
 (a) Hurt - आघात
 (b) Retreat - पीछे हटना
 (c) **Aggression - आक्रमण**
 (d) Cut - काटना
19. To theorize - अनुमान लगाना
 (a) To measure - मापना
 (b) To prove - साबित करना
 (c) **To speculate - अनुमान लगाना**
 (d) To calculate - गणना करना
20. To thrash - पीटना
 (a) To pin - पिन करना
 (b) To grasp - समझना
 (c) To pinch - चुटकी लेना
 (d) **To beat up - पीटना**
21. Achieve - प्राप्त करना/हासिल करना
 (a) **Accomplish - हासिल करना**
 (b) Destroy - नष्ट करना
 (c) Abdicate - छोड़ देना
 (d) Bifurcate - द्विशाखित
22. Exasperate - भड़काना
 (a) Tranquelize - शांत करना
 (b) Alleviate - कम करना
 (c) **Infuriate - क्रोधित करना**
 (d) Appease - संतुष्ट करना
23. Precarious - खतरनाक
 (a) **Perilous - खतरनाक**
 (b) Salubrious - स्वास्थ्य वर्धक
 (c) Innocuous - अहानिकर
 (d) Inoffensive - सहृदय
24. Taciturn - अल्पभाषी
 (a) **Reticent - अल्पभाषी**
 (b) Gregarious - मिलनसार
 (c) Communicative - बात चीत करना
 (d) Garrulous - बातुनी
25. Podium - मंच
 (a) stand - खड़ा होना
 (b) arena - रंग भूमि
 (c) **dais - मंच**
 (d) tripod - तिपाई
26. Furore - उत्तेजना/जोश
 (a) Futuristic - भविष्यवादी
 (b) Chamber - कमरा
 (c) Worry - परेशान करना
 (d) **Excitement - उत्तेजना**
27. Audacious - निर्भीक
 (a) Uncaring - अस्नेही
 (b) **Daring - निर्भीक**
 (c) Industrious - परिश्रमी
 (d) Boisterous - प्रलयकारी
28. Amiable - मैत्रीपूर्ण
 (a) **Friendly - मैत्रीपूर्ण**
 (b) Rude - अशिष्ट
 (c) Annoyed - नाराज
 (d) Cust - ग्राहक
29. Admonish - भर्त्सना करना/डांटना
 (a) Imitate - नकल करना
 (b) Annoy - सताना
 (c) **Chide - भर्त्सना करना**
 (d) Displease - अप्रसन्न करना
30. Belligerent - विरोधी
 (a) peaceful - शांतिपूर्ण
 (b) noisy - कोलाहल
 (c) **hostile - विरोधी**
 (d) cautious - सतर्क/सावधान
31. Bashful - शर्मिला
 (a) **shy - शर्मिला**
 (b) extroverted - मिलनसारा
 (c) courageous - साहसी
 (d) broad-minded - उदार
32. Altruistic - परोपकारी
 (a) hostile - विरोधी
 (b) outdated - अप्रचलित
 (c) selfish - स्वार्थी
 (d) **philanthropic - परोपकारी**
33. Adversity - विपत्ति
 (a) **Misfortune - विपत्ति**
 (b) Chance - मौका/संयोग
 (c) Capacity - क्षमता
 (d) Joy - आनंद
34. Accuracy - विशुद्धता
 (a) Agreement - समझौता
 (b) **Precision - शुद्धता**
 (c) Cleverness - होशियारी
 (d) Attachment - संलग्न वस्तु

35. Zealous - उत्साही
 (a) Cultivated - जोता हुआ/सांस्कृतिक
 (b) Stingy - कंजूस
 (c) **Passionate - जोशीला**
 (d) Arrogant - जिद्दी
36. Adorn - सजाना
 (a) writer - लेखक
 (b) trust - भरोसा करना
 (c) **beautify - सुंदर बनाना**
 (d) suspect - संदेह करना
37. Appraise - मूल्यांकन करना
 (a) **Judge - परख करना**
 (b) Praise - प्रशंसा करना
 (c) Appreciate - प्रशंसा करना
 (d) Accuse - दोषी ठहराना
38. Accrue - लाभ होना/इकट्ठा करना
 (a) Grow - बढ़ना
 (b) Suffice - पर्याप्त होना
 (c) **Accumulate - जमा करना**
 (d) Grow - बढ़ना
39. Avarice - लालच
 (a) Envy - ईर्ष्या करना
 (b) Hatred - नफरत करना
 (c) Generosity - उदारता
 (d) **Greed - लालच**
40. Havoc - प्रलय/विनाश
 (a) **Carnage - नाश**
 (b) Collocation - सह विन्यास
 (c) Tranquility - शांति
 (d) Inertia - जड़ता
41. Feasible - संगत/प्राप्य
 (a) Preposterous - असंगत
 (b) **Attainable - प्राप्य**
 (c) Dreadful - भयानक
 (d) Hassle - परेशान करना
42. Jubilant - उल्लसित/आनंदित
 (a) sombre - निराशाजनक
 (b) dejected - उदास
 (c) **rejoicing - आनंदित**
 (d) jocular - मजाकिया
43. Intrepid - निर्भीक/निडर
 (a) **fearless - निर्भीक**
 (b) extrovert - बहिर्मुखी व्यक्ति
 (c) hesitant - संकोची
 (d) rash - अतिशीघ्र
44. Incessantly - निरंतर/लगातार
 (a) regularly - नियमित
 (b) inevitably - अवश्य
 (c) indiscreetly - अविवेकपूर्ण ढंग से
 (d) **continuously - लगातार**
45. Nap - झपकी/ऊँघना
 (a) Nape - गर्दन के पीछे का भाग
 (b) Sneeze - छींकना
 (c) **Siesta - दोपहर का आराम**
 (d) Snore - खरटे लेना
46. Lethargic - आलसी/सुस्त
 (a) **Inactive - आलसी**
 (b) Elated - प्रफुल्लित
 (c) Thrilled - बहुत खुश
 (d) Jounce - टकराना
47. Laconic - अल्प/छोटा
 (a) Lengthy - लम्बा
 (b) **Concise - अल्प**
 (c) Substantial - अच्छी मात्रा में
 (d) Comatose - बेहोश
48. Outrageous - घृणित/भयानक
 (a) Loud - ऊँचे स्वर वाला
 (b) Noisy - कोलाहल
 (c) Naughty - शरारती
 (d) **Shocking - भयानक/घृणित**
49. Spruce - सजाना/संवारना
 (a) Fat - मोटा
 (b) **Natty - सजाना**
 (c) Clear - स्पष्ट
 (d) Happy - खुश होना

SET-4

1. Indolent - आलसी/अकर्मण्य
(a) **Lazy - आलसी**
(b) Expensive - खर्चीला
(c) Active - फुर्तीला
(d) Happy - खुश होना
2. Sycophant - चापलूस/चमचा
(a) Psyche - मस्तिष्क
(b) **Flatterer - चापलूस**
(c) Critic - समालोचक
(d) Slave - दास/सेवक
3. Revile - गाली देना
(a) Revive - पुनः प्रचलित करना
(b) Review - परखना
(c) **Abuse - गाली देना**
(d) Reveal - दिखाना
4. Negotiation - मोल-तोल/सौदेबाजी
(a) In-between - के बीच में
(b) Carelessness - लापरवाह
(c) **Bargaining - सौदेबाजी**
(d) Slackness - ढिलाई
5. Arduous - कठिन
(a) Fervent - उत्सुकता भरी
(b) Strong - मजबूत
(c) Enthusiastic - उत्साही
(d) **Strenuous - कठिन**
6. Constrain - रोकना/बाधित करना
(a) Stress - दबाव से पीड़ित
(b) Contradict - विरोध करना
(c) **Restrict - रोकना**
(d) Obstruct - विरोध करना
7. Receptacle - डिब्बा/संदूक
(a) Compartment - विभाग
(b) Hole - छेद/गड्ढा
(c) **Container - डिब्बा**
(d) Funnel - चिमनी
8. Jubilant - उल्लासित/आनंदित
(a) Sombre - निराशाजनक
(b) Dejected - उदास
(c) Jocular - मजाकिया
(d) **Rejoicing - आनंदित**
9. Contraband - निषिद्ध करना
(a) Burgled - चोरी करना
(b) **Smuggled - तस्करी करना**
(c) Baffled - चकराया हुआ
(d) Juggled - बाजीगरी करना
10. Scandalized - बदनाम करना/निंदा करना
(a) Irritated - चिढ़ा हुआ
(b) Scared - डर
(c) Worried - चिंतित
(d) **Shocked - चोट पहुँचाना/बदनाम करना**
11. Ominous - अशुभ
(a) Officious - दस्तंदाज
(b) Pleasant - सुखद
(c) Convenient - सुविधाजनक
(d) **Threatening - अशुभ**
12. Cupidity - लोभ/लालसा
(a) Fear - भय (b) Friendship - दोस्ती
(c) **Greed - लालसा** (d) Love - प्यार करना
13. Conscript - भर्ती करना
(a) **Draft - भर्ती करना**
(b) Draw - निकालना
(c) Encircle - घेरना
(d) Subscribe - ग्राहक बनाना
14. Forswear - शपथपूर्वक त्यागना
(a) Swear - शपथ लेना
(b) Oath - शपथ
(c) Abuse - गाली देना
(d) **Forsake - त्यागना**
15. Obsequious - चापलूस/चाटुकार
(a) Defiant - विद्रोही
(b) Dishonest - बेईमान
(c) **Servile - चाटुकार**
(d) Honest - ईमानदार
16. Rectify - सुधारना
(a) Satisfy - संतुष्ट
(b) **Correct - सुधारना**
(c) Reduce - कम करना
(d) Pacify - शांत करना
17. Adversity - विपत्ति
(a) Chance - मौका/अवसर
(b) Capacity - क्षमता
(c) Joy - आनंद
(d) **Misfortune - विपत्ति**
18. Panacea - रामबाण दवा
(a) Praise - प्रशंसा करना
(b) **Cure-all - रामबाण दवा**
(c) Poison - जहर
(d) Ambrosia - अमृत

19. Nefarious - अति पापी
 (a) Excited - उत्साहित (b) **Wicked** - पापी
 (c) Rigorous - कठोर (d) Benign - अच्छा
20. Impeccable - निर्दोष
 (a) Inoffensive - निरापद (b) Harmless - हानिरहित
 (c) Important - जरूरी (d) **Faultless** - बेकसूर
21. Profligate - अपव्ययी/उड़ाऊ
 (a) Talkative - बातुनी
 (b) Intelligent - बुद्धिमान
 (c) Unconventional - अपरंपरागत
 (d) **Wasteful** - उड़ाऊ
22. Enigma - रहस्य/पहेली
 (a) Attractive - आकर्षक
 (b) **Riddle** - रहस्य/पहेली
 (c) Flare-up - भड़काना
 (d) Dream - सपना/ख्वाब
23. Invigorating - स्फूर्तिदायक
 (a) Vibrating - कांपना
 (b) **Refreshing** - स्फूर्तिदायक
 (c) Exaggerated - अतिरंजित
 (d) Accelerating - गतिवर्धक
24. Credulous - भोला-भाला
 (a) Funny - मजेदार
 (b) Silly - मूर्खतापूर्ण
 (c) Innocent - मासूम/बेकसूर
 (d) **Gullible** - भोला-भाला
25. Reproof - निंदा/फटकार
 (a) Warning - चेतावनी (b) Ridicule - उपहास
 (c) **Rebuke** - फटकार (d) Threat - धमकी
26. Pallid - फीका/पीला
 (a) Friendly - अनुकूल
 (b) **Pale** - फीका/पीला
 (c) Worthless - बेकार
 (d) Comforting - आरामदायक
27. Venial - क्षमणीय
 (a) Corrupt - भ्रष्ट
 (b) Superficial - छिछला
 (c) Respected - आदरणीय
 (d) **Pardonable** - क्षमणीय
28. Masticate - चबाना
 (a) **Chew** - चबाना (b) Choke - गला घोटना
 (c) Bite - काटना (d) Swallow - निगलना
29. Decimated - नाश करना
 (a) Captured - पकड़ना
 (b) **Destroyed** - नाश करना
- (c) Damaged - क्षतिग्रस्त
 (d) Worried - चिंतित
30. Devastation - प्रलय/ध्वंस
 (a) **Destruction** - ध्वंस (b) Construction - निर्माण
 (c) Separation - विभाजन (d) Frustration - निराशा
31. Emancipate - स्वतंत्र करना
 (a) Lift - चढ़ाना
 (b) Rise - चढ़ाव
 (c) Raise - उठाना
 (d) **Liberate** - स्वतंत्र करना
32. Labyrinth - उलझन
 (a) **Maze** - उलझन
 (b) Path - मार्ग/रास्ता
 (c) Skyscraper - गगनचुंबी इमारत
 (d) Impasse - गतिरोध
33. Lethargic - आलसी
 (a) Energetic - शक्तिशाली
 (b) **Lazy** - आलसी
 (c) Lethal - जानलेवा
 (d) Legal - कानूनी
34. Nonplussed - फंसा हुआ
 (a) Injurious - हानिकारक
 (b) Abusive - अपमान जनक
 (c) **Puzzled** - फंसा हुआ
 (d) Enormous - विशाल
35. Hoodwink - धोखा देना
 (a) **Deceive** - धोखा देना
 (b) Negate - इंकार करना
 (c) Upset - परेशान
 (d) Cover - आवरण
36. Rational - तर्कसंगत/विवेकशील
 (a) Tidy - साफ
 (b) Agreeable - सहमत
 (c) Laudable - प्रशंसनीय
 (d) **Logical** - तर्कसंगत
37. Abortive - असफल
 (a) Plentiful - प्रचुर
 (b) Lawful - वैध
 (c) **Unsuccessful** - असफल
 (d) Fruitful - फलदायक
38. Innocuous - अहानिकर
 (a) Innocent - मासूम
 (b) Innovative - अभिनव
 (c) **Inoffensive** - अहानिकर
 (d) Innermost - अंतरतम

ANTONYMS

SET-1

Directions : In the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the word which is opposite in meaning to the given word and click the button corresponding to it.

1. Frolic - उल्लास/चंचलता
 - (a) **Drudgery** - नीरस काम
 - (b) Romp - शोर-गुल मचना
 - (c) Antic - विलक्षण
 - (d) Drollery - परिहास
2. Affidavit - शपथ पत्र/हलफनामा
 - (a) Affirmation - समर्थन
 - (b) **Slander** - कलंक लगाना/मानहानि
 - (c) Oath - शपथ
 - (d) Testimony - घोषणा/प्रमाण
3. Hollow - गड्ढा
 - (a) Alveolate - छिद्रिल
 - (b) Cleft - छिद्र, फांक
 - (c) Cavernous - गुफा सा
 - (d) **Solid** - ठोस/पुष्ट
4. Cosset - खुब लाड़-प्यार करना
 - (a) **Ignore** - अनदेखा/नजरअंदाज करना
 - (b) Close - नजदीक, सच्चा
 - (c) Caress - प्यार करना
 - (d) Fondle - प्यार करना
5. Ogle - घूरना, आशिक नजर
 - (a) Leer - बुरी नजर से देखना
 - (b) Gaze - घूरना
 - (c) **Ignore** - अनदेखा करना
 - (d) Gawk - बुरी नजर से घूरना
6. Intrinsic - स्वाभाविक, प्राकृतिक
 - (a) Elemental - तात्त्विक
 - (b) Innate - जन्मजात
 - (c) Connate - जन्मज
 - (d) **Acquired** - अर्जित/संगृहीत
7. Coalesce - संयुक्त होना
 - (a) **Separate** - वियुक्त होना
 - (b) Adhere - पालन करना
 - (c) Cleave - काटना, तोड़ना
 - (d) Amalgamate - मिलाना
8. Loiter - देर करना
 - (a) Lag - धीरे चलना
 - (b) **Hasten** - जल्दी करना
 - (c) Amble - धीरे चलना
 - (d) Loll - बेवकूफ
9. Deep-seated - गुप्त सुदृढ़
 - (a) Chronic - दीर्घकालिक
 - (b) **Temporary** - सामयिक
 - (c) Inbred - स्वाभाविक
 - (d) Subconscious - अचेतन
10. Vibrant - चमकीला
 - (a) **Drab** - फीका
 - (b) Gaudy - भड़कीला
 - (c) Jazzy - भड़कीला
 - (d) Vivid - फुर्तीला
11. To scowl - गुस्से से देखना
 - (a) To glower - तिरछी निगाह से देखना
 - (b) To smirk - दाँत निपोड़ना
 - (c) To grimace - चिल्लाना
 - (d) **To grin** - हंसना
12. Atheist - ईश्वर को न मानने वाला
 - (a) Skeptic - संदेहवादी
 - (b) Pagan - नास्तिक
 - (c) **Disciple** - शिष्य/अनुगामी
 - (d) Agnostic - अनीश्वरवादी
13. Abdicate - त्याग करना
 - (a) Forgo - छोड़ देना
 - (b) **Usurp** - छीन लेना
 - (c) Waive - छोड़ देना
 - (d) Cede - त्याग करना
14. Astringe - बांधना
 - (a) **Liberate** - स्वाधीन करना
 - (b) Constringe - संकुचित करना
 - (c) Circumscribe - खींचना
 - (d) Tauten - तनना
15. To spurn - अस्वीकार करना
 - (a) **To accept** - स्वीकार करना
 - (b) To flout - उपहास करना
 - (c) To scorn - तिरस्कार करना
 - (d) To rebuff - रोकना
16. Content - संतुष्ट करना/प्रसन्न करना
 - (a) Ease - शांत करना
 - (b) **Depressed** - उदास
 - (c) Gratified - संतुष्ट करना
 - (d) Smug - आत्म संतुष्ट

17. To placate - संतुष्ट करना
 (a) **To provoke - नाराज करना**
 (b) To propitiate - संतुष्ट करना
 (c) To tranquilize - शांत करना
 (d) To mollify - शांत करना
18. Conjoined - संयुक्त करना
 (a) **Sever - अलग करना**
 (b) Adjoin - जोड़ना
 (c) Meld - मिश्रण करना
 (d) Affix - मिलाना
19. Adulterate - अशुद्ध करना
 (a) Attenuated - कम करना
 (b) **Purify - शुद्ध करना**
 (c) Vitiated - दूषित
 (d) Dilute - घुला देना
20. Genteel - भद्र/शिष्ट
 (a) **Uncivilized - अशिष्ट, अभद्र**
 (b) Stuffy - नीरस
 (c) Urbane - शिष्ट
 (d) Prim - नियम निष्ठ
21. Demure - लजीला, विनयशील
 (a) Humble - विनयपूर्ण
 (b) **Bold - निर्लज्ज, धृष्ट**
 (c) Coy - कम बोलने वाला
 (d) Sober - शांत करना
22. Pilferer - चोर/ठग
 (a) Sniper - बंदूकधारी
 (b) Punk - बदमाश
 (c) Lifter - चोर
 (d) **Police - आरक्षी**
23. Primed - नियम निष्ठ
 (a) Fit - स्वस्थ
 (b) Able - दक्ष
 (c) **Unready - अप्रस्तुत/सुस्त**
 (d) Prepped - तैयार
24. Sortie - प्रयास करना
 (a) Raid - आक्रमण
 (b) Assault - आक्रमण करना
 (c) Sally - आक्रमण करना
 (d) **Retreat - पीछे हटना**
25. Provision - प्रावधान/धारा
 (a) **Removal - निवारण**
 (b) Cater - चलाना
 (c) Plan - योजना
 (d) Stock - भंडार
26. Assiduous - श्रमशील
 (a) **Lethargic - आलसी**
 (b) Scrupulous - ईमानदार
 (c) Diligent - मेहनती
 (d) Exacting - मांग करने वाला
27. To condemn - निंदा करना
 (a) To decry - निंदा करना
 (b) **To laud - प्रशंसा करना**
 (c) To reprobate - निंदा करना
 (d) To proscribe - बहिष्कार करना
28. Cameo - पत्थर में उभरी हुई नकाशी
 (a) Trinket - तुच्छ
 (b) Gem - रत्न
 (c) Bauble - खिलौना
 (d) **Plain - चिकना/साधारण**
29. Panacea - सर्वरोगहर/राम-बाण
 (a) **Malady - व्याधि, रोग**
 (b) Cure - नीरोग करना
 (c) Elixir - अमृत
 (d) Nostrum - रामबाण दवा
30. Repatriation - स्वदेश लौटना
 (a) **Abolition - लोप हो जाना**
 (b) Animation - सजीवता
 (c) Cure - नीरोग करना
 (d) Invigoration - जीवंतता करना
31. To wring - मरोड़ना, विकृत करना
 (a) To gouge - खोदना
 (b) **To untwist - सीधा करना**
 (c) To extort - धमकी देकर मांगना
 (d) To choke - गला घोटना
32. To muster - एकत्र करना
 (a) To convocate - एकत्र करने का काम
 (b) To rally - एकत्र होना
 (c) **To estrange - हटाना**
 (d) To aggregate - एकत्र होना
33. Amenable - विनम्र
 (a) Responsive - प्रतिक्रियाशील
 (b) Pliable - सीधा साधा
 (c) Docile - विनम्र
 (d) **Unsusceptible - असंवेदनशील**

34. Ingestion - अंतर्ग्रहण
 (a) Gulp - निगलना
 (b) Slug - धीरे धीरे चलना
 (c) **Excrete - मल त्याग करना**
 (d) Chug - फक-फक करना
35. Horrify - भयभीत करना
 (a) Affright - डराना
 (b) Petrify - पाषाण बनाना
 (c) Appall - नाराज होना
 (d) **Soothe - शांत करना**
36. To remand - बंधन में रखना
 (a) To filibuster - फाइलबस्टर करने के लिए
 (b) To tarry - रहने के लिए
 (c) **To expedite - आगे बढ़ाना**
 (d) To adjourn - स्थगित करना
37. To jostle - ढकेलना
 (a) To scramble - हाथापाई करने के लिए
 (b) To shove - घुसेड़ना
 (c) **To eschew - से दूर रहना**
 (d) To hustle - जल्दीबाजी में
38. Taciturn - खामोश/मौन
 (a) Reticent - कम बोलने वाला
 (b) Curt - मुँहतोड़ उत्तर
 (c) Laconic - मित्तभाषी
 (d) **Verbose - वाचाल**
39. Arcane - रहस्यमय/गुप्त
 (a) Mystic - आध्यात्मिक
 (b) Recondite - कम जानकारी
 (c) Esoteric - गोपनीय
 (d) **Hackneyed - सामान्य/सामूली**
40. Mandate - सौंपना
 (a) Injunction - आदेश
 (b) Behest - आदेश
 (c) **Breach - विच्छेद करना**
 (d) Decree - आदेश देना
41. Demon - असुर/दानव
 (a) Spectre - प्रेत छाया
 (b) **Angel - देवदूत/फरिश्ता**
 (c) Shadow - परछाई
 (d) Zombie - प्रेत
42. Escort - रक्षक/पहरेदार
 (a) Entourage - अनुगामी
 (b) Cavalier - घुड़सवार
 (c) **Foe - शत्रु**
 (d) Convoy - रक्षक दल
43. Liberty - आजादी
 (a) **Incarceration - कैद करना**
 (b) Choice - पसंद/चुनाव
 (c) License - अधिकार देना
 (d) Right - सही करना
44. Reform - सुधार करना
 (a) Ameliorate - सुधारना
 (b) **Worsen - बिगाड़ देना**
 (c) Amends - प्रतिफल
 (d) Emend - सुधार करना
45. To contend - बहस करना
 (a) **To comply - स्वीकार करना**
 (b) To oppugn - विरोध करना
 (c) To grapple - हाथापाई करना
 (d) To vie - शादी करना
46. To abnegate - अस्वीकार करना
 (a) To eject - निकालना
 (b) To evict - बेदखल करने के लिए
 (c) **To admit - स्वीकार करना**
 (d) To bounce - उछालने के लिए
47. Magnate - प्रतिष्ठित/प्रभावशाली व्यक्ति
 (a) Mogul - मुगल/बादशाह
 (b) Tycoon - शक्तिशाली/उद्योगपति
 (c) Aristocrat - कुलीन पुरुष
 (d) **Nonentity - तुच्छ व्यक्ति**
48. Bequeath - वसीयत करना
 (a) **Receive - ग्रहण करना**
 (b) Impart - प्रदान करना
 (c) Bestow - प्रदान करना
 (d) Entrust - सौंप देना
49. Stun - चकित कर देना
 (a) Petrify - पाषाण बनाना
 (b) **Calm - तसल्ली देना**
 (c) Flabbergast - विस्मित करना
 (d) Stupefy - चकित करना
50. Extravagance - अपव्यय
 (a) Expensive - कीमती
 (b) **Thrift - मित्तव्यय**
 (c) Cheap - सस्ता
 (d) Absurd - अनर्थक

1. Virtuous - सदाचारी/धार्मिक
 - (a) **Vile** - दुष्ट/नीच
 - (b) Chaste - शुद्ध/पवित्र
 - (c) Kosher - विधि सम्मत
 - (d) Celibate - ब्रह्मचारी
2. Motley - विभिन्न प्रकार का
 - (a) Kaleidoscopic - तेजी से बदलता हुआ
 - (b) Assorted - विभिन्न
 - (c) **Homogenous** - एक ही प्रकार का
 - (d) Disparate - असमान
3. Violation - उल्लंघन
 - (a) Abuse - गाली देना
 - (b) **Obedience** - आज्ञा पालन
 - (c) Felony - उपराध करना
 - (d) Crime - अपराध करना
4. To conceive - समझना
 - (a) To reckon - आदर करना
 - (b) **To neglect** - ध्यान न देना
 - (c) To apprehend - गिरफ्तार करने के लिए
 - (d) To perceive - अनुभव करना
5. Skeptic - नास्तिक
 - (a) Profaner - अपवित्र
 - (b) Heretic - धर्म विरोधी
 - (c) Atheist - नास्तिक
 - (d) **Devotee** - आस्तिक
6. Vigour - जोश, ताकत
 - (a) **Lethargy** - आलस
 - (b) Fettle - अवस्था
 - (c) Kilter - इंतजाम
 - (d) Robust - असभ्य/मजबूत
7. Castigated - तिरस्कार करना
 - (a) **Approve** - प्रशंसा करना
 - (b) Rate - दर नियत करना
 - (c) Faly - Miss spelt (No meaning)
 - (d) Drub - पीटना
8. Deliberate - विचार पूर्वक
 - (a) Judge - फैसला करना
 - (b) **Imprudent** - अविवेक पूर्ण
 - (c) Cogitate - सोच-विचार करना
 - (d) Argue - तर्क करना
9. To incriminate - दोष लगाना
 - (a) To inculcate - निश्चय करना
 - (b) To attribute - विशेषता हेतु
 - (c) To allege - आरोप
 - (d) **To exonerate** - विमुक्त करना
10. Presumption - संभावना
 - (a) **Fact** - वास्तविकता
 - (b) Posit - मंजूर करना
 - (c) Assumption - ग्रहण/धारण
 - (d) Conjecture - अनुमान करना
11. To envisage - विचार करना
 - (a) **Oblivious** - अन्यमनस्क
 - (b) To apprehend - गिरफ्तार करना
 - (c) To confront - सामना करना
 - (d) To visualize - कल्पना करना
12. To exile - निर्वासित करना/बहिष्कार करना
 - (a) To relegation - निर्वासन करना
 - (b) **To usher** - प्रवेश करना
 - (c) To banish - निकाल देना
 - (d) To ostracism - बहिष्कार करना
13. Wary - सावधान
 - (a) Frugal - अल्पव्ययी
 - (b) Leery - कपटी
 - (c) Prudent - विवेकी
 - (d) **Inattentive** - असावधान
14. Vivified - सजीव करना
 - (a) Invigorated - मजबूत करना
 - (b) Revived - पुनर्जीवित
 - (c) **Dull** - निरुत्साह करना
 - (d) Animated - प्रफुल्ल
15. To chuckle - मुस्कराना
 - (a) To snicker - फड़फड़ाना
 - (b) To guffaw - घें-में करना
 - (c) **To lament** - दुःखी होना
 - (d) To chortle - दंड के लिए
16. Privy - गुप्त स्थान
 - (a) Ulterior - छिपा हुआ
 - (b) Obscure - अव्यक्त
 - (c) Covert - आश्रय
 - (d) **Public** - सार्वजनिक
17. Offensive - अपमानजनक/अप्रिय
 - (a) Obnoxious - अप्रिय
 - (b) **Agreeable** - सम्मत/प्रिय

- (c) Repugnant - अरुचिकर
(d) Odious - अप्रिय
18. Brawl - कलह/विवाद
(a) **Truce - शांति**
(b) Fracas - कोलाहल
(c) Altercation - कलह
(d) Bicker - बाइक चलाना
19. Therapeutic - शांतिदायक
(a) Ameliorative - सुधारक
(b) Analeptic - संजीवक
(c) Salubrious - स्वास्थ्यकर
(d) **Inimical - हानिकर**
20. To perpetuate - जारी रखना
(a) To eternize - यादगार बनाना
(b) To canonize - संत ठहराना
(c) **To cease - रोकना**
(d) To bolster - थामना/संभालना
21. Eternity - अमरत्व
(a) Perpetuity - स्वामित्व
(b) Yonder - सामने का
(c) Aeon - युग
(d) **Ephemeral - क्षणिक/अल्पकालिक**
22. To rake - एकत्र करना
(a) To harrow - दुःख देना
(b) **To scatter - बिखेरना**
(c) To scour - रगड़ना/साफ करना
(d) To enfilade - No Meaning
23. Generosity - सदाशयता
(a) Altruism - परोपकारिता
(b) General - साधारण
(c) Largesse - उदारता
(d) **Malevolence - दुराशय/विद्वेष**
24. Mishmash - गड़बड़
(a) Potpourri - गीत गुच्छ
(b) Medley - मिश्रण
(c) **Organized - व्यवस्थित**
(d) Haphazard - अव्यवस्थित
25. Prestige - गौरव/ख्याति
(a) Eminence - महानता
(b) Cachet - निशान
(c) **Insignificance - अगौरव/तुच्छता**
(d) Kudos - तारीफ करना
26. To entrust - सौंपना
(a) To confer - प्रदान करना/देना
(b) To allot - बाँटना
(c) To rely - विश्वास करना
(d) **To deny - इनकार करना**
27. Avid - उत्साही
(a) **Apathetic - निरुत्साह/उदासीन**
(b) Desirous - अभिलाषी
(c) Devoted - उस्तुक
(d) Fanatical - धर्मान्ध
28. Pejorative - निंदात्मक
(a) Rude - असभ्य
(b) **Complimentary - प्रशंसा सूचक**
(c) Derisive - उपहासक
(d) Cheeky - निर्लज्ज
29. Antique - प्राचीन
(a) Obsolete - पुराना
(b) Superannuated - अप्रचलित
(c) **Current - प्रचलित**
(d) Ancient - पुराना
30. Bland - अरोचक/निष्क्रिय
(a) Blah - बकवास
(b) Insipid - नीरस
(c) Tame - वश में करना
(d) **Lively - रोचक/फुर्तीला**
31. Flog - कोड़े मारना
(a) Whop - जोर से मारना
(b) **Compliment - सम्मान करना**
(c) Flay - लूटना
(d) Flax - सन
32. Abominable - घिनौना
(a) **Attractive - मनोहर**
(b) Gross - अश्लील
(c) Grim - खराब
(d) Lousy - बहुत खराब
33. Veteran - अनुभवी व्यक्ति
(a) Youthful - जवान
(b) Pliable - सीधा साधा
(c) Expert - विशेषज्ञ
(d) **Amateur - अनुभवहीन**
34. Endeavour - प्रयास करना
(a) **Passive - प्रयास न करना**
(b) Buck - रोकना
(c) Assay - परखना
(d) Intend - विचार करना

35. Beleaguer - अवरोध करना
 (a) Gnaw - नाश करना
 (b) **Assist - सहयोग देना**
 (c) Badger - तंग करना
 (d) Pester - सताना
36. Discrepant - सामंजस्य रहित
 (a) Contrary - विपरीत
 (b) Dissonant - बेसुरा
 (c) **Harmonious - सामंजस्यपूर्ण**
 (d) Variance - भिन्नता
37. Void - खालीपन, रिक्त
 (a) Destitute - निराश्रित
 (b) Scant - थोड़ा
 (c) Bereft - दिवाना/पागल
 (d) **Adequate - पर्याप्त**
38. Thug - डाकू/हत्यारा
 (a) Punk - उग्र व्यक्ति
 (b) Hood - उग्र व्यक्ति
 (c) **Constable - चौकीदार/सिपाही**
 (d) Ruffian - बदमाश
39. Jaunt - घूमना-फिरना
 (a) Ramble - घूमना
 (b) Canter - कदम चाल चलाना
 (c) Excursion - पर्यटन
 (d) **Siesta - दोपहर का आराम**
40. To grumble - असंतोष प्रकट करना
 (a) To snivel - निगलने के लिए
 (b) To kvetch - No Meaning
 (c) **To compliment - प्रशंसा करना**
 (d) To squawk - चीखना/शिकायत करना
41. Humble - विनम्र
 (a) Diffident - संकोची
 (b) Tentative - आजमाइशी/अनिश्चित सा
 (c) Obsequious - चापलूस
 (d) **Pretentious - अभिमानी**
42. Fidgety - चंचल/व्याकुल
 (a) **Composed - शांत/अर्थ**
 (b) Restive - बेचैन
 (c) Twitchy - खींचना
 (d) Antsy - उत्तेजित होना
43. Agonising - अत्यंत दुखदायी
 (a) Vehement - प्रचंड
 (b) Fierce - प्रचंड
 (c) Excruciating - अति दुःखदायी
 (d) **Cordial - स्नेह पूर्ण**
44. Fulmination - विस्फोट, स्फूर्जन
 (a) Obloquy - बदनामी
 (b) Denunciation - निंदा
 (c) **Compliment - प्रशंसा/आदर**
 (d) Diatribe - कठोर समालोचना
45. To dissuade - रोकना
 (a) To thwart - नाकाम बनाना/बिगाड़ना
 (b) To preclude - बाधा डालना
 (c) To avert - प्रमाणित करना/आग्रह करना
 (d) **To abet - उकसाना/सहकाना**
46. To lament - शोक करना
 (a) To deplore - निंदा करना
 (b) To bawl - जोर से चिल्लाना
 (c) **To laud - प्रशंसा करना**
 (d) To bemoan - दुःख प्रकट करना
47. Obligation - दायित्व, कर्तव्य
 (a) Bond - सम्बन्ध जोड़ना
 (b) Burden - जिम्मेदारी
 (c) Commitment - वादा, संकल्प
 (d) **Irresponsibility - लापरवाही**
48. To expunge - काटना
 (a) To gut - आँतें निकालना
 (b) To omit - हटाना/छोड़ना
 (c) To zap - प्रहार करना
 (d) **To insert/जोड़ना**
49. Conception - /कल्पना
 (a) Clue - सुराग
 (b) Cognition - ज्ञान
 (c) **Fact - वास्तविकता**
 (d) Notion - धारणा/विचार
50. Fuddle - घबड़ाना
 (a) Upset - घबड़ाहट
 (b) **Explicate - समझाना**
 (c) Nonplus - हैरान करना
 (d) Rattle - घबरा देना

SET-3

1. To dawdle - समय नष्ट करना
(a) To loiter - देर करना
(b) To mosey - आराम से चलना
(c) **To hasten - जल्दी करना**
(d) To saunter - मटरगस्ती करना
2. Seedy - घटिया/अस्वस्थ
(a) **Posh - सजीला/शानदार**
(b) Faded - फीका
(c) Decrepit - निर्बल
(d) Ailing - अस्वस्थ
3. To pilfer - चुराना
(a) Appropriate - ठीक समुचित
(b) **To bestow - दान देना**
(c) To filch - फेंकना
(d) To purloin - चुराना
4. To procure - हासिल करना
(a) **To forfeit - अधिकार खो देना**
(b) To appropriate - उचित बनाना
(c) To solicit - माँगना
(d) To wangle - सफल हो जाना
5. Grotesque - कुरूप
(a) Horrid - भयंकर
(b) **Pleasing - रमणीय/मनोहारी**
(c) Appalling - घटिया/भयंकर
(d) Grisly - भयानक
6. Celibate - ब्रह्मचारी
(a) Chaste - पतिव्रता
(b) Virtuous - चरित्रवान
(c) **Promiscuous - असंयमी**
(d) Continent - आत्मसंयमी
7. Humdrum - सुस्त/नीरस
(a) Tedious - भकाऊ
(b) Trite - पुराना
(c) Drab - फीका/नीरस
(d) **Fascinating - दिलचस्प/मनोहर**
8. Elf - देव
(a) Pixie - परी/अप्सरा
(b) Nisse - ब्राउनी
(c) Fay - अप्सरा/परी
(d) **Giant - राक्षस**
9. Imminent - करीब
(a) Friendly - मित्रवत
(b) Nigh - पास
(c) **Escapable - दूर**
(d) Dangerous - भयानक
10. Fatigue - थकावट
(a) Restive - बेचैन
(b) Slouch - आगे झुक कर चलना
(c) **Vigour - जोश, ताकत**
(d) Tire - थक जाना
11. Malignant - दुष्ट/कपटी
(a) Mortal - घातक
(b) Internecine - आपसी
(c) **Benign - कृपालु/दयालु**
(d) Lethal - घातक/हानिकारक
12. Ambushed - घात लगाना
(a) Lurk - छिपा रहना
(b) Waylay - घात लगाना
(c) Camouflage - छद्मावरण से छिपना
(d) **Exposed - निरावरण**
13. To comprise - समाविष्ट करना
(a) **To dispute - तर्क करना**
(b) To embody - इकट्ठा करना
(c) To span - फैलाना
(d) To encompass - घेरना
14. Mere - एकमात्र/तालाब
(a) Unadorned - अनलंकृत/सादा
(b) **Immense - बहुत/विशाल**
(c) Sheer - सच्चा/पारदर्शी
(d) Blunt - भौंथरा
15. Sacred - पवित्र
(a) Pious - धर्मपरायण
(b) Hallowed - पवित्र
(c) Divine - स्वर्गीय/बहुत सुन्दर
(d) **Profane - अपवित्र**
16. Outlandish - विचित्र
(a) Droll - मजाक करना
(b) Kinky - विचित्र
(c) **Common - साधारण**
(d) Grotesque - कुरूप/विलक्षण
17. Amusement - मनोरंजन करना
(a) Mischief - शरारती
(b) Naughty - शरारती
(c) **Melancholy - उदास रहना**
(d) Hilarity - आनंद होना

18. Analogue - सादृश्य
 (a) Correlate - परस्पर सम्बन्ध होना
 (b) Cognate - सजातीय
 (c) Dialogue - बातचीत
 (d) **Difference - असादृश्य**
19. Penurious - निर्धन
 (a) Destitute - निस्सहाय
 (b) Impoverished - कंगाल
 (c) Impecunious - निर्धन
 (d) **Opulent - धनी**
20. Debauched - लंपट
 (a) Dissipated - दुर्व्यसनी
 (b) Depraved - पथ भ्रष्ट
 (c) **Honourable - पूजनीय**
 (d) Unrestrained - अनियंत्रित
21. Devout - धर्मनिष्ठ
 (a) Pious - धर्म परायण
 (b) Pure - साफ/ब्रह्मचारी
 (c) **Treacherous - अधर्मी**
 (d) Ardent - उत्साही
22. Accentuate - जोर देना
 (a) **Disparage - हलका करना**
 (b) Enunciate - उच्चारण करना
 (c) Aggrandize - बढ़ाना
 (d) Exacerbate - बिगाड़ देना
23. Affluence - प्राचुर्य/बहुतायत
 (a) **Penury - अभाव**
 (b) Opulence - समृद्धि
 (c) Luxury - आनंद
 (d) Wealth - धन सम्पत्ति
24. Acrimony - कटुता
 (a) Harsh - कटु, कर्कश
 (b) Bitterness of manner or words - कटुता
 (c) **Pleasant - सुखद/मनोहर**
 (d) Inertia - निष्क्रियता
25. Ignite - जलना
 (a) Light - रोशन करना
 (b) Rekindle - फिर रोशन करना
 (c) **Extinguish - बुझ जाना**
 (d) Genuine - असली
26. Deceit - धोखा/धूर्तता
 (a) Natural - प्राकृतिक
 (b) Sincere - ईमानदार
 (c) **Honesty - सत्यनिष्ठा**
 (d) Plainness - पीड़ा रहित
27. Amateurs - अनुभवहीन
 (a) **Professionals - अनुभवी व्यक्ति**
 (b) Democrats - लोकतंत्रवादी
 (c) Promoters - समर्थक
 (d) Actors - अभिनेता
28. Benevolent - कृपालु
 (a) **Malignant - कपटी**
 (b) Equivalent - समतुल्य
 (c) Malevolent - द्वेषी
 (d) Prevalent - प्रचलित
29. Clandestine - गुप्त, अव्यक्त
 (a) **forthright - स्पष्टवादी**
 (b) friendly - मित्रवत
 (c) wealthy - धनवान
 (d) applicable - लागू होना
30. Pliable - सीधा साधा
 (a) **rigid - कठोर**
 (b) friendly - मित्रवत
 (c) flexible - नरम
 (d) applicable - लागू होना
31. Adversity - विपत्ति, गरीबी
 (a) Humility - नम्रता
 (b) Anger - क्रोधित होना
 (c) **Prosperity - समृद्धि, खुशहाली**
 (d) Humbleness - नम्रता
32. Arrogant - अहंकारी
 (a) Selfish - स्वार्थी
 (b) Laughty- No Meaning (Laughter-हँसी)
 (c) Proud - घमण्डी
 (d) **Modest - विनम्र**
33. Appoint
 (a) **Dismiss - बर्खास्त करना**
 (b) Reward - इनाम देना
 (c) Yield - स्वीकार करना
 (d) Disunite - अलग कर देना
34. Noxious - हानिकर
 (a) Noisy - कोलाहल
 (b) Silent - शांत
 (c) Lethal - हानिकारक
 (d) **Harmless - हानिरहित**

35. Hedonist - सुखवादी
 (a) Coward - भीरु
 (b) Pleasure seeker - भोगी
 (c) Brave - साहसी
 (d) **Ascetic - योगी**
36. Acquit - निर्दोष ठहराना
 (a) **Condemn - दोषी ठहराना**
 (b) Mild - विनम्र
 (c) Smart - बुद्धिमान
 (d) Despair - उदास होना
37. Abolish - समाप्त करना
 (a) Eliminate - हटाना
 (b) Eradicate - मिटा देना
 (c) Demolish - विध्वंस करना
 (d) **Establish - संस्थापित करना**
38. Conscientious - कर्तव्यनिष्ठ
 (a) Iniquitous - अन्यायपूर्ण
 (b) Nefarious - अति दुष्ट
 (c) Reprobate - पथ भ्रष्ट
 (d) **Careless - बेपरवाह/असावधान**
39. Opaque - अस्पष्ट
 (a) Dark - अंधेरा/अस्पष्ट
 (b) Indefinite - अनिश्चित
 (c) Nebulous - अस्पष्ट
 (d) **Transparent - स्पष्ट**
40. Contradict - विरोध करना
 (a) Abnegate - छोड़ देना
 (b) Traverse - इंकार करना
 (c) Refute - झूठा ठहराना
 (d) **Agree - सहमत होना**
41. Fantasy - कल्पना, भ्रम
 (a) Illusion - भ्रम
 (b) Vision - दृष्टि
 (c) **Reality - वास्तविकता**
 (d) Dreamy - काल्पनिक
42. Vigilant - सावधान
 (a) wary - सावधान
 (b) **careless - असावधान**
 (c) aware - सावधान
 (d) looking for - खोज/तलाशी
43. Querulous - शिकायती
 (a) Strange - विचित्र
 (b) **Uncomplaining - शिकायत न करने वाला**
 (c) Answerable - उत्तर देने योग्य
 (d) Stranger - अजनबी
44. Innocuous - अहानिकर
 (a) **Pernicious - हानिकर**
 (b) Fine - जुर्माना करना
 (c) Strong - मजबूत
 (d) Hygienic - स्वास्थ्यकर
45. Overt - प्रकट
 (a) **Inexplicable - अप्रकट, गुप्त**
 (b) Ambiguous - अस्पष्ट
 (c) Concealed - गुप्त
 (d) Manifest - प्रकट करना
46. Quiescent - निष्क्रिय
 (a) **Active - सक्रिय**
 (b) Rough - बेढंगा
 (c) Quaint - अजीब
 (d) Queer - अजीब
47. Visionary - अव्यावहारिक, काल्पनिक
 (a) Farsighted - दूरदर्शी
 (b) Regular - नित्य
 (c) **Pragmatist - व्यावहारिक**
 (d) Piety - धार्मिकता
48. Bigot - कट्टर/हठधर्मी
 (a) Narrow-minded - संकीर्ण सोच वाला
 (b) Fake - ढोंगी
 (c) **Broad-minded - उदार**
 (d) Poisonous - बिगाड़ने वाला
49. Insolent - असभ्य/अविनीत
 (a) Scrupulous - ईमानदार
 (b) Emollient - शांत करने वाला
 (c) **Courteous - विनीत/शिष्ट**
 (d) Lazy - सुस्त
50. Insolent - असभ्य
 (a) **Mannerly - शिष्ट**
 (b) Haughty - अभिमानी
 (c) Defiant - अवज्ञाकारी
 (d) Rude - अशिष्ट

SET-4

1. Forlorn - निराश करना
(a) **Joyful - आनंदित** (b) Lucky - भाग्यवान
(c) Fortunate - भाग्य (d) Free - आजाद करना
2. Squander - अपव्यय करना
(a) Spend - खर्च करना
(b) Reduce - घटाना
(c) Slander - दोष लगाना
(d) **Skimp - बचत करना**
3. Impromptu - बिना तैयारी का
(a) Punctual - समयनिष्ठ
(b) Prompt - उकसाना
(c) **Prepared - तैयार किया हुआ**
(d) Profound - गहरा
4. Nonconformist - संप्रदायवादी
(a) **Conventional - पारंपरिक, लौकिक**
(b) Practical - व्यावहारिक
(c) Fashionable - रीति रिवाज के अनुसार
(d) Nomad - बंजारा
5. Vanity - अभिमान/गुमान
(a) Pride - गर्व करना
(b) Love - पसंद करना
(c) Courage - उत्साहित करना
(d) **Humility - नम्रता**
6. Courage - वीरता/साहस
(a) Bravery - साहसिक
(b) Weakness - निर्बलता
(c) **Cowardice - भीरुता/डरपोकपन**
(d) Fear - डरना
7. Lenient - उदार/दयालु
(a) **Strict - कठोर**
(b) Solid - ईमानदार
(c) Forgiving - क्षमाशील
(d) Stoic - सहनशील व्यक्ति
8. Obstinate - हठी/जिद्दी
(a) **Docile - नम्र/नेक**
(b) Aggravate - क्रोधित करना
(c) Offensive - घृणास्पद
(d) Oppressive - अत्याचार पूर्ण
9. Captivate - वशी करना
(a) Distract - ध्यान भंग करना
(b) Obscure - कठिनाई
(c) Imprison - कैद करना
(d) **Release - मुक्त करना**
10. Captivity - अधीनता
(a) Slavery - दासता
(b) Permission - इजाजत देना
(c) **Freedom - स्वाधीनता**
(d) Limitation - सीमा
11. Inclement - निर्दयी/कठोर
(a) Radical - विलक्षण
(b) **Mild - कोमल**
(c) Harsh - निर्दयी
(d) Tyrannical - अन्यायी
12. Rugged - रूखा
(a) Hard - मजबूत
(b) Sturdy - मजबूत
(c) **Smooth - चिकना**
(d) Rough - रूखा
13. Vanquish - पराजित करना
(a) Vanish - लुप्त होना
(b) Varnish - वार्निश करना
(c) **Surrender - हार मानना**
(d) Trample - तिरस्कार करना
14. Terminate - समाप्त करना
(a) Confine - सीमित रखना
(b) Repeal - रद्द करना
(c) **Commence - शुरु करना**
(d) Progress - विकास करना
15. Detest - नफरत करना
(a) Denounce - दोषी ठहराना
(b) Ignore - ध्यान न देना
(c) **Adore - बहुत प्यार करना/बहुत चाहना**
(d) Castigate - फटकारना
16. Insular - एकांत
(a) **Cosmopolitan - सार्वत्रिक**
(b) Isolated - अलग
(c) Narrow - संकीर्ण
(d) Parochial - सीमित
17. Treachery - बेईमानी
(a) Betrayal - विश्वासघात/धोखा
(b) Muling - हठी मनुष्य
(c) **Loyalty - ईमानदारी**
(d) Rebellion - विद्रोह/विप्लव

18. Barren - अनुर्वर
 (a) **Fertile - उर्वर** (b) Abundant - बहुत
 (c) Harsh - कर्कश (d) Fallow - बंजर भूमि
19. Malleable - लचीला
 (a) Teachable - सिखाने लायक
 (b) **Intractable - हठी/अशिक्षा**
 (c) Manageable - प्रबन्धीय
 (d) Pliable - सीधा-साधा
20. Visionary - काल्पनिक
 (a) **Realist - वास्तववादी**
 (b) Artist - कलाकार
 (c) Idealist - आदर्शवादी
 (d) Socialist - समाजवादी
21. Futile - निरर्थक
 (a) Distinct/सुनिश्चित
 (b) Open - खाली
 (c) Pleased - खुश
 (d) **Fruitful - लाभदायक**
22. Interim - अल्पकालीन
 (a) Provisional - अस्थायी
 (b) Tentative - अनिश्चित
 (c) **Permanent - स्थायी**
 (d) Interval - मध्यांतर
23. Irascible - क्रोधी
 (a) Cranky - चिड़चिड़ (b) Choleric - क्रोधी
 (c) **Amiable - सुशील** (d) Waspish - चिड़चिड़ा
24. Infirm - कमजोर
 (a) **Strong - मजबूत**
 (b) Weak - कमजोर
 (c) Supporter - समर्थक
 (d) Believer - विश्वासी
25. Disavowal - अस्वीकृति
 (a) Rebuttal - खंडन
 (b) Repeal - रद्द करना
 (c) **Approval - स्वीकृति**
 (d) Appeal - अनुरोध करना
26. Contemplative - विचारमग्न
 (a) Wistful - इच्छुक
 (b) **Unreflective - असावधान**
 (c) Numbed - स्तब्ध
 (d) Aroused - उत्तेजित
27. Inertia - आलस्य
 (a) Stupor - भावशून्य (b) **Vigour - जोश**
 (c) Languor - सुस्ती (d) Inertness - जड़ता
28. Evade - बच निकलना
 (a) Invade - आक्रमण
 (b) Escape - बच निकलना
 (c) Shun - निकाल देना
 (d) **Confront - सामना करना**
29. Reassure - हिम्मत दिलाना
 (a) Comfort - दिलासा देना
 (b) Console - शांति देना
 (c) Inspire - प्रेरित करना
 (d) **Discourage - हिम्मत तोड़ना**
30. Invaluable - बहुमूल्य, अनमोल
 (a) Priceless - अनमोल
 (b) Rare - दुर्लभ
 (c) Inestimable - अनमोल
 (d) **Worthless - मूल्यहीन**
31. Intangible - अमूर्त/अस्पष्ट
 (a) Ethereal - स्वर्णिक
 (b) **Concrete - मूर्त**
 (c) Insubstantial - काल्पनिक
 (d) Abstract - अमूर्त
32. Diffident - संशयी
 (a) Shy - शर्मिला
 (b) Brave - साहसी
 (c) **Confident - विश्वस्त**
 (d) Meek - डरपोक
33. Ferocious - उद्द
 (a) **Mild - मृदुल** (b) Sweet - प्यारा/अच्छा
 (c) Brutal - निर्दयी (d) Wild - असभ्य
34. Invincible - अजेय
 (a) Impregnable - अजेय
 (b) Omnipresent - सर्वव्यापी
 (c) **Powerless - कमजोर**
 (d) Potent - शक्तिशाली
35. Soothe - शांत करना
 (a) Quench - प्यास बूझाना (b) Mitigate - कम करना
 (c) Heal - स्वस्थ होना (d) **Agitate - भड़काना**
36. Quiescent - निष्क्रिय
 (a) Ignorant - अनपढ़ (b) **Diligent - सक्रिय**
 (c) Innocent - सीधा सादा (d) Improper - असंगत



The



PART-II

AN ISO 9001:2015 CERTIFIED



WORDS FOR EXAM (LEVEL - 1)

LESSON - 1

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ALIEN (विदेशी, पराया)	(Adj.): foreign, strange, unknown, unfamiliar, exotic	(familiar/native)
2. BROOK (बरदाश्त करना)	(Verb): tolerate, put up with, accept, allow, permit	(forbid/ban)
3. CONSOLE (दिलासा देना/सान्त्वना देना)	(Verb): alleviate, comfort, disburden, relieve, soothe	(depress/sadden)
4. CONSPIRE (षड्यंत्र करना)	(Verb): plan, intrigue, connive, scheme, contrive	(benefit/favour)
5. EDIFICE (इमारत/भवन)	(Noun): building, palace, structure, construction, house	(disorganisation)
6. ELAPSE (बीत जाना)	(Verb): expire, pass, slip away,+ slide, go, drift, end	(stay/keep on)
7. ELEGANT (खूबसूरत/रमणीय)	(Adj.): graceful, artistic, courtly, genteel, beautiful	(ordinary/simple)
8. EXPLOIT (कारनामा/खोज)	(Noun): deed, feat, heroic act, adventure, daring act	(cowardice/fear)
9. IMPERATIVE(अत्यावश्यक)	(Adj.): necessary compulsory, essential, crucial, vital	(unimportant)
10. LEGACY (पैतृक संपत्ति)	(Noun): inheritance, gift, birthright donation, bequest	(dispossession)
11. LURK (घात करना/छिपाना)	(Verb): camouflage, sneak, slink, prow, hang about	(exposed, reveal)
12. PRIMITIVE (प्राचीन/आदिम)	(Adj.): early, old, ancient, prehistoric, archaic, primal,	(modern/new)
13. RECOIL (फिछे हटना)	(Verb): shrink back, retreat, cower, fade, fall, flinch	(persevere)
14. UNIQUE (अनोखा/अनूठा)	(Adj.): single, sole, rare, unusual, exclusive, distinctive	(common/usual)
15. DELIVERANCE (सहत/उद्धार)	(Noun): rescue, liberation, saving, relief safety, salvage	(drown/sink)
16. DELIVERY (वितरण/सुपुर्दगी)	(Noun): transportation, distribution, conveyance, carriage	(keeping)
17. HUMAN (मानव)	(Adj.): person, indivisual, soul, people, mortal	(immortal, unearthly)
18. HUMANE (दयालु)	(Adj.): kind, merciful, tender, sympathetic, gentle	(inhuman/cruel)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- It is **imperative** that you write a letter home as soon as you reach camp.
- Although Henry's clothes are always **elegant** when he is out, he dresses very carelessly at home.
- Highwaymen used to **lurk** in the shadows along this very road.
- Why did Bluebeard's wife **recoil** with alarm when she opened the door of the forbidden room?
- I have a great deal of studying to do, but I **console** myself with the thought that the summer vacation is near.
- This interesting book describes the daring **exploit** of the Forest Rangers.
- Put the pastry into the oven and allow ten minutes to **elapse** before removing it.
- The members of the Junior Literary Society are in charge of this affair; they will **brook** no interference from the seniors.
- A few discontented people met in an abandoned house to **conspire** against the Government.
- Under the sand we discovered **the primitive** dwellings of an early people.
- During the last century, people from **alien** lands entered this country in large numbers.

12. When my uncle died, he left, me a **legacy** amounting to several thousand dollars.
13. I know a great deal about ancient weapons, and I assure you that this old musket is **unique**.
14. The new church is a noble **edifice**.
15. The (deliverance, **delivery**) of the mail in this district is rather irregular.
16. We belong to a society, which tries to ensure (human, **humane**) treatment of animals.
17. When the shipwrecked sailors saw the airplane, they knew that (**deliverance**, delivery) was at hand.
18. The ashes of a camp fire proved that (**human**, humane) being were not far away.

LESSON 2

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADEQUATE (पर्याप्त)	(Adj.): ample, enough, sufficient, plenty, abundant, full,	(insufficient/scarce)
2. BLEND (मेल खाना)	(Verb): mix together, merge, amalgamate, mingle, unify,	(separate/isolate)
3. CALAMITY (आपद/विपत्ति/संकट)	(Noun): catastrophe, disaster, tragedy, misfortune, ruin	(opportunity/boom)
4. CLAMBER (हाथ पैर के बल चढ़ना)	(Verb): climb, crawl, ascend, mount, scramble, scale,	(descend/fall)
5. DECADE (दशक/दश)	(Noun): a period of ten years, decennary,	(year)
6. FICKLE (चंचल/अस्थिर)	(Adj.): unstable, untrustworthy, unreliable, inconsistent	(reliable/consistent)
7. GAUNT (कमजोर/मरियल)	(Adj.): lean, bony, pale, haggard, emaciated, thin.	(plump/fat)
8. HOARY (श्वेतकेशी)	(Adj.): very old, white, aged, snowy, gray, silvery,	(black/young)
9. INTERVENE (हस्तक्षेप करना)	(Verb): interfere, arbitrate, meditate, intercede, intrude,	(ignore/overlook)
10. LEVY (कर लगाना)	(Verb): impose, tax, charge, put, collect, inflict, force.	(exempt/grant)
11. MISGIVING (संदेह/भय)	(Noun): doubt, apprehension, distrust, qualm, scruple.	(confidence)
12. PONDER (विचारना)	(Verb): think, muse, meditate, consider, contemplate.	(overlook/ignore)
13. TOWERING (बहुत ऊँचा/बुलंद)	(Adj.): tall, gigantic, outstanding, sky high, lofty,	(small/little)
14. ALLEGIANCE (निष्ठा/राजभक्ति)	(Noun): loyalty, devotion, faithfulness, commitment.	(treachery/deceit)
15. ALLIANCE (गठबंधन/संधि)	(Noun): association, federation, league, accord, coalition,	(divergence)
16. AXIS (अक्ष)	(Noun): imaginary line, pivot, center, pin,	(border, circumference)
17. AXLE (धुरा)	(Noun): bar, pin, shaft, hinge, nub, pivot, rod, stalk, nail,	(unpin)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. Unless you **intervene** at once, the quarrel between the two cousins may become serious,
2. Uncle is too **fickle** to be counted on: he has already changed sides three times,
3. The town council decided to **levy** a tax on all bicycle
4. To reach the shore we had to **clamber** down a rocky ledge.
5. knowing his careless habits, I did not lend him the book without **misgiving**.
6. Try to find curtains that will **blend** with the green of the walls.
7. Before the examination begins, you must make sure that there is an **adequate** supply of ink in each room.
8. The old man was bald, except for a fringe of **hoary** hair.
9. The professor seemed to **ponder** for several seconds before answering the question.
10. We had to make our way past **towering** cliffs of granite.

11. A week of wet weather in the middle of the harvest would be a **calamity**.
12. Because of the lack of grass on the range, the horses were **gaunt** and hungry,
13. From 1919 to 1929 this country enjoyed a **decade** of prosperity,
14. The Earth revolves on its(**axis**, axle) once every twenty-four hours.
15. Scouts always pledge(**allegiance**, alliance) to their country.
16. The wheels of the wagon will turn more smoothly if you put grease on the (axis, **axle**).
17. The free countries of the world have, formed a strong (allegiance, **alliance**).

LESSON 3

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABRUPT (आकस्मिक/अचानक)	(Adj.): sudden, swift, impulsive, unexpected, quick,	(gradual/steady)
2. ATTAIN (प्राप्त करना)	(Verb): achieve, reach, accomplish, get, manage, make,	(lose/fail)
3. CLEFT (दरार)	(Noun): split, rift, crack, fissure, crevice, gap, opening,	(solid ,joined)
4. DECOMPOSE (सड़ना/अपघटित होना/गलना)	(Verb): decay, dissolve, corrupt, breakup, rot, perish,	(resist/withstand)
5. DECREE (आदेश/आज्ञापित)	(Noun): judgment, command, ordinance, law, verdict,	(request/appeal)
6. DIMENSIONS (क्षेत्रफल/आयाम/बीमा)	(Noun): area, size, extent, amplitude, magnitude, scope,	(slightness)
7. FORTITUDE (धीरता/धैर्य/सहनशीलता)	(Noun): courage, patience, endurance, guts, stamina,	(cowardice/fear)
8. FRUSTRATE (हन्नोत्साहित/विफल करना)	(Verb): defeat, thwart, circumvent, nullify, discourage,	(help/encourage)
9. HAUGHTY (घमडी/अहकारी)	(Adj.): arrogant, proud, insolence, snooty, snobby,	(humble/polite)
10. JURISDICTION(अधिकार क्षेत्र)	(Noun): command, right, control, authority, power, rule,	(powerlessness)
11. MODIFY (हेर-फेर करना/बदलाव)	(Verb): improve, change, alter, vary, adjust, amend,	(leave/dump)
11. OPPRESS (सताना/दमन करना)	(Verb.): crush, treat cruelly, tyrannize, afflict, torment,	(delight/gratify)
13. RUTHLESS (निष्ठुर/बेहम)	(Adj.): cruel, merciless, inexorable, brutal, unfeeling,	(meek, humble)
14. SKIRMISH (भिड़ंत/मुठभेड़)	(Noun): clash, encounter, contention, quarrel, tussle,	(accord,harmony)
15. DEFLATE (हवा निकलना)	(Verb): empty, exhaust, reduce, puncture, sink,	(inflate/expand)
16. INDUSTRIAL (औद्योगिक)	(Adj.): developed, modern, mechanized, manufacturing,	(backward)
17. INDUSTRIOUS(मेहनती/परिश्रमी)	(Adj.): labourious, diligent, assiduous, hard working,	(lazy/lethargic)
18. INFLATE (हवा भरना)	(Verb): puff, expand, swell, raise, pump up, increase,	(deflate/puncture)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. It will be necessary to **modify** our baseball schedule, if the weather remains wet.
2. In order to **frustrate** the smugglers scheme, the coastguards kept watch day and night,
3. He was a **ruthless** conqueror, who killed most of the prisoners he captured.
4. The rays of the setting sun shone through a **cleft** in the mountain range.
5. It will take a great deal of practice to **attain** perfection in your gymnastics in time for the display.
6. The vessel was overcrowded and the ocean was rough, but the passengers bore their hardships **with fortitude**.
7. When the car in front came to **an abrupt** stop, we very nearly ran into it.

8. The old soldier was wounded in a **skirmish** between patrols of the two armies on the day before the battle of Waterloo.
9. We shall have to increase the **dimensions** of our garage, because we now have two cars.
10. The sheriff said that he had no **jurisdiction** to arrest the thief after he had crossed the border.
11. The gardener gathers the dead leaves into a heap, and when they **decompose** he uses them as fertilizer.
12. Mr, Weeks used to be friendly, but since he inherited a fortune he is too **haughty** to speak to us.
13. The wealthy people of France used to **oppress** the poor, who finally revolted.
14. Caesar Augustus issued a **decree** that all the world should be enrolled,
15. Paul is an (industrial, **industrious**) boy, who always does his best.
16. The girls tried to (deflate, **inflate**) the basketball with a bicycle pump.
17. The opening of several factories has turned Donvale into an (**industrial**, industrious) town.
18. Some of the newest kinds of tires (**deflate**, inflate) very slowly after they have been punctured.

LESSON 4

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ALERT (चौकन्ना/सावधान)	(Adj.): watchful, ready, quick, vigilant, attentive, active,	(careless)
2. APPALLING (कष्ट से/सुख से/डरावना/भयंकर)	(Adj.): fearful, horrible, painful, unbearable, shocking,(pleasant/cheery)	
3. CLAD (पोशक/वस्त्र से ढका होना)	(Adj.): attired, dressed, clothed, costumed, garbed.	(naked/bare)
4. CLIMAX (चरमोत्कर्ष/चरम)	(Noun): zenith, top, apex, pinnacle, peak, height, summit,	(nadir/pits)
5. DIVERT (ध्यान हटा देना)	(Verb): deviate, turn aside, please, amuse, entertain.(concentrate/focus)	
6. ELOQUENT (वाक्यपुट/सुवक्ता)	(Adj.): expressive, powerful, persuasive, articulate.	(vain/ineffective)
7. EPISODE (कड़ी/प्रसंग)	(Noun): incident, happening, event, excursus, affair.	(fiction,fable)
8. FALTER (विचलित होना)	(Verb): weaken, subside, decline, fade, dwindle, shrink, (advance/push)	
9. INFINITE (अनन्त/असीम)	(Adj.): indefinite, innumerable, endless, unlimited, -(limited/restricted)	
10. PROVOCATION (उत्तेजना/अवसर/उकसाना)	(Noun): invitation, irritation, vexation, annoyance.	(peace/tranquility)
11. SLANDER (कलंक/झूठी निंदा करना)	(Verb): defame, decry, derogate, insult, disparage, ‘	(compliment/adore)
12. STARK (पूर्णतः/बिल्कुल)	(Adv.): fully, totally, completely, outright, downright.	(slightly/a bit)
13. STATELY (भव्य/शानदार/राजकीय प्रतापी)	(Adj.): grand, noble, impressive, lofty, splendid, august, (modest/moderate)	
14. WARES (माल/सौदा/वस्तु, वर्तन)	(Noun): goods, merchandise, commodities, stuff, things.	(hardware)
15. CONCEPTION (अवधारणा/संकल्पना)	(Noun): idea, concept, belief, notion, thought, perception, (disbelief/mistrust)	
16. CONCESSION (छूट/रिआयत)	(Noun): allowance, discount, settlement, arbitration.	(punishment)
17. REPEAL (निरस्त करना)	(Verb): cancel, abolish, end, recall, abrogate, remove.(enact/pass/ratify)	
18. REPEL (मार भगाना)	(Verb): drive back, ward off, deter, prevent, hold off.	(attract/invite)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-**SOLUTION C**

1. The traffic accidents have recently been so **appalling** that a safety campaign is to be started in the schools.
2. Mr, Farley, who is a very **eloquent** speaker, held the attention of the audience for over an hour
3. If you gave the gardener **no provocation** why was he so annoyed at you ?
4. **Clad** in leopard skins, the gladiators entered the arena.
5. When the King became annoyed with him, the jester tried to **divert** his anger by a witty remark.
6. We must do our best to prevent forest fires, because the World's supply of lumber is by no means **infinite**, as some people seem to believe.
7. Choose some **episode** from the life of Columbus, and tell it in your own words.
8. The air was filled with the shouts of merchants trying to sell their **wares** in the market place.
9. The story does not reach its **climax** until the last chapter.
10. When the ball was fumbled, **an alert** player on our team fell on it
11. The hunter, who wandered for days in the swampy jungle, was driven **stark** mad by the mosquitoes.
12. Whenever the team began to **falter** the captain shouted encouragement.
13. Mount Vernon, George Washington's **stately** home, is a large building containing nineteen rooms.
14. Because of gossip concerning his character, the ignorant villagers were ready to **slander** the newcomer.
15. The early settlers needed the help of soldiers to (repeal, **repel**) the attacks of the Indians.
16. As a special (conception, **concession**) the children were allowed to stay up till 11 O'clock, because it was Father's birthday.
17. There used to be a law here, which did not permit automobiles to travel over 15 miles per hour, It was (**repealed**, repelled) many years ago.
18. I really had no (**conception**, concession) of the beauty of the Rocky Mountains until I saw them last summer.

LESSON 5

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AGGRAVATE (उकसाना/बदतर कर देना)	(Verb): worsen, exasperate, intensify, irritate, ignite,	(alleviate/ease)
2. BARTER (वस्तु विलिप प्रणाली/अदला-बदला करना)	(Verb): exchange, trade, truck, interchange, switch.	(purchase,buy)
3. BESTOW (पदान/अर्पित करना)	(Verb): give, donate, confer, bequeath, present, impart,	(withdraw/extract)
4. CITE (उद्धरण/हवाला देना/उद्धृत करना)	(Verb): mention, quote, commend, summon, arraign.	(hide,suppress)
5. DELEGATE (प्रतिनिधि/मंडल)	(Noun): agent envoy, deputy, emissary, representative.	(discharge)
6. DOMESTIC (पालतू/घरेलू)	(Adj.): household, pet, homely, family, tame, house.(wild/public/forest)	

7. FUGITIVE (भगोड़ा/फरारी)	(Noun):	eloper, absconder, refugee, escapee, runaway,(detainee/hostage)
8. GARB (पोशाक वेश)	(Noun):	attire, dress, garment, outfit, costume, array. (unclothed)
9. LADEN (लदा हुआ)	(Adj.):	loaded, lumpish, lumpy, weighty, heavy, full, (bare/empty)
10. OBLIGATION (आधार/दायित्व)	(Noun):	responsibility, bond, liability, commitment, debt, (credit/thanks)
11. OUTSET (प्रारंभ/शुरुआत)	(Noun):	beginning, start, commencement, onset, birth, (ending/conclusion)
11. RATIONAL (तार्किक/विवेकपूर्ण)	(Adj.):	logical, sensible, reasonable, sound, rational,(illogical/irrational)
13. REBUKE (डॉटना/फटकारना)	(Verb):	chide, admonish, reprove, reprimand, scold, (praise/applaud)
14. RESOLUTE (दृढ़/कृतसंकल्प/पक्का, ठोस)	(Adj.):	firm, determined, resolved, decisive, definite, (weak/irresolute)
15. DISCORD (झगड़ा करना/अनबन/मतभेद)	(Noun):	dispute, disagreement, conflict, quarrelling, (accord/harmony)
16. DISCOURSE (उपदेश/भाषण/प्रवचन)	(Noun):	dialogue, lecture, speech, oration, sermon. (silence,quiet)
17. RETAIN (याद रखना)	(Verb):	hold, keep, maintain, uphold, save, preserve. (lose/drop/mislay)
18. SUSTAIN (बल प्रदान करना/जीवित रखना, बनाने रखना)	(Verb):	help, assist, nourish, feed, support, boost, aid. (sap/weaken/drain)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- The only eyewitness was a child who was much too frightened to give a **rational** account of the accident.
- The child will **aggravate** the condition if she rubs the rash on her arm.
- When I gave the man a ride, I did not know he was a **fugitive** from justice.
- Last year the crops were poor; this summer the trees are **laden** with fruit.
- Until recently John seemed aimless now he is making a **resolute** effort to do well in his studies.
- My aunt nursed my mother through a long illness, for which reason, I have always felt some **obligation** towards her.
- Since I had lost all my money, I had to **barter** my watch for a night's lodging.
- The players were so evenly matched that I could see from the **outset** that the score would be close.
- He intends to **bestow** all his wealth on his youngest son.
- The fugitive managed to escape across the border in the **garb** of a priest.
- We appoint you as our **delegate** to put our case before the Town Council.
- How some of our **domestic** animals became man's helpers is told in an amusing story by Kipling.
- The teacher asked me to **cite** an example of the bravery of the early colonists.
- The child is so sensitive that she bursts into tears when the teachers **rebuke** her.
- Although they disagree on many subjects, there is very little serious (discourse, **discord**) between the two families.
- Since she does not pay careful attention, she (**retains**, sustains) little of what she is taught.
- The speaker gave us an interesting (**discourse**, discord) on the subject of Arctic birds.
- One glass of milk is not enough to (retain, **sustain**) you until noon.

LESSON - 6

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADVANTAGEOUS (लाभदायक/लाभकर)	(Adj.): helpful, beneficial, profitable, gainful, useful.	(injurious/bad)
2. BALMY (सुहावना/शाली देना)	(Adj.): warm, pleasant, soft, mild, gentle, temperate.	(bitter/chilly/cold)
3. CAMPUS (विश्व विद्यालय परिसर)	(Noun): a building of a university, a college ground.	(no antonym)
4. CATER (परोसना/भेजने वाला)	(Noun): provide, serve, supply, feed, accommodate.	(upset/displeas)
5. CURRENCY (मुद्रा)	(Noun): money, coin, specie, notes, cash, coinage.	(debt)
6. ELEVATED (उत्साही/ऊँचाई महत्वपूर्ण)	(Adj.): respectable, raised, erect, fine, lifted up, high,	(dejected/poor/bad)
7. EVACUATE (खाली करना)	(Verb): empty, abandon, vacate, clear, expel, leave.	(occupy/fill/dwell)
8. GAIT (कदम/चाल-ढाल)	(Noun): step, tread, pace, stride, walk, motion, trot, tramp.	(stillness/silence)
9. GAUDY (भड़कौला)	(Adj.): showy, cheap, gay, bright, flashy, colourful.	(elegant/ simple)
10. HAMLET (छोटा सा गाँव)	(Noun): village, pueblo, ghetto, parish, rural community,	(metropolitan/city)
11. MAIM (अपाग कर देना/घायल करना)	(Verb): cripple, lame, mutilate, disfigure, damage, harm,	(heal/mend)
12. OUTLAY (लागत/व्यय/खर्च)	(Noun): expenditure, expense, provision, costs, spending,	(income/revenue)
13. PRIME (आरंभिक/मुख्य/पृथक)	(Adj.): first, fundamental, chief, major, leading, crucial,	(minor/secondary)
14. REPAST (भोज/दावत)	(Noun): meal, food, feast, banquet, buffet, collation.	(appetizer)
15. ADJOIN (स सटना/मिलना/जोड़ना)	(Verb): touch, abut, meet, boarder, attach to, meet.	(separate/part)
16. ADJOURN (स्थगित करना)	(Verb): postpone, end, finish, discontinue, defer, delay,	(start/begin)
17. OCCIDENTAL (पश्चिमी विश्व से संबंधित)	(Noun): related to Western part of the world.	(oriental)
18. ORIENTAL (पूर्व या दक्षिण एशिया से संबंधित)	(Adj.): related to East or South-East Asia.	(occidental,western)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- The firemen ordered the tenants to **evacuate** the building when fire broke out in the basement.
- Many factory workers have been **maimed** because of their carelessness when operating machines.
- Our team is in **an advantageous** position, because the final game is to be played on our field.
- It was easy to find him in the crowd, because he was wearing a **gaudy** tie.
- The farmer's wife gave us a satisfying **repast** of bread, cheese and milk,
- You can tell from the gait of the colt that it has possibilities as a racer.
- In order to start a vegetable garden, **an outlay** of two dollars is necessary for seeds,
- Most of the college professors live in houses on the **campus**
- The members of the track team are in **elevated** condition, thanks to the good work of their trainer.
- On the first day of spring, the air was so **balmy** that we sat with our coats off.
- The name of my birthplace is not likely to be shown on this map, because it is nothing more than a **hamlet**.
- The **prime** railways in Chicago were built to relieve the traffic on the streets.
- In the mining towns of the early days, gold dust was sometimes used as **currency**.
- Have we enough dishes and cutlery to **cater** for 200 people ?

15. Some (occidental, **oriental**) countries, such as China and India, are very thickly populated.
16. Since it is getting late, let us (adjoin, **adjourn**) the meeting until tomorrow.
17. Canada and the United States are known as (**occidental**, oriental) countries.
18. Although the child sleeps in a room that (**adjoins**, adjourns) mine, I did not hear its cry.

LESSON - 7

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ASSERT* (दावा करना/पक्का विश्वास दिलाना)	(Verb): declare, claim, avow, affirm, emphasize, allege,	(refuse/deny)
2. ASSERT (बल पूर्वक कहना)	(Verb): make a claim to, defend, fight for, stand up for.(give up/renounce	
3. EBB (कम होना/घटना/घाटा)	(Verb): decrease, recede, fallback, flow back, outflow,	(flow run/flood)
4. ENDOW (धन प्रदान करना)	(Verb): award, bestow, donate, give bequeath, provide,(extract/take away)	
5. FATAL (धातक/जानलेवा)	(Adj.): deadly, lethal, dangerous, fatal, toxic, incurable,(harmless/safe)	
6. IMPULSE (प्रेरणा/तीव्र इच्छा/धक्का)	(Noun): strong desire, push, thrust, urge, inclination, bent,	(aversion/hatred)
7. INTELLECT (बुद्धि/ज्ञानशक्ति)	(Noun): intuition, intelligence, sense, perception, genius,	(foolishness)
8. MEDIEVAL (मध्यकालीन)	(Adj.): related to middle age AD 1100 - 1500,antique	(modern,future)
9. REPLENISH (फिर से भरना)	(Verb): refill, restock, renew, stock up, reload, amass,(empty/drain/pour	
10. REPROVE (डाटना/फटकारना)	(Verb): rebuke, chide, admonish, scold, reprimand, warn,(praise/applaud)	
11. SPELLBOUND(मोहित/मंत्र-मुग्ध)	(Adj.): surprised, enthralled, captivated, mesmerized.(bored/indifferent	
12. STATUS (स्थिति/पद/यसमसविकस्थिति)	(Noun): position, rank, condition, state, order, title,	(worthlessness)
13. SUBTLE (धूर्त/सूक्ष्म/चतुर)	(Adj.): cunning, clever, crafty, wily, delicate, elusive.	(naive/juvenile)
14. TEEM (से भरा हुआ)	(Verb): full of, abound, swarm, thrive, flourish, boom, (disperse/scatter)	
15. CAST (पात्र/भूमिका/दिशा)	(Noun): troupe, actors, players, performers, company.	(gather)
16. CASTE (जाति/वर्ण)	(Noun): race, class, rank, tribe, clan, sect, genre, species,	(no antonym)
17. REFERENCE (संबंध, संदर्भ/प्रमाणपत्र)	(Noun): credential, citation, testimonial, allusion,	(disapproval)
18. REVERENCE (आदर/प्रणाम)	(Noun): respect, regards, honour, courtesy, veneration.(contempt/dislike)	

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. I have often heard him **assert** that he is an expert swimmer, but I have never met anyone who has seen him in the water.
2. I am only acting as president:my **status** will not be definite until we have had an election.
3. Ulysses used a **subtle** plan to trick the Trojans.
4. Since Mr. Watson has been kind enough to **endow** the college, we have been able to reduce the fees.
5. He has worked hard for several years to make the school magazine a success; should he not **assert** his right to be editor this year ?
6. The forests on the banks of the Amazon **teem** with wild life.
7. The ship had to put in to shore to **replenish** its water tanks.
8. When the tide **ebbs** on this coast, we can walk right out to that big rock.
9. The explorer, Cortez, stood **spellbound** when he first sighted the Pacific.

10. What is the name of the man who fired the ***fatal*** shot, which killed Lincoln ?
 11. His explanation of atomic energy was so difficult that only a person of unusual ***intellect*** could understand it.
 12. Some of the castles built in ***medieval*** times are still in good repair, even though they are over 500 years old.
 13. The speaker annoyed me so much that, I had to resist the ***impulse*** to interrupt.
 14. The farmer had to ***reprove*** the children for leaving all the gates open.
 15. In India the people of one (cast, ***caste***) often refuse to associate with those of another.
 16. I shall be pleased to see you next week with (***reference***, reverence) to a position with this company.
 17. Our school stage is so small that we need a play with a small (***cast***, caste).
 18. The congregation knelt in (reference, ***reverence***) during the prayer.
- * This word occurs twice because it has two meanings, other double or triple listings will be encountered in, subsequent lessons.

LESSON - 8

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSORB (सोख लेना/शोषित करना) (Verb):	soak up, sop up, suck up, assimilate, take in.	(exude/crete)
2. BOON (वरदान) (Noun):	benefit, favour, remedy, windfall, advantage.	(disadvantage/loss)
3. ERR (भूल/गलती करना) (Verb):	make a mistake, misjudge, blunder, slipup.	(comprehend)
4. LOOM (धुंधला दिखाई देना) (Verb):	appear, figure, look, become visible, emerge.	(fade/dwindle)
5. PARASITE (परजीवी) (Noun):	leech, bloodsucker, mosquitoes, tick, vampire.	(self dependant)
6. RETORT (प्रत्युत्तर) (Noun):	reply angrily, rejoin, witticism, sally, retort.	(ask/request)
7. SHUN (से दूर रहना/त्यागना) (Verb):	avoid, elude, evade, ignore, cut, eschew, reject,	(court/invite/woo)
8. SPACIOUS (विस्तृत/बड़ा) (Adj.):	roomy, sizeable, spacious, widespread, large.	(cramped/confined]
9. SUBMERGE (गोता लगाना/डूबना) (Verb):	submerse, immerse, drown, sink, dive, immerse,	(float/hover/hang)
10. SUBORDINATE (अधीनस्थ कर्मचारी/सहायक) (Noun):	assistant junior, helper, aide, advisor, colleague,	(senior/boss/chief)
11. SUBSEQUENT (क्रमशः/परिणाम स्वरूप) (Adj.):	succeeding, following, consequent, successive,	(preceding/prior)
12. TAPER (पतला करना/तूकिला) (Verb):	get thinner, narrow, lessen, slacken, diminish.	(increase/widen)
13. TARDY (दिल्लड/धीमा) (Adj.):	sluggish, overdue, late, slow, slack, dilatory.	(prompt/speedy)
14. THRESHOLD (दहलीज/द्वार) (Noun):	entrance, sill, doorsill, doorstep, entry, porch,	(exit/egress)
15. LARVA (किट/इल्ली) (Noun):	young insect, worm, caterpillar, maggot.	(no antonym)
16. LAVA (लावा) (Noun):	molten rock that flows from a volcano, magma,	(glacier)
17. PRESUME (मान मानना/अनुमान) (Verb):	assume, infer, guess, deduce, believe, consider,	(confirm/prove)
18. RESUME (फिर से शुरू करना/पुनः प्राप्त करना) (Verb):	recommence, return to, continue, carry on.	(stop/discontinue)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. Mother always advised us to ***shun*** evil companions.
2. Please lend me a chisel: I shall have to ***taper*** this post before it can be fitted into the hole.
3. Many of the elms are being attacked by a ***parasite***, which is slowly killing them..

4. We had reached the **threshold of** her house before we remembered that the party had been postponed.
5. The lighthouse-keeper thought he saw the hull of a ship **loom** out of the fog.
6. I apologize for being so **tardy** in replying to your letter.
7. If the navigator should **err** in his calculations, the ship may run on the rocks.
8. The earliest submarines could **submerge** only for a few minutes at a time.
9. A lieutenant is **subordinate** in rank to a captain.
10. Even in wet weather our garden is not muddy: the soil is sandy and it quickly **absorbs** the rain.
11. Alexander Bell said that the world would one day be linked by telephone, **Subsequent** events have proved him to be right.
12. Puncture-proof tires are a **boon** to motorists.
13. The boy has apologized to the teacher for the **retort** he made to her yesterday.
14. The new gymnasium is so **spacious** that the whole school can witness a basketball game.
15. After his accident it was a long time before he could (presume, **resume**) his work.
16. (**Lava**, Larva) from the erupting volcano poured down the mountainside.
17. If you (**presume**, resume) that I intend to support this scheme, you are greatly mistaken.
18. From the egg of the **hunting-wasp** hatches a tiny (lava, **larva**).

LESSON - 9

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AUXILIARY (सहायक/पूरक)	(Adj.): helping, subsidiary, supplementary, supporting,	(main/primary)
2. DEFILE (अपवित्र करना/गंदा करना)	(Verb): taint sully, contaminate, corrupt, ruin, degrade,	(respect/clean)
3. DURABLE (टिकाऊ)	(Adj.): heavy-duty, tough, strong, long-lasting, enduring.	(flimsy/weak)
4. ENCOUNTER (अचानक मुलाकात/भेट)	(Noun): meeting, interview, engagement, appointment.	(departure/leaving)
5. ENCOUNTER (भिड़त/मुठभेड़)	(Noun): combat, skirmish, battle, collision, conflict.	(surrender/defeat)
6. ENTREAT (अर्ज करना/याचना)	(Verb): request, beg, crave, pray, beseech, plead, ask.	(order/command)
7. EXACT (वसूल करना/जबरदस्ती मागना)	(Verb): extract obtain, demand, claim, export, wrest.	(grant/exempt)
8. FRENZY (बेचैनी/पागलपन/दिवाना)	(Noun): furs, excitement, delirium, furor, passion, anger,	(calmness/peace)
9. GARRET (अटारी/दुछत्ती/बालकोनी)	(Noun): attic, booth, stall, cell, loft, compartment, caves,	(cellar/basement)
10. INSEPARABLE (अटूट)	(Adj.): always together, connected, united, undivided,	(separate detached)
11. MEDIUM (माध्यम)	(Noun): means, channel, mode, avenue, agent,	(unreasonable,different)
12. REACT (प्रतिक्रिया करना)	(Verb): respond, answer, reply, rejoin, counter, retort.	(ask/question)
13. THEME (विषय/प्रसंग)	(Noun): topic, text, thesis, subject, idea, matter.	(insurgent,painful)
14. VELOCITY (रफ्तार/वेग)	(Noun): speed, swiftness, rapidity, acceleration, pace,	(slowness/lateness)
15. CORE (केंद्रक/मुख्य क्षेत्र)	(Noun): centre, interior, heart, nucleus, gist, pith, middle,	(exterior/outside)
16. CORPS (वाहिनी)	(Noun): body, company, branch, outfit,organization	(indivisual,privacy))
17. STATIONARY (अचल/स्थिर)	(Noun): fixed, rooted, immobile, inactive, static, still.	(moveable/handy)
18. STATIONERY (लेखन-सामग्री)	(Noun): materials that are used for writing , work,	(mobile,episodic)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. The rain dripped through the leaky roof into the **garret** in which the boys were playing.
2. The Athenians sent a messenger to **entreat** the Spartans to come to their aid.
3. We are going to advertise the loss of our dog through the **medium** of the local newspapers.
4. On account of the great **velocity** of the wind, the final boat race was postponed.
5. The people who were rapped on the roof of the burning building were in a **frenzy** of fear.
6. Besides its two large fuel tanks, the airplane is equipped with two **auxiliary** tanks.
7. International friendship was the **theme** of the General's address.
8. You will need **durable** clothes if you intend to work in the farm.
9. Most animals will **react** favourably to kind treatment.
10. Some Hindus believe that they **defile** themselves if they touch anyone of a lower caste.
11. He damaged my car, but refuses to pay the repair bill; I shall ask my lawyer to try to **exact** payment.
12. I had a pleasant **encounter** yesterday with a school friend whom, I had not seen for three years.
13. John and George are **inseparable** companions who are rarely seen apart.
14. The Greeks were outnumbered one hundred to one in their fierce **encounter** with the Persians.
15. The cadet (core, **corps**) will parade at three o'clock this afternoon.
16. School supplies may be bought at a nearby (stationary, **stationery**) store.
17. Inside the ball there is a (core, **corps**) of hard rubber.
18. We need a moveable rather than (**stationary**, stationary) platform.

LESSON - 10

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABOLITION (उन्मूलन/ प्रथा समाप्त करना/ समापन)	(Noun): elimination, removable, end, repeal, cancellation (implementation)	
2. ACHIEVE (प्राप्त करना)	(Verb): attain, accomplish, reach, get, realize, succeed in. (fail/disappoint)	
3. ACUTE (विकट/घोर/कमी)	(Adj.): dire, critical, serious, severe, poignant astute.(light/soft/gentle)	
4. ACUTE (कुशाग्र/प्रखर/नीरज)	(Adj.): intelligent, sharp, keen, shrewd, sensitive. (stupid/indifferent)	
5. AGITATION (आंदोलन/अशांति/उत्तेजना)	(Noun): disturbance, perturbation, anxiety, confrontation, (relaxation/silence)	
6. BENEFICIAL (लाभदायक/हितकारी)	(Adj.): helpful, advantageous, profitable, favourable.(harmful/injurious)	
7. DIALECT (उपभाषा/बोली)	(Noun): language, tongue, vernacular, Langue, speech, (standard)	
8. FRUITLESS (फलहीन/व्यर्थ)	(Adj.): useless, vain, unprofitable, failed, futile, wasted. (fruitful/beneficial)	
9. JUSTIFY (उचित ठहराना)	(Verb); defend, rationalize, validate, substantiate. (censure/blame)	
10. MATERIALLY (वस्तु/भौतिक सत्य से)	(Adj.): significantly, considerably, vastly, substantially, (slightly/a bit)	

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11. PROHIBIT (रोकना/मना करना) (Verb): slop, veto, bar, ban, forbid, hinder, prevent (permit/allow)
12. RATIO (अनुपात) (Noun): proportion, rate, percentage, relation, fraction. (whole, measurement)
13. SCOURGE (अनर्थ/महाविपत्ति/चावुक, कोड़ा) (Noun): affliction, frustration, annoyance, nuisance, bane, (boon/windfall)
14. TAIN (दूषित करना/कलंकित करना) (Verb): spoil, contaminate, corrupt infect, stain, infect (clean/fitter)
15. LUNAR (चंद्र) (Adj.): celestial, Moon, lunate, galactic. (solar)
16. SOLAR (सौर/सूर्य) (Adj.): planetary Sunny, radiative (lunar, dark)
17. SUSPENSE (दुबिधा/असमजस) (Noun): apprehension, anticipation, anxiety, tension, (belief/trust/faith)
18. SUSPENSION (निलबन/स्थगन) (Noun): termination, rejection, elimination, exit, deferral, (preservation)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. There was **an acute** shortage of water in the city because of the long drought
2. The crops are suffering from lack of water: a steady rain for a few hours would be very **beneficial**
3. Several charitable organizations benefited **materially** from Mr, Henson's will.
4. His father will help him to **achieve** his aim to become a doctor.
5. A search along the shore was **fruitless** we never found our boat
6. Guided by its **acute** sense of smell, the bloodhound followed the fugitive's trail over the mountain.
7. In our class there are thirty girls and ten boys: hence the **ratio** of girls to boys is three to one.
8. Our principal believes in homework: he thinks that its **abolition** would be a mistake.
9. The **dialect** spoken in the north of the country differs greatly from that which is spoken in the south.
10. I realize that the man was ill treated in his childhood, but that does not **Justify** his ill treatment of children now.
11. The news that hitler litler had defeated France caused great **scourge** in England.
12. The trees were stripped of their leaves by the **agitation** of caterpillars.
13. There are so many dead fish in the river this summer that we are afraid they are going to **taint** the water.
14. I shall have to **prohibit** the playing of baseball here: two windows have already been broken.
15. (Lunar, **Solar**) heat causes vapour to rise from the lakes and rivers to form clouds.
16. Time was almost up: the crowd looked on in (**suspense**, suspension) as our opponents struggled to even the score.
17. The **Moon** goes around the Earth in about 29½ days, This space of time is known as a (**lunar**, solar) month.
18. The president of the baseball league ordered the (suspense, **suspension**) of the player who struck the umpire.

LESSON - 11

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABANDON (छोड़ना/परित्यागना) (Verb):	leave, desert, dump, discard, quit relinquish,	(keep/stay)
2. ADVOCATE (वकालत करना/दलील)(Verb):	support, favour, back, justify,, promote, defend,	(discourage/deter)
3. BACTERIA (जीवाणु/सूक्ष्म) (Noun):	microbes, germs, microorganisms, insect, bug,	(virus)
4. CARDINAL (महत्वपूर्ण/मुख्य) (Adj.):	important, salient, chief, basic, prominent	(secondary/minor)
5. COMPREHEND (समझना/व्याख्या)(Verb):	understand, know, realize, grasp, get, conceive,	(miss/escape/lose)
6. COMPRESS (पट्टी/गद्दी) (Noun):	bandage, wrapping, pad, napkin, dressing,	(decompress, expand)
7. COMPRESS (दबाना) (Verb):	press, condense, contract, squeeze, reduce,	(expand/enlarge)
8. DOWNRIGHT (पूर्णतया/स्पष्ट) (Adj.):	fully, totally, completely, wholly, extremely.	(somewhat/a bit)
9. DRASTIC (कठोर/सशक्त) (Adj.):	severe, rash, strong, stringent, harsh, dire.	(modest/moderate)
10. GENERATE (पैदा/उत्पन्न करना) (Verb):	produce, create, breed, make, manufacture,	(destroy/finish)
11. LEGISLATION (कानून/विधान) (Noun):	law, rule, ordinance, maxim, statute, regulation,	(no rule, abatement)
12. MAGNIFY (बड़ा करना) (Verb):	intensify, strengthen, increase, enlarge, reinforce,	(weaken/abate)
13. MARINE (समुद्री) (Adj.):	nautical, naval, sea, maritime, oceanic, aquatic,	(terrestrial/land)
14. PARTISAN (समर्थक/हिमायती) (Noun):	aide, ally, follower, supporter, adherent follower,	(opponent/foe)
	(किसी दल या व्यक्ति का समर्थक)	
15. LANDSCAPE (भू-दृश्य) (Noun):	scenery, backdrop, view, sight, show, vista.	(seascape)
16. PLAINTIFF (सुदरई/वादी) (Noun):	complainant, litigant, suitor, appellant, petitioner.	(defendant)
17. PLAINTIVE (शांकाकुल/दुःखी) (Adj.):	sad, mournful, wistful, melancholy, lamenting,	(happy/cheerful)
18. SEASCAPE (समुद्री दृश्य) (Noun):	a picture or a painting of a sea.	(landscape/scenery)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- In order to gain sympathy, she will often **advocate** the seriousness of her illness.
- Do not trust him: he is secretly a **partisan** of our opponents.
- This machine will **compress** the plastic material into thin sheets.
- New **legislation**, which prohibits the shooting of insect-eating birds has just been passed.
- Although starving, the faithful dog refused to **abandon** its master.
- Wearing a diving suit, the scientist went down to the bed of the ocean to study **marine** life.
- I am a new member of this club, but at the risk of making myself unpopular, I am going to **magnify** some changes in the rules.
- The doctor had to put a hot **compress** on my swollen finger.
- It would be a **downright** shame to waste all this good food.
- After his own little boy was hurt, the police chief decided to take **drastic** action against careless drivers.
- Although the children knew that their father was very tired, they continued to be noisy, Such thoughtlessness is hard to **comprehend**.
- When you go for your interview: remember this **cardinal** point: give direct answers.
- Is there a good reason why these waterfalls cannot be used to **generate** electric power ?
- The drinking water had to be boiled, because it contained harmful **bacteria**.
- A (plaintiff, **plaintive**) cry from the cradle told her that the baby was awake.

16. This picture of waves breaking on the rocks is a beautiful {landscape, **seascape**}.
17. The person who brings an action against another in a court of law is called the (**plaintiff**, plaintive).
18. After the forest fire had passed, the (**landscape**, seascape) was dotted with charred slumps

LESSON - 12

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ACCOMMODATION (Noun): (रहने की व्यवस्था)	lodging, housing, room, space, convenience, abode,	(firmness)
2. ANTICIPATE (पूर्वानुमान/अनुमान लगाना)(Verb):	foresee, predict, expect, divine, guess, presume,	(unexpected)
3. BESEECH (विनय पूर्वक मांगना) (Verb):	ask for, beg, plead, request, implore, entreat.	(impose/force)
4. BROOD (बच्चे/संतान/अंडा से) (Noun):	children, kids, offspring, family, progeny, young,	(parent/guardian)
5. BROOD (चिन्ता करना/गहन सोचना)(Verb):	worry, trouble, bother, hassle, fret, agonize.	(please/delight)
6. DISPLAY (प्रदर्शित करना) (Verb):	show, exhibit, manifest, disclose, demonstrate,	(conceal/hide)
7. DUBIOUS (संदिग्ध/अस्पष्ट) (Adj.):	doubtful, uncertain, hesitant, suspicious, unsure,	(sure/certain)
8. ENACT (कानून बनाना) (Verb):	make, execute, pass, permit, ratify, endorse.	(abolish/end)
9. FLEETING (क्षणिक/क्षणभंगुर) (Adj.):	brief, passing, nimble, transient, momentary,	(permanent/lasting)
10. HALLOWED (पवित्र) (Adj.):	holy, blessed, godly, saintly, sacred, consecrated,	(tainted/stained)
11. MAXIM (सूक्ति/नीतिवचन/कहावत)(Noun):	saying, proverb, dictum, aphorism, saw, dictum,	(absurdity)
12. MELLOW (पका हुआ/परिपक्व/कोयल)(Adj.):	mature, full-grown, developed, ripened, ready.	(unripe/young)
13. PROMINENT (विख्यात/विशिष्ट/मुख्य)(Adj.):	notable, eminent, influential, important, famous,	(insignificant)
14. SPURN (दुकराना/घृणा) (Verb):	deny, refuse, reject, repel, kick, scout, despise.	(accept/take)
15. DIALOGUE (वार्तालाप/सवाद) (Noun):	conversation, discussion, interview, discourse,	(silence)
16. INSCRIPTION (अभिलेख/शिलालेख) (Noun):	composition, document, writing, message, note,	(adscript, sedition)
17. MONOLOGUE (भाषण एकालाप/गुणगुण) (Noun):	speech, lecture, oration, recitation, address,	(small talk, dialogue)
18. PRESCRIPTION (आदेश/सलाह)(Noun):	instruction, recommendation, control,	(prohibition, lawlessness)

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USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- As the car sped by, I caught only a **fleeting** glimpse of the driver's face.
- Twenty years ago, Mr, Wilton arrived in this town without money or friends: now he is a prosperous and **prominent** citizen who supports many worthy causes.
- I have come to **beseech** your forgiveness for the wrong that I did you.
- Mrs. Seaton is very brave and does not **brood** over the loss of her son.
- Because of the scarcity of pickers, the **mellow** fruit was dropping from the trees.
- The town is so small that it will be difficult to find **accommodation** for all the delegates who are coming to the conference.
- We were amazed to see Paul **display** such courage in rescuing the drowning boy, because he is not a strong swimmer
- It is impossible to **anticipate** the difficulties we may encounter, because we cannot find anyone who has taken this canoe-trip before.

9. When a Mohammedan enters a mosque, he removes his shoes, because he considers himself to be on hallowed ground
10. If only we could **enact** a law to prevent people from throwing lighted cigarette butts from car windows, there would be less danger of fires.
11. Waste not, want not is a **maxim** which parents often quote to their children.
12. The proud old man pretended to **spurn** my offer of money, but he accepted it later when no one else was present.
13. When the X-ray showed that a bone in my wrist was broken, the doctor was **dubious** about my chances of playing hockey again this season.
14. The mother hen is sheltering her **brood** under her wings.
15. Alone on the stage, the actor held the attention of the audience by the fine recital of his (dialogue, **monologue**).
16. Can you buy pills without a doctor's (inscription, **prescription**)?
17. In this scene there is an argument among some of the characters, and the (**dialogue**, monologue) is very clever,
18. Did you read the interesting (**inscription**, prescription) on the walls of the cave?

LESSON - 13

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ACQUIRE (प्राप्त करना/हासिल करना)(Verb):	obtain, gain, get, find, secure, develop, attain.	(lose/exhaust)
2. ALLOT (बांट देना, बाटना)	(Verb): give, assign, appoint, distribute, designate, ration,	(accumulate/amass)
3. ALTITUDE (उंचाई/महत्व)	(Noun): height above sea level, elevation,.	(depth/deepness).
4. AMPLE (पर्याप्त/प्रचुर/ज्यादा)	(Adj.): enough, sufficient, plenty, abundant, satisfactory,	(insufficient/scarce)
5. ASSAULT (हमला/आक्रमण/धावा बोलना)	(Noun): attack, invasion, foray, inroad, raid, incursion,	(defence/protection)
6. ASUNDER (टुकड़े-टुकड़े/अल, पृथक)(Adv.):	violently, forcefully, powerfully, intensely, hard,	(gently/softly)
7. CONVENTIONAL (व्यवहारिक/रूढ़/पारंपरिक)	(Adj.): usual, customary, formal, habitual, accepted.	(unconventional)
8. DOCTRINE (सिद्धांत/मत)	(Noun): policy, belief, theory, principle, creed.	(unbelief, skepticism)
9. ENVELOP (ढकना/घेर लेना)	(Verb): wrap, cover, enfold, enclose, surround, cloak.	(expose uncover)
10. INVINCIBLE (अजेय/अपराजेय)	(Adj.): unbeatable, unconquerable, strong, powerful,	(vulnerable/weak)
11. PIQUE (चिढ़ाना/जागना/उत्तेजित)	(Verb): interest, arouse, stimulate, attract, intrigue, grab,	(repel/disgust)
12. RESOURCES (संपत्ति/साधन)	(Noun): capital, assets, wealth, fund, possession, income,	(liability/charge)
13. RIGID (अडिग/स्थिर/कुड़ा/कठोर)	(Adj.): stiff, firm, inflexible, unbending, unyielding,	(floppy/bendy)
14. RIGID (कठोर/सख्त)	(Adj.): strict severe, harsh, stern, inflexible, tight.	(lax/permissive)
15. CREDITOR (महाजन/ऋणदाता)	(Noun): lender, giver, supplier, provider, contributor,	(debtor)
16. DEBTOR (ऋणी/कर्जदार)	(Noun): borrower, nonpayer, defaulter, beggar, taker,	(creditor)
17. DISCLAIM (इनकार करना/अधिकार छोड़ना)	(Verb): renounce, deny, disavow, disown, repudiate,	(acknowledge)
18. PROCLAIM (घोषणा करना/प्रकाशित)(Verb):	announce, declare, publish, broadcast, assert.	(conceal/hide)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. She tried to **pique** my curiosity by hinting that she had received an interesting letter.
2. Do not buy any more vegetables: we have an **ample** supply.
3. Two thousand years ago the Chinese built a huge wall, hoping, with its protection, to withstand any **assault** by their enemies.

4. While working in an office during the summer, I hope to **acquire** some knowledge of accounting.
5. Our baseball team won its first ten games easily; we thought we were **invincible** until your team beat us.
6. As the boiler burst **asunder** a cloud of escaping steam filled the room.
7. Whenever clouds **envelop** those mountain peaks, we expect rain within twenty-four **hours**.
8. Before we set out on a hike, I shall **allot** to each boy, according to his size, a share of the things to carry.
9. The poles to support your tent need not be heavy, but they must be **rigid**.
10. Her style of dress may not be **conventional**, but it is certainly attractive.
11. When the airplane reached **an altitude** of 12,000 feet, ice began to form on its wings.
12. The **doctrine** that 'might is right' is followed only by bullies and dictators.
13. I am almost at the end of my **resources**; I have spent all the money I earned last summer.
14. In our school there is a **rigid** rule that we move quietly from one classroom to another.
15. The boy (**disclaimed**, proclaimed) all knowledge of the broken window.
16. Since there is no way of repaying your kindness, I shall always be your (creditor, **debtor**).
17. Standing on the steps of the City Hall the mayor (disclaimed, **proclaimed**) a public holiday.
18. If all his (**creditors**, debtors) demanded payment at once, he would soon be without money.

LESSON - 14

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AVAILABLE (प्राप्त / उपलब्ध) (Adj.):	existing, ready, usable, obtainable, accessible.	(inaccessible)
2. CONSIGN (प्रेषित करना/माल भेजना)(Verb):	deliver send, dispatch, transfer, carry, convey.(keep/retain/hold)	
3. CURB (पर नियंत्रण रखना/अवरोध) (Verb):	control, limit, check, manage, restrain, reduce.	(promote/help)
4. DELICACY (स्वादिलिख खाद्य/कोमल)(Noun):	taste, refinement, distinction, good to eat, delight(tastelessness)	
5. EMBLEM (प्रतीक/चिन्ह) (Noun):	symbol, picture, sign, badge, motif, shape, crest,	(no antonym)
6. HUMID (आर्द्र/नम) (Adj.):	wet, damp, moist, clammy, soggy, soaked, dank,	(dry/waterless)
7. INTERCEPT (रोकना/काटना) (Verb):	cut off, catch, nab, seize, interrupt, stop, grasp,	(drop/continue)
8. POTENT (प्रभावकारी/शक्तिशाली) (Adj.):	powerful, effective, forceful, intoxicating.	(ineffective/weak)
9. PREFACE (प्रस्तावना/भूमिका) (Noun):	introduction, foreword, prologue, prelude.	(appendix/P.S.)
10. PROJECT (परियोजना/योजना) (Noun):	scheme, plan, development, mission, venture.	(no antonym)
11. PROJECT (Verb):	show, exhibit, cast, throw, project, impel, launch,	(hide/limit)
(बाहर निकालना/आगे बढ़ाना)		
12. RELINQUISH (त्यागना/छोड़ देना)(Verb):	resign, renounce, leave, sacrifice, surrender.	(retain/hold)
13. REMNANT (वचन/शेष/बचा हुआ)(Noun):	remainder, residue, rest, remains, leftover,	(whole, sum)
14. TIDINGS (समाचार/संवाद) (Noun):	reports, message, information, letters, news. (ignorance, silence)	
15. CONTEMPTIBLE (Adj.):	(always before a noun) disgraceful, shameful. (noble/distasteful)	
(शर्मनाक/तिरस्करणीय/धृष्टायोग्य)		

16. CONTEMPTUOUS (Adj.): (OF someone or something) disdainful, scornful, (appreciating)
(निदनीय/तिरस्कारक)
17. STATUE (मूर्ति/प्रतिमा) (Noun): image, effigy, sculpture, idol, icon. (entity)
18. STATUTE (विधान/अधिनियम/कानून)(Noun): act, rule, law, ordinance, decree, ruling (refrain, unwritten)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- The radio operator managed to **intercept** the enemy's message, but found that it was in code.
- Forbes wishes to **relinquish** the presidency of our club as soon as we find someone to take his place.
- An eagle is the **emblem** of the United States:
- If you let your atlas **project** beyond the edge of your desk, someone will knock it off in passing.
- The transport company will pick up your trunks and **consign** to your New York address.
- You should try to **curb** your desire to eat so much candy.
- All **available** fire-fighting equipment was rushed to the burning store.
- Our scout troop's latest **project** is a house-to-house collection of old newspapers and magazines.
- The air in the room was so **humid** that drops of water were running down the windows.
- The natives consider turtles eggs to be a great **delicacy**.
- For some illnesses penicillin is considered more **potent** than other medicines.
- In this national park there are 200 buffaloes, a **remnant** of the great herds which used to roam the prairies (grassland).
- In his **preface** the author says that this interesting novel is founded on fact.
- In early England people relied on the wandering minstrels to bring **tidings** from other districts.
- Although he is a tennis champion, he is not (contemptible, **contemptuous**) of our efforts to play the game.
- A large (**statue**, statute) in memory of its founder stands at the entrance to the hospital.
- To steal money from a blind man would be a (**contemptible**, contemptuous) act.
- The country's laws are recorded in the (statue, **statute**) books.

LESSON - 15

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AMISS (गड़बड़ी/गलती, दोष)	(Adj.): wrong, disorder, problem, bad, ill, unsuitable.	(suitable/right)
2. BLEAK (नीरस/उजाड़/उदासी)	(Adj.): hopeless, discouraging, forlorn, desolate, sad.	(promising/happy;
3. CHIDE (डॉटना/झिड़कना)	(Verb): rebuke, scold, reprove, lecture, harass, nag.	(praise/glorify)
4. COPE (का समाना करना/सहना)	(Verb): face, deal with, strive, handle, manage, survive,	(crumble/collapse)
5. COUNTENANCE (मुखड़ा/चेहरा/चेहरे की आकृति)	(Noun): face, expression, look, appearance, permit	(forbid)
6. COUNTENANCE (बरदाश्त करना/सहारा, समर्ण, साहस)	(Verb): tolerate, put up with, allow, accept, approve.	(forbid/leave)

7. CURRENT (मौजूदा)	(Adj.):	present, prevalent, prevailing, contemporary.	(old/outdated)
8. DEPOSE (अपदस्थ करना)	(Verb):	remove, dethrone, oust, unseat, overthrow,	(install/deploy)
9. DISPOSED (तैयार/प्रवृत्ति)	(Adj.):	willing, ready, likely, tending, bent, inclined.	(reluctant/averse)
10. MELANCHOLY (उदास/शोक)	(Adj.):	miserable, dejected, depressed, dismal, gloomy,	(cheerful/jovial)
11. MIRTH (हंसी-खुशी/प्रसन्नता)	(Noun):	entertainment, fun, merriment, glee, amusement,	(sorrow/woe)
12. PESTILENCE (महामारी)	(Noun):	plague, epidemic, deadly disease, endemic, virus,	(remedy, cure)
13. POISED (मंडराते हुए/संतुलित)	(Adj.):	hovering, hanging, perched, floating, suspended,	(contemptuous)
14. SULTRY (उमसदार/मनहूस/गर्म, उष्ण)	(Adj.):	suffocating, hot, humid, oppressive, muggy,	(pleasant/fresh)
15. MATERNAL (मातृक)	(Adj.):	related to mother, motherly, gentle, kind,	(paternal)
16. PATERNAL (पैतृक)	(Adj.):	related to father, fatherly, affectionate, warm.	(maternal)
17. RESTRAIN (रोकना/नियंत्रित करना/सीमा में रहना)	(Verb):	hold back, control, contain, prevent, hinder, curb,	(free/liberate)
18. RESTRICT (सीमित करना/प्रतिबंध, रूकावट)	(Verb):	limit, confine, control, contain, reduce, check.	(submit/offer)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. Have you ever watched a hummingbird **poised** in mid-air as it seeks food from a flower?
2. Although Florence is only eleven years old, I believe she could **cope** with the work of a higher grade.
3. Unless I write home twice a week, Mother thinks that there is something **amiss** and begins to worry about me.
4. Whenever her parents **chide** her for her misbehaviour, she becomes sulky (grim).
5. In 1665 a great **pestilence** caused the death of 63,000 people in the city of London.
6. My friend lives in a **melancholy** room, which is poorly lighted and contains very little furniture, I have seldom seen a more cheerless place.
7. You will find that the manager is not **disposed** to hire girls who have had no business training.
8. Because of his lack of interest in the affairs of the society, the members decided to **depose** the president.
9. The climate at this altitude is cool and dry, but down in the valley it is very **sultry**.
10. I could tell by his honest, open **countenance** that the boy was telling the truth.
11. The antics of the clown caused much **mirth** among the children.
12. Many of the **current** magazines contain articles on jet propulsion.
13. In spite of all his troubles, Mr. Rapley is not a **bleak** man.
14. The principal simply will not **countenance** the bullying of new pupils,
15. Hunters in this area are (restrained, **restricted**) to one deer per person.
16. Mr. Patton takes a great deal of (maternal, **paternal**) pride in his son's skill at hockey.
17. The woman had to be (**restrained**, restricted) from entering the burning house to set purse.
18. The (**maternal**, paternal) instinct will often cause a mother rabbit to try to fight her enemies.

LESSON - 16

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AGGREGATE (कुल/योग)	(Noun): total, sum, whole, collection, amount, figure. (part/share/fraction)	
2. ATTIRE (पोशाक/अलंकार)	(Noun): dress, clothing, garb, wear, costume, garment.	(unclothe, bare)
3. BANKRUPT (कंगाल/दिवालिया)	(Adj.): insolvent, ruined, broke, penniless, insolvent.	(solvent/rich)
4. FORTHWITH (शीघ्र/तुरंत झटके)	(Adv.): immediately, at once, without delay, instantly.	(late/delayed)
5. INTIMATE (सूचना देना/संदेश पहुंचाना)	(Verb): hint, indicate, suggest, imply, allude to, mention, (conceal/censor)	
6. INTIMATE (घनिष्ठ)	(Adj.): close, dear, near, warm, cherished, affable, jovial.	(distant/isolated)
7. MOLTEN (तरल/पिघला)	(Adj.): liquid, fluid, gooey, runny, watery, liquefied.	(solid/hard)
8. PRODIGAL (खर्चीला/अतिव्ययी)	(Adj.): spendthrift, profligate, extravagant, reckless.	(frugal/thrifty)
9. RESPLENDENT (बहुत चमकीला/सुन्दर चकमदार चेहरा)	(Adj.): stunning, glorious, dazzling, glittering, splendid, (unimpressive/dim)	
10. SHRED (बुरी तरह से क्षतिग्रस्त/टुकड़ा/खंड)	(Noun): piece, bit, scrap, tatter, crumb, fragment, particle, (whole, total)	
11. SULLEN (चिड़चिड़ा/मनहूस)	(Adj.): ill tempered, gloomy, angry, grim, brooding, sad.	(cheerful/jolly)
12. SYMBOL (प्रतीक/चिन्ह)	(Noun): sign, indication, representation, mark, figure.	
13. VERIFY (सत्यापित करना)	(Verb): test, prove, authenticate, validate, check, confirm. (disapprove/refute)	
14. VICTUALS (रसद/खाद्य-सामग्री)	(Noun): foodstuff, rations, provisions, cuisine, groceries, (lacks, beverage)	
15. DEPRIVE (से वंचित होना)	(Verb): devoid, take away, rob, divest, deny, leave, strip, (supply/provide)	
16. DERIVE (निकलना/प्राप्त करना)	(Verb): develop, obtain, gain, originate, grow, come, (donate/give)	
17. PERSECUTE (सताना/दुःख, पीड़ा)	(Verb): torture, harass, hunt, bully, hound, maltreat. (ease/facilitate)	
18. PROSECUTE (पर मुकदमा चलाना/गिरफ्तार करना)	(Verb): impeach, sue, put on trial, indict, arraign, charge, (acquit/set free)-	

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

- The white Hag is usually used as the **symbol** of surrender.
- Dressed in his best **attire** he set out to callon his friend.
- You can **verify** your multiplication by division.
- The child hasn't **sullen** nature, and soon recovers from his fits of temper.
- After the fees had-all been paid, the Treasurer reported an **aggregate** of \$75.
- When father became manger of this company: it was almost bankrupt but it is now quite **prosperous**.
- After we had pushed our way through the dense jungle, our clothes were in **shred**.
- When we heard the alarm, we knew there was no time to waste and we got **up forthwith**.
- Resplendent** in her beautiful gown, Cinderella set out for the ball.
- John and I have been **intimate** friends since we were in the sixth grade.
- The young man could live comfortably on his allowance, if he were not **so prodigal**.
- After being taken from the furnace, the **molten** metal was poured into moulds.
- Reece and Son is a company, which provides **victuals** for naval and merchant vessels.
- I have heard him **intimate** that he is going to change his job, but he has not told me so directly.

15. When I was at school, I lived in fear of a rough gang of boys who used to (**persecute**, prosecute) me for no good reason
16. Many of the words in our language are (deprived, **derived**) from Latin and Greek.
17. The police are going to (persecute, **prosecute**) all motorists who exceed the speed limit.
18. In this country nobody may be (**deprived**, derived) of freedom of speech.

LESSON-17

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADO (हलचल/परेशानी/गलत)	(Noun): bustle, disorder, upheaval, activity, commotion,	(peace/harmony)
2. ASPECT (आकृति/रूप)	(Noun): face, look, air, appearance, countenance, feature,	(deface, dodge)
3. COINCIDENCE (संयोगवस/महज संयोग)	(Noun): chance, quirk, luck, fate, fluke, happenstance,	(assurance/pledge)
4. COMPOSURE (आत्मसंयम/धैर्य)	(Noun): calmness, self possession, serenity, tranquility,	(agitation/anger)
5. LURE (प्रलोभन देना/कुसत्यागना)	(Verb): entice, tempt, coax, attract, decoy, allure, draw in	(repel/ward off)
6. MUSTER (एकत्र करना/बटोरना/समर्थन)	(Verb): collect, gather, assemble, congregate, convene,	(disperse/scatter)
7. RECOMPENSE (पारिश्रमिक)	(Noun): reward, payment return, remuneration, repay,	(penalty/fine)
8. SEMBLANCE (झलक/अभास/एक समान दिखाई देना)	(Noun): air, facade, impression, likeness, appearance,	(reality/certainty)
9. TARRY (देर लगाना/विलंब)	(Verb): linger, delay, loiter, stay, remain, hang, prolong,	(hurry up/speed up)
10. TIMELY (समय पर)	(Adv.): judicious, apt, sensible, appropriate, reasonable,	(untimely/fate)
11. VENT (छिद्र/चिमनी/निकास)	(Noun): aperture, chimney, hole, gap, opening, exhaust,	(plug/stopper)
12. VENT (उगलना/निकालना/प्रकट करना)	(Verb): pour, voice, declare, emit expel, utter, express,	(restrain/control)
13. VITAL (अत्यावश्यक/जीवन से संबंधित)	(Adj.): indispensable, fundamental, crucial, critical,	(minor/slight)
14. VITALITY (तेज/उर्जा/जीवन शक्ति)	(Noun): vigor, energy, liveliness, strength, vivacity,	(lethargy/laziness)
15. CULT (पंथ/सम्प्रदाय/धार्मिक विश्वास)	(Noun): faction, party, religious group, division,	(atheism, unbelief)
16. CULTURE (संस्कृति)	(Noun): society, civilization, development tradition,	(backwardness)
17. HOARD (भंडार/खजाना)	(Noun): heap, store, stock, mass, pile, collection, cache,	(delivery/supply)
18. HORDE (झुण्ड/गिरोह)	(Noun): mass, group, crowd, pack, gang, flock, host	(portion/section)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. Smoke was escaping through a small **vent** in the roof of the cabin.
2. By a strange **coincidence** my friend and I, who had not met for years, shared the same seat on a bus.
3. It was only your **timely** aid that enabled us to keep the boat from smashing against the rocks.
4. Cyclops, with his single eye, was a giant of fearsome **aspect**.
5. It is of **vital** importance that you stay in bed until your temperature is normal.
6. There is much **ado** in our house every morning when five children are getting ready to go to school.
7. Why do you **vent** your annoyance on me, when I was not to blame for your missing the train ?
8. Do not **tarry** too long over your breakfast, or you'll be late for school.

9. The boy tried to **lure** the rabbit into the homemade trap by placing a carrot at its entrance.
10. Although Mr, Evans is over seventy, he is a man of such **vitality** that he still does a full day's work on the farm.
11. My friend never seems to get excited nor loose his **composure**.
12. The people were poor, and, in many cases, the old doctor's only **recompense** was the gratitude of his patients.
13. There is not even the **semblance** of truth in his statement that I took his bicycle-pump.
14. Messengers rushed to the town to **muster** all able-bodied men to fight the forest, fire.
15. A (hoard, **horde**) of desert horsemen surrounded the besieged city.
16. A keen interest in music, art and literature is a sign of (cult, **culture**).
17. The old man didn't trust banks, he had a (**hoard**, horde) of money under his bed.
18. The natives belong to a (**cult**, culture) of sun-worshippers.

The

LESSON- 18

®

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CONFER (परामर्श करना/सलाह)	(Verb): talk, deliberate, discuss, debate, converse.	(conflicting)
2. CONFER (प्रदान करना/देना)	(Verb): award, present, give, grant, bestow, honor, gift, (retrieve/regain).	
3. CONSTITUTION (संविधान)	(Noun): charter, bill, statute, set of laws, ruling, decree, (disorganization)	
4. CONSTITUTION (शरीर की बनावट)	(Noun): health, make up, disposition, nature, ability.	(elimination)
5. CRITICAL (नाजुक)	(Adj.): serious, dangerous, grave, perilous, risky, unsafe, (safe/protected)	
6. CRITICAL (महत्वपूर्ण)	(Adj.): vital, crucial, key, important, essential, decisive, (insignificant)	
7. DISCRETION (सावधानी)	(Noun): prudence, good judgment, maturity, acumen.	(imprudence)
8. DISCRETION (विवेक/समझबूझ)	(Noun): freedom of choice, option, preference, will.	(dependency)
9. DISTINGUISH (भेद दिखाना/पहचानना)	(Verb): differentiate, discriminate, perceive, recognize, (compile/compose)	
10. DISTINGUISH (विशिष्टता प्राप्त करना)	(Verb): set apart, single out, characterize, classify, mark, (equal/match)	
11. INVOLVED (अंतर्गत/बुरे कामों में शामिल होना)	(Adj.): concerned, occupied, drawn in, caught up,	(carefree/relaxed)
12. INVOLVED (जटिल)	(Adj.): complicated, complex, intricate, tangled, difficult.	(simple/easy)
13. QUARRY (मरा हुआ शिकार)	(Noun): prey, victim, target, hurt, sufferer, casualty, fate,	(hunter/seeker)
14. QUARRY (खदान/पत्थर का ढेर)	(Noun): mine, pit; stone or sand bed, excavation	(predator, hunter)
15. DISTRACT (ध्यान भंग करना/विकर्षण)	(Verb): divert, sidetrack, disturb, avert, turn, deviate.	(concentrate/focus)
16. EXTRACT (उखाड़ना/बाहर करना)	(Verb): remove, take out, dig out, haul out, pull out,	(insert/slot in)
17. FORESTALL (रोकने का प्रबंध करना/स्थापित, पहले से लाना)	(Verb): prevent, avert, hinder, obviate, preclude, avoid, (allow/permit/let)	
18. INSTALL (लगाना (किस्त पर लेना))	(Verb): put in, fit, fix, set up, bed in, settle, establish	(extract/remove)

USE IN A SENTENCE:-

1. The doctor says that Mrs. Fenton is in a **critical** condition, but he thinks she will recover.
2. A great deal of the stone used in this building was mined in a nearby **quarry**.
3. I do not intend to become **quarry** in this quarrel between my two cousins.
4. Do not take the job unless you have a strong **constitution** the hours are long and the work is heavy.
5. You must not be too **involved** when you see our rehearsal: I don't want anyone to feel discouraged.
6. The hunters' dogs lost their **quarry in** some swampy land..
7. Although my brother has had no-coaching, he seems to be able to **distinguish** himself at all athletic meets.
8. At first glance the problem seems simple, but The more one studies it the more **involved** it proves to be.
9. The American **constitution** was drawn up during the years 1787 to 1789.
10. From the top of the mountain we could clearly **distinguish** the railway tracks in the valley.
11. You must drive with the greatest **discretion** because the traffic is heavy.
12. The leaders met together to **confer** concerning important matters.
13. Since the game was played in the rain, it was impossible to **distinguish** between our players and our opponents: they were all covered with mud.
14. When studying for examinations, you must use your own **discretion** as to how much time you spend on each subject.
15. To recognize his outstanding work in science, the University will **confer** an honorary degree on Mr. Speers.
15. Acting on information they had received, the police were able to (**forestall**, install) the robbery.
16. Do not (**distract**, extract) his attention when he is about to hit the ball.
17. Our new car has no radio, but I shall (forestall, **install**) one next week.
18. A dentist will not (distract, **extract**) a tooth if he can possibly save it.



WORDS FOR EXAM (LEVEL - 2)

LESSON - 1

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APERTURE (छेद/सूराख)	(Noun) : opening, gap, hole, slit, crack, break,	(barricade, blockage)
2. ARID (सूखा/शुष्क)	(Adj) : dry, dull, barren, scorched, baked, waterless,	(humid/moist)
3. COMELY (प्यारी/लुभावना)	(Adj) : lovely, charming, attractive, beautiful, pretty,	(ugly/nasty)
4. DEARTH (कमी)	(Noun) : lack, scarcity, shortage, want, deficiency,	(glut/abundance)
5. DEXTERITY (दक्षता)	(Noun) : skillfulness, deftness, ingenuity, expertness,	(clumsiness)
6. DISPEL (दूर करना)	(Verb) : disperse, scatter, dissolve, diffuse, spread,	(attract/draw)
7. EXPEL (निष्कासित करना)	(Verb) : drive out, sack, lay off, remove, banish, dismiss,	(admit/retain)
8. FERMENT (खमीर उठना)	(Verb) : to experience a chemical change, metamorphose,	(preserve/maintain)
9. FOMENT (भड़काना)	(Verb) : increase, generate, fuel, provoke, stimulate,	(defuse/calm)
10. FRAUGHT (भरा हुआ)	(Adj.) : filled, burdened, full, laden, loaded, occupied,	(lacking/absent)
11. FRUGAL (साधारण/केजूस)	(Adj.) : small, meager, tight, careful, thrifty, stringent,	(heavy/spendthrift)
12. IMMINENT (अपरिहार्य/सन्निकट)	(Adj) : about to happen, looming, coming, approaching,	(distant/remote)
13. INCESSANT (निरंतर)	(Adj.) : nonstop, relentless, persistent, ceaseless, endless,	(sporadic/irregular)
14. RECOURSE (सहार विकल्प)	(Noun) : option, alternative, remedy, way out,	(hindrance, obstruction)
15. RECUR (फिर उठना)	(Verb) : happen again, come again, return, reappear,	(cease/end)
16. RIGOURS (कठिनाईयां)	(Noun) : difficulties, unpleasant condition, trouble,	(simplicity/ease)
17. STAGNANT (स्थिर)	(Adj) : still, motionless, quiet, stationary, inactive,	(flowing/moving)
18. SWARTHY (सांवला)	(Adj.) : having dark skin, black, deep colour,	(white/light colour)
19. VERDURE (हरियाली)	(Noun) : greenness, grassland, pasture, grass, meadow,	(aridity/barrenness)
20. VIGILANCE (चौकसी)	(Noun) : watchfulness, care, caution, attention, alertness,	(carelessness)

LESSON - 2

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ARROGANT (घमंडी)	(Adj) : haughty, proud, overconfident, conceited,	(humble/modest)
2. AUSTERE (कठोर/गंभीर)	(Adj.) : severe, strict, stern, serious, cruel, brutal,	(gentle/kind/calm)
3. AVARICE (लालचपन)	(Noun) : greediness, greed, cupidity, materialism,	(generosity)
4. CONTAGIOUS (सकामक)	(Adj.) : infectious, transferable, communicable, (noninfectious, harmless)	
5. DELUGE (भरमार/बाढ़)	(Noun) : flood, torrent, overflow, surge, inundation,	(drought/lack)
6. DOLEFUL (दुःखी/शोकग्रस्त)	(Adj.) : unhappy, sad, dejected, awful, mournful, down,	(cheerful/happy)
7. ELIGIBLE (योग्य)	(Adj.) : entitled, suitable, qualified, appropriate, fit,	(ineligible/unfit)
8. EVADE (से बच निकलना)	(Verb) : escape, flee, run away, break away from,	(strand/trap)
9. FISSURE (दरार)	(Noun) : crack, split, gap, crevice, fracture, cleft, slit,	(patch up/repair)
10. ILLEGIBLE (अस्पष्ट)	(Adj.) : unreadable, indecipherable, unable to read,	(legible)
11. IMMACULATE (निर्मल/सही)	(Adj.) : spotless, perfect, clean and tidy, pristine.	(messy/flawed)
12. INERT (निष्क्रिय)	(Adj.) : lifeless, motionless, still, inactive, static.	(moving/active)
13. INNOVATION (परिवर्तन)	(Noun) : improvement, development, modernization,	(deterioration)
14. OBLIQUE (तिरछा/परीक्ष)	(Adj.) : slanting, slanted, tilted, sloping, indirect,	(upright/direct)
15. OBLITERATE (मिटा देना)	(Verb) : wipe out, destroy, eliminate, demolish.	(print/make/build)
16. PERUSE (ध्यान से पढ़ना)	(Verb) : read thoroughly, check, examine, scrutinize,	(scan/skim)
17. PERVADE (में फैल जाना)	(Verb) : permeate, fill, infuse, suffuse, cover.	(cavernous, collocate)
18. PRIVATION (तंगी/कठिनाई)	(Noun) deprivation, hardship, poverty, adversity,	(pleasure/comfort)
19. RETARD (प्रगति में बाधा डालना)	(Verb) : hold back, check, delay, impede, hinder,	(accelerate)
20. TRANSGRESS (उल्लंघन करना)	(Verb) : misbehave, disobey, contravene, breach.	(obey/respect)

LESSON - 3

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSORBENT (अवशोषक)	(Noun) : cotton, sponge, material used to absorb liquid,	(resistant)
2. ABSORBING (दिलचस्प)	(Adj.) : fascinating, captivating, charming, gripping,	(boring/dull)
3. ABYSS (गर्त/रसातल)	(Noun) : bay, empty space, hole, chasm, rift, gap,	(paradise, elysium)
4. ALLAY (कम या शांत करना)	(Verb) : dispel, calm, alleviate, reduce, lessen, lighten,(attract/bother)	
5. ANONYMOUS (गुमनाम)	(Adj.) : nameless, undistinguished, unnamed, unsigned,	(distinguished)
6. CONCEDE (मान लेना)	(Verb) : admit, accept, confess, give up, compromise,	(deny/renounce)
7. CURTAIL (कम करना)	(Verb) : limit, restrain, cut, shorten, decrease, reduce,	(enlarge/extend)
8. DAUNT (डराना)	(Verb) : discourage, frighten, scare, deter, put off,	(encourage/cheer)
9. DESCRIBED (देखना)	(Verb) : observe, notice, behold, perceive, witness,	(ignore, conceal)
10. DEVASTATE (सर्वनाश करना)	(Verb) : destroy, ruin, ravage, spoil, damage, wreck,	(preserve/save)
11. DILATE (फैलना)	(Verb) : open, expand, enlarge, widened, extend,	(shrink/contract)
12. DISSENSION (मतभेद)	(Noun) : opposition, disagreement, antagonism, conflict,	(friendliness)
13. EPIC (महाकाव्य)	(Noun) : classic, blockbuster, masterpiece, model,	(short story, prose)
14. ERRONEOUS (भ्रांतिपूर्ण)	(Adj.) : mistaken, wrong, incorrect, false, untrue,	(correct/right)
15. INSINUATE (सकेत करना)	(Verb) : imply, mean, involve, infer, hint, surmise,	(take out, declare)
16. PENSIVE (विचारमग्न/चिंतित)	(Adj.) : worried, anxious, engrossed, preoccupied,	(cheerful/bright)
17. RECEDE (घटना)	(Verb) : ebb, decline, move away, retreat, go back,	(advance/move on)
18. RESPITE (आराम)	(Noun) : interval, break, relief, intermission, recess,(arouse, drudgery)	
19. SUBSIST (पर निर्वाह करना)	(Verb) : exist, manage to survive, live, endure, carry on,	(perish/expire)
20. VAGRANT (घुमक्कड़)	(Adj) : nomadic, wandering, roaming, traveling, roving,	(established)

LESSON - 4

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AFFECT (डोंग रचना)	(Verb) : pretend, imitate, copy, feign, simulate, device,(fiasco, disaffect)	
2. AVERSION (धृणा)	(Noun) : dislike, hatred, distaste, repugnance, hate,	(fondness/liking)
3. CHAGRIN (खोज/नाराजगी)	(Noun) : disappointment, embarrassment, sorrow,	(satisfaction)
4. DISCRIMINATE (भेद करना)	(Verb) : differentiate, distinguish, separate, classify,	(unite/join/merge)
5. EFFECT (लागु करना)	(Verb) : cause, make, produce, prompt, fabricate,	(destroy/damage)
6. ELICIT (प्राप्त करना)	(Verb) : draw out, bring out, extract, obtain, acquire,(give/grant/pass)	
7. ELUSIVE (भगोड़ा/नदारद)	(Adj.) : fugitive, absconder, deserter, runaway.	(presenter)
8. ENTAIL (मांगना)	(Verb) : involve, need, demand, necessitate, require.	(spare/release)
9. FALLOW (परती)	(Adj.) : uncultivated, unplanted, unsown, bare, empty	(cultivated)
10. HAZARDOUS (खतरनाक)	(Adj.) : dangerous, risky, perilous, unsafe, terrifying.	(pleasant/safe)
11. ILLICIT (गैर कानूनी/अवैध)	(Adj) : illegal, unlawful, banned, dishonest, banned,	(legal/lawful/right)
12. LEGENDARY (प्रतिष्ठत)	(Adj) : famous, renowned, well known, celebrated,(unknown/strange)	
13. LUDICROUS (बलुका)	(Adj.) : absurd, unreasonable, foolish, ridicules,	(sensible/prudent)
14. MERCENARY (धनलोलुप)	(Adj.) selfish, greedy, materialistic, calculating,	(generous/kind)
15. NETHER (-world) (अधीलोक)	(Adj.) : hell, the world of the dead people,	(paradise/heaven)
16. ODIUS (धृणित)	(Adj.) : hateful, intolerable, unbearable, obnoxious,(delightful/lovely)	
17. PROVISIONAL (अस्थायी)	(Adj.) : temporary, interim, impermanent, acting,	(permanent)
18. TUMULTUOUS (उग्र/उत्तेजक)	(Adj.) : chaotic, frenzied, turbulent, disorganized,	(peaceful/quiet)
19. USURP (हड़पना)	(Verb) : seize, take, grab, snatch, grasp, capture,	(surrender/grant)
20. VESTIGE (अवशेष)	(Noun) : remnant, residue, leftover, trace, remains,	(whole/total)

LESSON - 5

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CELEBRITY (यशस्वी व्यक्ति) (Noun) :	famous person, personality, idol, superstar,(nonentity/upstart)	
2. DISCREDIT (पर संदेह करना) (Verb) :	doubt, disbelieve, suspect, mistrust, question, (trust/rely on)	
3. ENDORSE (पर हस्ताक्षर करना) (Verb);	sign, support, sanction, approve, permit, allow, (counter/oppose)	
4. FURTIVE (गुप्त/हस्यमय) (Adj.)	stealthy, clandestine, secretive, cautious, sly, (open/frank)	
5. GLACIAL (बफीला) (Adj.) :	frosty, freezing, cool, icy, arctic, polar, cold, (warm/balmy)	
6. IMPUNITY (उदण्डित/स्वेच्छा) (Noun)	freedom, exemption, immunity, exclusion,(inclusion/addition)	
7. INESTIMABLE (अपार/अनमोल) (Adj.) :	immeasurable, great, infinite, enormous, large, (slight/minor)	
8. INFALLIBLE (अचूक) (Adj.) :	perfect, reliable, dependable, ideal, flawless,(defective/faulty]	
9. INIQUITY (अत्याचार) (Noun) :	unfair, injustice, crime, evil, sin, wickedness, (decency/integrity)	
10. LATENT (गुप्त/निहित) (Adj.) :	dormant, hidden, unseen, underlying, covert, (obvious/overt)	
11. MASTERFUL (दबंग/प्रभावशाली) (Adj.) :	powerful, strong, mighty, robust, violent. (weak/feeble)	
12. MASTERLY (उत्कृष्ट) (Adj.)	skillful, clever, dexterous, talented, adroit, (clumsy/hopeless)	
13. MINIMIZE (कम आँकना) (Verb) :	Underestimate, misjudge, undervalue, (overestimate)	
14. MORTIFY (नीचा दिखाना) (Verb)	dishonour, shame, disgrace, humiliate, abase, (honour/revere)	
15. OBLIVIOUS (अनभिज्ञ/भुलक्कड़) (Adj)	unaware, ignorant, unconscious, unmindful, (conscious/aware)	
16. STALWART (हट्टा कट्टा/तगड़ा) (Adj)	physically strong, brave, powerfully built, (weak/feeble)	
17. TRANSIENT (क्षणभंगुर) (Adj)	temporary, momentary, short lived, brief, (permanent)	
18. TRANSIT (परिवहन) (Noun)	transportation, shipment, transport, transfer, (no antonym)	
19. VINDICTIVE (प्रतिशोधी) (Adj)	unforgiving, revengeful, resentful, merciless, (kind/merciful)	
20. WRANGLE (लड़ना-झगड़ना) (Verb)	argue, disagree, quarrel, dispute, bicker, battle, (agree/consent)	

LESSON - 6

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ARRANT (पक्का) (Adj.) :	complete, total, outward, utter, extreme, (slight/minor)	
2. AUDACIOUS (निभीक) (Adj.) :	daring, bold, brave, courageous, heroic, stout, (cowardly/gutless)	
3. COINCIDE (एक साथ होना) (Verb) :	happen together, agree, match, correspond, (differ/disagree)	
4. CONNOISSEUR (पारखी) (Noun) :	expert, specialist, professional, authority, (amateur/layman)	
5. CONTAMINATE (दूषित करना)(Verb) :	pollute, taint, infect, spoil, poison, dirty, sully, (purify/clean)	
6. COPIOUS (प्रचुर) (Adj.)	abundant, plentiful, rich, profuse, ample, big,, (scanty/flimsy)	
7. CRAVEN (डरपोक/कायर) (Adj.) :	cowardly, weak, fearful, gutless, spineless, (brave/daring)	
8. ETIQUETTE (शिष्टाचार) (Noun) :	manners, protocol, decorum, behaviour, (rudeness, indecency)	
9. INCREDIBLE (अविश्वसनीय) (Adj.) :	very great, extraordinary, unbelieving, huge,(credible/ordinary)	
10. INCREDULOUS (संदेही) (Adj.) :	doubtful, sceptical, disbelieving, unsure. (credulous/sure)	
11. INDOMITABLE (अति साहसीक)(Adj.) :	brave, determined, strong, tough, daring, (feeble/shabby)	
12. INFEST (से ग्रस्त होना) (Verb) :	fill, teem, swarm, pack, load, abound, be full, (disperse/defuse)	
13. INVEST (अधिकार होना) (Verb) :	supply, endow, authorize, empower, provide, (withhold/deny)	
14. LABORIOUS (परिश्रमी) (Adj.) :	onerous, arduous, tedious, heavy, difficult, (easy/simple)	
15. MOROSE (उदास/रूखा) (Adj.) :	down, low, miserable, sullen, glum, blue, weary, (cheerful/blissful)	
16. NOMINAL (नाम मात्र का) (Adj.) :	small, titular, supposed, in name only, small, (real/authentic)	
17. ORDEAL (अग्निपरीक्षा) (Noun) :	burden, difficult, trial, nightmare, torment, (pleasure/delight)	
18. PLAUSIBLE (सत्याभासी) (Adj.) :	reasonable, credible, believable, sincere, (implausible/false)	
19. RIFT (दरार) (Noun)	gap, hole, opening, crack, split, gulf,(amalgamation, barricade)	
20. TORRID (तप्त/सूखा) (Adj.) :	hot and dry, boiling, scorching, sizzling, warm, (cool/chilly)	

LESSON - 7

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1 AFFRONT (अपमान)	(Noun) : insult, disrespect, abuse, affront, rudeness, (praise/admiration)	
2 APPRAISE (मूल्यांकन करना)	(Verb) : evaluate, assess, review, value, judge, (presume, devalue)	
BLEMISH (धब्बा/दाग)	(Noun) : fault, blotch, mark, stain, spot, imperfection, (perfection)	
4 CONCERTED (संयुक्त)	(Adj.) : combined, joint, mutual, collaborative, rigorous, (solitary/lonely)	
5. COUNTERACT(प्रभावहीन करना)	(Verb) : neutralize, defuse, reduce the effect, offset, (encourage/help)	
6. ENHANCE (बढ़ना)	(Verb) : increase, improve, augment, boost, multiply, (decrease/reduce)	
7. FRIVOLOUS (तुच्छ/हलका)	(Adj.) : playful, silly, thoughtless, idle, silly, trivial,(important/logical)	
8 GALAXY (आकाशगंगा)	(Noun) : milky way, group, collection, set, assembly, (fraction/part)	
9 IMPROVISE(कामचलाऊ प्रबंधन)	(Verb) : create, invent, extemporize, devise, make, (destroy/crush)	
10. LUXURIANT (अत्यधिक फैलन वाला)	(Adj.) : abundant, thriving, thriving, fertile, copious, (meager/slight)	
11. LUXURIOUS (ठाठदार/राजसी)	(Adj.) : comfortable, deluxe, relaxed, brilliant, lavish, (uncomfortable)	
12. MONETARY (आर्थिक/वित्तीय)	(Adj.) : financial, fiscal, economic, related to money, (noncommercial)	
13. OBSOLETE (अप्रचलित/पुराना)	(Adj.) : out dated, old fashioned, archaic, outmoded, (modern/new)	
14 OMINOUS (डरावना)	(Adj.) : threatening, glooming, menacing, frightening, (pleasing/soothing)	
15. PILLAGE (लूटना)	(Verb) : plunder, rob, steal, sack, loot, ransack, raid, (grant/give)	
16. REFUTE (खंडन करना)	(Verb) : deny, rebut, disprove, counter, challenge, (prove/confirm)	
17. REGRET (खेद प्रकट करना)	(Verb) : lament, repent, mourn, bemoan, grieve, be sorry, (celebrate/rejoice)	
18. RESPLENDENT(भव्य/चमकदार)	(Adj.) : splendid, brilliant, stunning, dazzling, glorious, (dull/boring/dry)	
19 TOLERABLE (काफी अच्छा)	(Adj.) : bearable, reasonable, fair, average, passable, (intolerable/tough)	
20. TOLERANT (उदार/सहिष्णु)	(Adj.) : broad-minded, patient, liberal, permissive, (intolerant/keen)	

LESSON - 8

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. BEQUEATH (वसीयत में देना)	(Verb) leave, give, bestow, confer, donate, hand down, (seize/take)	
2. BLAND (नरम)	(Adj) flavourless, colourless, plain, tasteless, mild, (spicy/piquant)	
3. CANDOUR (निष्कापटता)	(Noun) frankness, honesty, sincerity, genuineness, (evasiveness)	
4. DEBRIS (मलबा)	(Noun) wreckage, remains, rubble, ruins, garbage, (cleanliness)	
5. DEVOID (बिहीन/रहित)	(Adj) lacking deprive, missing, wanting, deficient,(present/existing'	
6. ENCUMBERED (भारग्रस्त)	(Adj.) struggling, weighted down, beleaguered, (untroubled)	
7. EXACTING (सख्त/कड़ा)	(Adj) sincere, serious, careful, demanding, forceful, (careless/uncaring)	
8. FEASIBLE (उचित/उपयुक्त)	(Adj) possible, reasonable sensible, practical, easy, (impossible/logical)	
9. FORCEFUL (प्रभावशाली)	(Adj) assertive powerful persuasive, influential, (feeble/weak)	
10. FORCIBLE (बलकृत)	(Adj) involving the use of physical force, aggressive, (peaceful/calm)	
11. IMPOVERISH (दरिद्र कर देना)	(Verb) deprive rum bankrupt make poor, weaken. (enrich/develop)	
12. LANGUID (शिथिल/सुस्त)	(Adj) unenergetic lazy droopy sleepy idle, indolent,(energetic/brisk)	
13. POPULACE (जनसाधारण)	(Noun) public population people masses, citizen.(migrants, foreigner)	
14. POPULOUS (छत्ता आबादीवाला)	(Adj) crowded, packed teeming full swarming. (empty/vacant)	
15. PRELUDE (प्रस्तावना पूर्व)	(Noun) introduction preface initiation, preface. (finale/culmination)	
16. QUAVER (कोपना लरजना)	(Verb) shake twitter treble vibrate, trill, warble. (speak boldly)	
17. REMONSTRATE (आवृत्तियावरोध करना)	(Verb) complain, object protest, argue, oppose. (approve/praise)	
18. SCRUTINIZE (जाँचना)	(Verb) inspect, examine investigate, analyze, check, (let/permit/leave)	
19. SEETHE (हलचल से मर जाना)	(Verb) : bubble, ferment, blow up, flush (calm, freeze)	
20. WHIM (सनक/मौज)	(Noun) urge desire wish, fancy, want, spur, (antipathy, abomination)	

LESSON - 9

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADVERSITY (तंगहाली/विपत्ति) (Noun) :	hardship, difficulty, danger, misfortune,	(prosperity/joy)
2. AFFABLE (मिलनसार/भद्र) (Adj.) :	friendly, sociable, genial, jovial, pleasant,	(unfriendly/foul)
3. AMENDS (क्षतिपूर्ति/हर जाना) (Noun) :	compensation, return, payment, allowance,	(loss/shortfall)
4. CONSTERNATION(आतंक)(Noun) :	anxiety, worry, dismay, concern, alarm, disquiet,	(solace/peace)
5. CUSTODY (विरासत/हाजत) (Noun) :	legal right or duty to take care of, hold, care,	(release/expulsion)
6. DEMUR (विरोध करना) (Verb) :	object, protest, balk, complain, dispute, discern,	(agree/accept)
7. DEMURE (शांत/गंभीर) (Adj.) :	modest, shy, bashful, ordinary, humble, simple,	(audacious/bold)
8. EJACULATE (विस्मय प्रदर्शन/बील उठना)(Verb) :	exclaim, cry out, yell, shout, say, scream, call,	(hush/mute)
9. EMBRYO (भ्रूण) (Noun) :	origin, seed, kernel, rudiment, heart, core,	(young/child)
10. EXOTIC (अनोखा/विचित्र) (Adj.) :	alien, unusual, strange, bizarre, unique, peculiar,	(familiar/common)
11. EXPRESSLY (विशेष रूप से) (Adv.)	especially, particularly, specifically, purposely,	(commonly/usually)
12. IMPETUOUS (उतावला) (Adj.) :	hasty, reckless, rash, impulsive, spontaneous,	(measured/careful)
13. IMPETUS (प्रोत्साहन) (Noun) :	motivation, momentary energy, force, impulsion,	(inertia/inactivity)
14. INCENTIVE (प्रेणा) (Noun) :	inducement, encouragement, enticement, force,	(discouragement)
15. PROLETARIAT(मजदूर वर्ग) (Noun) :	bourgeoisie, working class, workers, grassroots,	(upper classes)
16. SALLOW (पीला/फीका) (Adj.) :	yellow, silky, pale, faint, dim, feeble, weak,	(strong/powerful)
17. SALVAGE (बचाना निकाल लेना) (Verb) :	save, recover, rescue, free, liberate, pick up,	(reduce/recline)
18. SCRUPULOUS (अतिसावधान) (Adj.) :	meticulous, careful, thorough, rigorous, careful,	(casual/careless)
19. TANGIBLE (टोस/वास्तविक) (Adj.) :	concrete, real, actual, certain, evident, plain,	(intangible/unreal)
20. VIE (प्रतिस्पर्धा करना) (Verb) :	compete, fight, contest, contend, struggle,	(surrender/submit)

LESSON - 10

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AUTHENTIC (असली/विश्वसनीय)(Adj.) :	genuine, bona fide, reliable, true, accurate,	(false/copied)
2. AVERSE (अनिच्छुक/प्रतिकूल) (Adj.) :	unwilling, opposed, reluctant, indisposed,	(inclined/disposed)
3. BANE (विनाश का कारण) (Noun) :	curse, blight, nuisance, bother, annoyance,	(boon/reward)
4. CAUSTIC (तीखा/कटु) (Adj.) :	unkind, sarcastic, scathing, sharp, biting,	(favourable/kind)
5. CONSORT (से मेल जोल रखना) (Verb) :	associate, ensemble, group, spend time with,	(segregate/isolate)
6. CONSUMMATE (पक्का/उत्कृष्ट)(Adj.) :	perfect, ideal, excellent, flawless, complete,	(inept/inexpert)
7. DERISION (उपहास) (Noun) :	scorn, ridicule, contempt, disrespect, mockery,	(respect/approval)
8. FERVENT (गर्भ उत्साही) (Adj.) :	keen, avid, ardent, eager, passionate, zealous,	(indifferent/loath)
9. FLAUNT (इतराकर दिखाना) (Verb) :	show off, boast, flash, exhibit, display, parade,	(hide/conceal)
10. GLEAN (बटोरना) (Verb) :	garner, acquire, get, collect, gather, assemble,	(give/pass/release)
11. OFFSET (क्षतिपूर्ति करना) (Verb) :	equalize, counterbalance, compensate, even up,	(fall short/flop)
12. PERVERSE (अडियल/निन्दी) (Adj.) :	stubborn, obstinate, headstrong, willful, unruly,	(agreeable/good)
13. PONDEROUS (भारी-भरकम) (Adj) :	heavy, weighty, bulky, unwieldy, cumbersome,	(light/airy)
14. PORTRAY (चित्रित करना) (Verb) :	depict, show, describe, represent, render,	(hide/conceal)
15. PREPOSTEROUS (Adj.) :absurd, unreasonable, Strange, silly, ridiculous,		(reasonable/right)
(असंगत/अनर्गल)		
16. RESORT (का सहारा लेना) (Verb) :	(to something) use bad means, go for, opt for ,	(ignore/snub)
17. RUDIMENTS (प्रारंभिक ज्ञान) (Noun)	nuts and bolts, basics, nitty-gritty, essentials,	(end/conclusion)
18. SOLACE (आराम) (Noun) :	comfort, consolation, relief, succor, relaxation,	(distress/anxiety)
19. STAID (संतुलित) (Adj.) :	balanced, composed, well adjusted sensible,	(absurd/matchless)
20. WAYWARD (सनकी, अडियल) (Adj.) :	naughty, errant, disobedient, unruly, willful,	(obedient/gentle)

LESSON - 11

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. BOISTEROUS (उदंड/शोरगलवाला)(Adj.)	: noisy, loud, deafening, energetic, lively, active,	(quiet/peaceful)
2. COMESTIBLE (खाद्य) (Noun)	: an item of food, food, meal, edible items,	(inedible)
3. DIAGNOSE (निदान करना/पहचान करना)(Verb)	: identify, detect, analyze, recognize, make out,	
4. DIMINUTIVE (छाटा/सूक्ष्म) (Adj.)	: very small, miniature, pigmy, minute, little,	(tall/huge/big)
5. ECCENTRIC (असमान्य) (Adj.)	: odd, unusual, peculiar, strange, unconventional,	(conventional)
6. EPOCH (काल/युगांतर) (Noun)	: period, time, age, eon, occasion, moment,	(fineless, instant)
7. EXCERPT (उद्धरण) (Noun)	: extract, passage, citation, quotation, piece,	(complete/whole)
8. FILIAL (सतानीय) (Adj.)	: childlike treatment, motherly, fatherly,	(mature/adult)
9. IMPEDIMENT (रूकावट/अड्चन)(Noun)	: obstruction, barrier, hurdle, hindrance, snag,	(assistance/help)
10. INCOMPARABLE (बेजोड़, अतुल्य)(Adj.)	: unmatched, unparalleled, unique, distinctive.	(common/simple)
11. IRONICAL (व्यंग्यात्मक) (Adj.)	: opposite, paradoxical, sarcastic, odd, mocking,	(complementary)
12. MALIGNANT (घातक असाध्य) (Adj.)	: dangerous, harmful, evil, hateful, nasty, mean,	(favourable/mild)
13. MORAL (नैतिक/आचार) (Adj.)	: mental, ethical, right, honest, mental, just,	(immoral/corrupt)
14. MORALE (मनोबल, हौसला) (Noun)	: confidence, mood, self esteem, self confidence,	(senselessness)
15. MOTIF (मूलमान) (Noun)	: theme, idea, pattern, shape, subject,	(autonomous, result)
16. MOTIVE (अभिप्राय, उद्देश्य) (Noun)	: cause, purpose, intention, objective,	(Progeny, deterrent)
17. NONDESCRIPT (नीरस) (Adj.)	: dull, plain, ordinary, uninterested, stupid,	(stylish/elegant)
18. PURPORT (तात्पर्य अर्थ) (Noun)	: meaning, significance, relevance, denotation,	(no antonym)
19. SLOTH (सुस्ती) (Noun)	: laziness, idleness, inactivity, sluggishness,	(liveliness/spirit)
20. STRATEGY (योजना) (Noun)	: plan, policy, approach, stratagem, guideline.	(Coincidence)

LESSON - 12

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADMONISH (चेतावनी देना) (Verb)	: warn, caution, alert, advise, notify, counsel,	(approve/agree)
2. APATHY (उदासीनता) (Noun)	: indifference, boredom, laziness, lethargy,	(notice/interest)
3. APPROBATION (अनुमोदन) (Noun)	: approval, consent, endorsement, good opinion,	(disapproval)
4. ARTIFICE (चालाकी) (Noun)	: cunning, trickery, lie, deception, deceit, ploy,	(honesty/sincerity)
5. BLITHE (प्रफुल्ल) (Adj.)	: joyful, blissful, delighted, happy, cheerful.	(sad/miserable)
6. CONGESTED (घना) (Adj.)	: crowded, packed, jammed, heaving, choked up,	(empty/clear)
7. DEFERENCE (पालन/सम्मान) (Noun)	: respect, regard, esteem, awe, admiration,	(disrespect)
8. DEVOUT (श्रद्धालु) (Adj.)	: pious, religious, spiritual, fervent, dedicated,	(impious/sinful)
9. DISBAND (भंग करना) (Verb)	: break up, part, scatter, separate, disintegrate,	(integrate/join)
10. DRUDGERY (कड़ी मजदूरी) (Noun)	: labour, toil, hard work, grind, difficult task,	(relaxation/rest)
11. EDICT (फरमान) (Noun)	: proclamation, announcement, decree,	(appeal, bewilderment)
12. EPITHET (सूचक) (Noun)	: signal, mark, sign, tag, label, account,	(adulation, accolade)
13. EXTERMINATE (विनाश करना)(Verb)	: kill, eliminate, destroy, execute, wipe out,	(revive/restore)
14. IMPOTENT (लाचार) (Adj.)	: powerless, weak, helpless, unable, incapable,	(powerful/potent)
15. INCIDENTAL (आकस्मिक) (Adj.)	: casual, chance, unplanned, unexpected, sudden,	(planned/known)
16. MOMENTARY (क्षणिक) (Adj.)	: brief, temporary, passing, quick, short, concise,	(long/prolonged)
17. MOMENTOUS (महत्वपूर्ण) (Adj.)	: important, significant, historical, crucial, vital,	(trivial/minor)
18. OVERTURE (सोधे प्रस्ताव) (Noun)	: preface, demand, appeal, proposal	(epilogue, conclusion)
19. PERPETRATE (का जिम्मेवार होना) (Verb)	: be responsible for, commit, carry out,	(abstain, buff)
20. PERPETUATE (अमर कर देना) (Verb)	: bring about, enable, create, generate, produce,	(prevent/stop)

LESSON - 13

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ANIMOSITY (वैर/विद्वेष)	(Noun) : hostility, hatred, enmity, dislike, antagonism, (goodwill/kindness)	
2. APACE (तेजी से)	(Adv.) : quickly, rapidly, swiftly, briskly, fast, swiftly, (slowly/bit by bit)	
3. BATHOS (अपकर्ष)	(Noun) : nadir, anticlimax, come down, let down, pits, (climax/peak)	
4. CATEGORY (कोटि/श्रेणी)	(Noun) : group, class, type, kind, (jumble, oblique)	
5. CONSOLE (सात्वना देना)	(Verb) : cheer up .soothe, comfort, calm, relieve, (depress/sadden)	
6. CONDONE (जाने देना)	(Verb) : overlook, excuse, pardon, forgive, ignore, (punish/penalize)	
7. DRAB (नीरस/बादामी)	(Adj.) : dull, plain, dingy, colourless, brown and gray, (bright/appealing)	
8. EXEMPLIFY (उदाहरण होना)	(Verb) : demonstrate, display, exhibit, illustrate, show, (conceal/hide)	
9. IMPENDING (सन्निकट)	(Adj.) : imminent, looming, coming, approaching, future, (distant/far off)	
10. INHERENT (निहित)	(Adj.) : inborn, intrinsic, natural, innate, congenital, (artificial)	
11. INITIATE (प्रारंभ करना)	(Verb) : start, begin, commence, kick off, coach, plan, (finish/end)	
12. LITHE (लचीला/फुसुलीला)	(Adj.) : flexible, nimble, Supply, lively, energetic, agile, (dull/lethargic)	
13. METEORIC (क्षणप्रभ)	(Adj.) : dramatic, sudden, swift, rapid, spectacular, (gradual/slow)	
14. NEGLIGIBLE (नगण्य)	(Adj.) : slight, insignificant, tiny, small, unimportant, (significant/great)	
15. PATHOS (करुणता)	(Noun) : sorrow, pity, sadness, suffering, tragedy, grief, (joy/delight)	
16. PERNICIOUS (विनाशक/घातक)	(Adj.) : destructive, harmful, deadly, evil, dangerous, (harmless/safe)	
17. PREROGATIVE (विशेषाधिकार)	(Noun) : authority, privilege, right, choice, freedom. (limitation)	
18. RECONCILED (अनुकूल)	(Adj.) : contented, satisfied, submissive, acquiescent, (resistant/anti)	
19. RHETORIC (वाक्पटुता)	(Noun) : public speech, speechifying, expression, (silence/hush)	
20. SUBSIDY (आर्थिक सहायता)	(Noun) : financial support, grant, funding, endowment, (beseech, solicit)	

LESSON - 14

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AKIN (सूदश/समान जाति)	(Adj.) : similar, parallel, analogous, of the same kind. (unlike/dissimilar)	
2. APPRECIABLE (पर्याप्त मात्रा से)	(Adj) : substantial, significant, noticeable, huge, (insignificant)	
3. APPRECIATIVE (कदरदान)	(Adj) : grateful, thankful, indebted, obliged, gratified, (ungrateful)	
4. AUSPICIOUS (शुभ)	(Adj) : impressive, favourable, promising, lucky, good, (bad/unimpressive)	
5. BROACH (चर्चा चलाना)	(Verb) : talk, discuss, mention, raise, moot, converse. (cover/mask)	
6. BROWSE (धरना)	(Verb) : graze, crop, nibble, forage, eat grass, leaves. (fast/starve)	
7. CLAMOROUS (कोलाहलपूर्ण)	(Adj) : noisy, vociferous, loud, riotous, boisterous (calm/quiet)	
8. COMPACT (ठोस)	(Adj) : solid, physically strong, muscular, tough. (weak/loose)	
9. DEPORTMENT (आचरण)	(Noun) : comportment, manner, behaviour,	
10. ETHEREAL (पारलौकिक)	(Adj.) : celestial, unearthly, light, illusive, intangible, (real/concrete)	
11. EVINCE (दिखाना)	(Verb) : show, demonstrate, illustrate, display, exhibit, (conceal/hide)	
12. IMPACT (टक्कर/संघात)	(Noun) : bang, smash, collision, boom, explosion, (dissuade, amity)	
13. INFIRMITY (कमजोरी/बीमारी)	(Noun) : ill health, frailty, illness, sickness, weakness. (robustness)	
14. INSTRUMENTAL (सहायक/प्रमुख)	(Adj) active, involved, influential, helpful, important, (insignificant)	
15. PATRONIZING (धमडी)	(Adj) : arrogant, superior, proud, demeaning, upper, (down to earth)	
16. PROLIFIC (बहुलफलदायक)	(Adj) : productive, fruitful, abundant, fertile, rich, (fruitless/barren)	
17. STINT (कंजूसी से रहना)	(Verb) : live stingy, mean, live miserly, spend tightly, (live generously)	
18. SUCCUMB (का शिकार बनाना)	(Verb) : give way, yield, submit, give in, surrender, cede, (resist/oppose)	
19. UNIFORM (एक समान)	(Adj) : equal, identical, consistent, regularize, even, (uneven/unequal)	
20. VICISSITUDES (परेशानी/अस्थिरता)	(Noun) : problem, trouble, change, ripple, difficulty, (ease/comfort)	

LESSON - 15

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AGHAST (भौचक्का/विस्मित)	(Adj.) : horrified, amazed, shocked, horror struck,	(delighted/pleased)
2. ARTICULATE (स्पष्ट उच्चारण करना)	(Verb) : express, speak clearly, pronounce, enunciate,	(mumble/murmur)
3. CONFIDENT (आश्वस्त)	(Adj.) : sure, assured, certain, convinced, confident,	(doubtful/unsure)
4. CONFIDENTIAL (गोपनीय)	(Adj) secret, private, restricted, confidential,	(open/public)
5. DEDUCE (परिणाम निकालना)	(Verb) : infer, assume, presume, conclude, suppose,	(no antonym)
6. DEFICIT (घाटा क्रम)	(Noun) : shortage, debit, scarcity, loss, insufficiency,	(surplus/excess)
7. EFFICACY (क्षमता/प्रभाव)	(Noun) : merit, attraction, effectiveness, worth, value,	(inefficiency)
8. EKE (मुश्किल से जाना)	(Verb) : subsist, survive, stay, endure, carry on, live,	(expire/pensh)
9. EXPOUND (व्याख्या करना)	(Verb) : explain, justify, clarify, illustrate, describe,	(avuisse)
10. FESTIVE (आनन्दमय)	(Adj.) : cheerful, joyful, happy, jovial, celebratory,	(sad/miserable)
11. INDUCE (फसलाना)	(Verb) : persuade, tempt, cause, make, bring, encourage,	(dissuade/deter)
12. PERENNIAL (नित्य)	(Adj) : everlasting, permanent, constant, perpetual,	(occasional/rare)
13. INFAMOUS (धणित)	(Adj) : bad, sinful, criminal, evil, wicked, corrupt,	(good/lawful)
14. PERTAIN (से संबंध रखना)	(Verb) : relate to be connected with, have to do with,	(subordinate)
15. PREDOMINATE(सर्वाधिक होना)	(Verb) : prevail, dominate, outweigh	
16. PREVENTIVE (निरोधक)	(Adj) : defensive, protective, precautionary, shielding,	(destructive)
17. RENDEZVOUS (मिलनस्थान)	(Noun) : tryst, meeting assembling point, reunion,	(external catabolism)
18. RESPIRATION (श्वसन)	(Noun) : breathing, inhalation, the act of breathing,	(no antonym)
19. SANCTITY (पवित्रता)	(Noun) : holiness, purity, sacredness, godliness, purity,	(impurity/dirt)
20. STRATUM (स्तर/परत)	(Noun) : layer, level, section, coat, sheet	(vertex, clot)

LESSON - 16

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APPREHENSIVE (आशंकित)	(Adj.) : anxious, worried, nervous, fearful, frightened,	(relaxed/calm)
2. BEREAVED (शोक-सन्तप्त)	(Adj.) : having lost a close friend or relative, sad,	(fortunate/privileged)
3. BIAS (तरफदारी करना)	(Verb) : influence, distort, slant, prejudice, sway,	(protect/defend)
4. CYNIC (निन्दक)	(Noun) : pessimist, doubter, misanthrope, naysayer,	(optimist/believer)
5. DISCREET (सतर्क/गंभीर)	(Adj.) : tactful, careful, prudent, sensitive, thoughtful,	(tactless/indiscreet)
6. ESPOUSE (प्रचार करना)	(Verb) : advertise, sponsor, advocate, support, help,	(dampen/discourage)
7. EXTOL (गुणगान करना)	(Verb) : praise, commend, admire, worship, exalt, laud,	(deprecate/slam)
8. FORGO (छोड़ देना)	(Verb), miss, give up, omit, forgive, abstain, quit, skip,	(continue/carry on)
9. IMPERIAL (शाही)	(Adj.) : regal, royal, imposing, grand, majestic, stately,	(poor)
10. IMPERIOUS (धमडी/दबंग)	(Adj) : bossy, authoritative, domineering, superior,	(subservient/mild)
11. ORIFICE (छिद्र)	(Noun) : hole, opening, crack, outlet, fissure,	(closure, aquisition)
12. PEREMPTORY (कठोर)	(Adj.) : dogmatic, autocratic, authoritative, direct,	(polite/civil)
13. PRESUMPTUOUS (अभद्र/ठीढ़)	(Adj.): bold, immodest, audacious, insolent, arrogant,	(reasonable/modest)
14. REVULSION (धृणा)	(Noun) : disgust, horror, dislike, repugnance, nausea,	(attraction/charm)
15. SCEPTICAL (संदेही/संदेहवादी)	(Adj.) : doubtful, disbelieving, unconvinced, suspicious,	(certain/confident)
16. SECLUSION (एकान्त/अकेलापन)	(Noun) : privacy, isolation, loneliness, quiet, silence,	(inclusion/company)
17. SPOOR (निशान/सुगन्ध)	(Noun) : a track or smell that a wild animal leaves when they travel	(concrete)
18. SPORE (बीजाणु)	(Noun) : cells that changes in to plant or animal,	(no antonym)
19. ULTERIOR (परोक्ष)	(Adj.) : hidden, secret, concealed, unknown, covert,	(open/obvious)
20. VISUALIZE (कल्पना करना)	(Verb) : dream of, think about, envisage,	(disdain, unembellished)

LESSON - 17

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ACCENTUATE (बल या जोर देना)(Verb)	: highlight, stress, emphasize, bring to light.	(play down)
2. BOUNTY (इनाम/उदारता) (Noun)	: grant, reward, payment, prize, gift, incentive,	(penalty/fine)
3. CONTOUR (रूपरेखा) (Noun)	: form, type, way, mode, manner, line, curve.	(amount, snapper)
4. CONVULSED (with) (लोट पोट)(Noun)	:shake, tremble, quiver, tremor, shiver, wobble,	(calm/controlled)
5. DISTRACTION (मनोरंजन) (Noun)	: diversion, entertainment, amusement, pastime,	(boredom/trouble)
6. FITFUL (अनियमित) (Adj.)	: broken, irregular, restless, erratic, disturbed,	(unbroken/sound)
7. ILLITERATE (अनपढ़/निरक्षर) (Adj.)	: uneducated, ignorant, untaught, untutored.	(literate/taught)
8. INSURGENT (विद्रोही/बागी) (Adj.)	: rebellious, uprising, dissatisfied, uprising,	(content/satisfied)
9. JUDICIAL (न्यायिक) (Adj.)	: legal, court, official, lawful, authorized, trial,	(illegal/unofficial)
10. JUDICIOUS (विवेकपूर्ण) (Adj.)	: sensible, careful, cautious, prudent, economical,	(expensive/hasty)
11. MANIFOLD (विविध/नाना रूप) (Adj.)	: various, diverse, multiple, many, a lot of, lots of,	(few/little)
12. NOVICE (नौसिखिये) (Noun)	: beginner, learner, trainee, apprentice, tyro,	(old hand/expert)
13. PALATE (तालु) (Noun)	: tolerance, roof of the month, surface	(disgust)
14. PALLET (पुआल का तोसक) (Noun)	: a cloth bag filled with straw for sleeping on,	
15. PRIMEVAL (आदिभूगीन) (Adj.)	: primitive prehistoric, archaic, primal, ancient,	(modern/new)
16. PROBATION (परख/परीक्षण) (Noun)	: trial, audition test, experimentation, check,	(cage, custody)
17. RECIPROCAL (आपसी/पारस्परि) (Adj.)	: mutual, shared, equal, joint, give and take.	(onesided/biased)
18. UNCANNY (भयानक/विचित्र) (Adj.)	: strange, wired, bizarre, odd, peculiar, abnormal,	(normal/natural)
19. ZENITH (शिराबिन्द) (Noun)	: peak, top, apex, summit, pinnacle, high point,	(nadir/depths)
20. ZEST (उत्साह) (Noun)	: keenness, eagerness, fanaticism, dedication,	(indifference)

LESSON - 18

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSOLVE (मुक्त करना) (Verb)	: pardon, clear, forgive, free, release, excuse,	(convict/condemn)
2. ANIMATED (जोशपूर्ण) (Adj.)	: lively, dynamic, spirited, energetic, excited,	(lifeless/dull)
3. COALITION (गठबंधन) (Noun)	: alliance, partnership, combination, league.	(division/partition)
4. COMPILE (एकत्र करना) (Verb)	: amass, gather collect, list, compose, assemble,	(disperse/scatter)
5. DETRACT (from) (कम करना)(Verb)	: diminish, lessen, reduce, weaken, undermine,	(bolster/enhance)
6. DISCONCERTING (धबरा देने वाला) (Adj.)	: disturbing, alarming, perplexing, upsetting,	(comforting)
7. DIVERS (विविध) (Adj.)	: (only before a noun) of different kinds, various,	(alike/similar)
8. DIVERSE (भिन्न) (Adj.)	: miscellaneous, varied, different, sundry, unlike,	(alike/similar)
9. ENGENDER (पैदा करना) (Verb)	: stimulate, produce, cause, provoke, create,	(defeat/damage)
10. IMMERSED (तल्लीन/गुम) (Adj.)	: engrossed, absorbed, occupied, engrossed,	(liberated/free)
11. MYSTI (मानदंड) (Noun)	: normal, norm, medium, average, usual,	(abnormal/unusual)
12. ORTHODOX (परंपरागत) (Adj.)	: traditional, conventional, conservative, usual,	(unorthodox)
13. PARADOX (विरोधाभास) (Noun)	: irony, satire, sarcasm, mockery, biting wit,	(admiration)
14. PREMATURE (अकालिक) (Adj.)	: early, untimely, before time, at the wrong time,	(timely/judicious)
15. PROGENY (संज्ञान) (Noun)	: descendent, children, offspring, family, young,	(ancestors)
16. PROPRIETY (औचित्य) (Noun)	: appropriateness, correctness, suitability,	(incorrectness)
17. PROTRACT (खींचना) (Verb)	: extend, expand, prolong, lengthen, stretch out,	(discontinue)
18. RATIFY (अभिपुष्ट करना) (Verb)	: approve, sanction, authorize, endorse, confirm,	(disapprove)
19. REPUTABLE (सम्मानित/प्रतिष्ठित) (Adj.)	: reliable, upright, honest, decent, reliable,	(disreputable)
20. VOLATILE (वाष्पशील) (Adj.)	: unstable, changeable, unstable, unfixed,	(placid/rigid)

WORDS FOR EXAM

(LEVEL - 3)

LESSON - 1

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CONSTRAINT (दबाव/निरोध)	(Noun): limitation, restriction, curb, check,	(freedom/liberty/choice)
2. DELUDE (धोखा देना/बहकाना)	(Verb): deceive, cheat, mislead, trick, con,	(guide/help/facilitate)
3. DISPARAGING (अपमानजनक)	(Adj.): weary, pained, withering, accusing,	(hopeful/optimistic/up)
4. DOCILE (आज्ञाधीन/पालतु)	(Adj.): meek, obedient, quiet, tame, loyal,	(wild/feral/untamed)
5. EMACIATED (क्षीण/दुर्बल)	(Adj.): gaunt, thin, shrunken, sunken,	(healthy/bold/corpulent)
6. EQUITABLE (न्यायसंगत/उचित)	(Adj.): fair, just, unbiased, reasonable,	(unjust/undue/irrational)
7. ERADICATE (उखाड़ना)	(Verb): eliminate, destroy, remove, extract,	(keep/promote/remain)
8. INCONGRUOUS (बेतुका/बेमेल)	(Adj.): absurd, odd, bizarre, incompatible,	(gracious/decent/upright)
9. INCUMBENT (के लिए/आवश्यक)	(Adj.): in office, now, sitting, present,	(past/older/preceding)
10. INTREPID (बहादुर/साहसी)	(Adj.): bold, brave, fearless, courageous,	(gutless/meek/craven)
11. LIVID (सुरमई/नीलाभ)	(Adj.): discoloured, fumed, enraged, hurt,	(calm/quiet/peaceful)
12. LONGEVITY (दीर्घआयु)	(Noun): durability, long life, endurance,	(flimsiness/fragility/frailty)
13. MENIAL (नौकर का/नीच)	(Adj.): low, basic, boring, unskilled, basic,	(skilled/accomplished)
14. OSTENTATIOUS (आडम्बरी)	(Adj.): showy, grandiose, flamboyant,	(modest/plain/humble)
15. OUST (बेदखल करना)	(Verb): dispossess, throw out, remove,	(bestow/set/employ/hire)
16. PENURY (दरिद्रता/अभाव)	(Noun): poverty, pennilessness, paucity,	(richness/prosperity/fate)
17. REplete (भरापुरा/परिपूर्ण)	(Adj.): full, stuffed, abound, complete,	(missing/lacking/wanting)
18. SEDITION (कलह/राजद्रोह)	(Noun): agitation, troublemaking, treason,	(quietness/allegiance)
19. TENACIOUS (तगड़ा/दृढ़)	(Adj.): obstinate, firm, stubborn, resolute,	(infirm/irresolute/unsure)
20. UNETHICAL (अनैतिक/बेईमान)	(Adj.): immoral, bad, corrupt, erroneous,	(right/ethical/moral)

LESSON - 2

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AFFLUENT (धनवान)	(Adj.): rich, wealthy, prosperous, well off,	(poor/minor/deprived)
2. CALLOUS (कठोर/निर्दय)	(Adj.): heartless, cruel, insensitive,	(polite/caring/kind/loving)
3. COSMIC (अंतरिक्षीय)	(Adj.): celestial, space, extraterrestrial,	(earthly/worldly/native)
4. DETERIORATE (बिगड़ना/कम पड़ना)	(Verb) : decline, go down, weaken, worsen,	(increase/improve/raise)
5. EROSION (कटाव/अपरदन)	(Noun): corrosion, attrition, wearing away,	(amass/gather/collect)
6. FLAGRANT (धोर/लज्जाजनक)	(Adj.): immodest, blatant, brazen, open,	(indirect/veiled/roughly)
7. HABITAT (निवास स्थान)	(Noun): home, locale, territory, haunt,	(foreign land)
8. HARANGUE (लंबा चौड़ा भाषण देना)	(Verb): criticize, condemn, disparage, carp,	(praise/commend/admire)
9. INDEFATIGABLE (अथक)	(Adj.): untiring, remorseless, unrelenting,	(vacillating/inconsistent)
10. INDELIBLE (अमिट)	(Adj.): permanent, ineradicable, fast, hard,	(temporary/fleeting/brief)
11. INDIGENOUS (देशज/देशी)	(Adj.): native, original, local, home-grown,	(foreign/alien/overseas)
12. LUCRATIVE (लाभप्रद)	(Adj.): well-paid, beneficial, rewarding,	(unprofitable/loss-making)
13. PERTINENT (प्रासंगिक)	(Adj.): relevant, related, significant,	(irrelevant/unrelated)
14. PROPENSITY (प्रवृत्ति)	(Noun): tendency, inclination, penchant,	(apathy/indifference)
15. RETICENT (अल्पभावी/मीन)	(Adj.): reserved, quiet, silent, taciturn,	(talkative/garrulous/glib)
16. SPURIOUS (जाली/नकली)	(Adj.): false, fake, forged, counterfeit,	(genuine/original/true)
17. UNDULATE (लहराना)	(Verb): roll, ripple, swell, surge, heave,	(defuse/unroll/placate)
18. VALID (तर्कसंगत)	(Adj.): convincing, legitimate, suitable,	(invalid/untrue/illogical)
19. VINDICATE (सही ठहराना)	(Verb): defend, justify, clear, acquit, claim,	(disapprove/taint/accuse)
20. VIVACIOUS (जिंदादिल/फुरतीला)	(Adj.): spirited, bubbly, lively, cheerful,	(languid/lazy/dreamy)

LESSON - 3

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. COMMODIOUS (बड़ा/विस्तृत)	(Adj.): spacious, roomy, large, extensive,	(congested/confined/)
2. DEBUT (प्रथम अभिनय)	(Noun): first appearance, unveiling, entry,	(retirement/exit/)
3. DISCOMFITURE (धबराहट)	(Noun): embarrassment, humiliation,	(ease/comfort/relief/cheer)
4. DISTRAUGHT (परेशान)	(Adj.): distressed, upset, worried, frenzied,	(pleased/happy/cheerful)
5. ELATION (उत्साह)	(Noun): ecstasy, joy, delight, excitement,	(depression)
6. ELEGY (शोकगीत)	(Noun): funeral song, mortuary, poem,	(celebration)
7. FELINE (विडाल-वंशी)	(Adj.): catlike, elegant, somnolent, slinky,	(animated, artless)
8. FLAY (आलोचना करना)	(Verb): whip, criticize, thrash, condemn,	(praise/promote/admire)
9. FRAUDULENT (छलपूर्ण)	(Adj.): fake, false, deceitful, forged, copied,	(genuine/authentic/valid)
10. GLIB (प्रभावशाली/कुशल)	(Adj.): persuasive, convincing, influential,	(weak/unimpressive/vain)
11. INFAMY (दुष्टता/अपकीर्ति)	(Noun): notoriety, ill reputation, disgrace,	(prominence/eminence)
12. INFINITESIMAL (अत्यन्त सूक्ष्म)	(Adj.): extremely small, minute, small,	(immeasurable/big/vast)
13. LAX (लापरवाह/शिथिल)	(Adj.): careless, loose, negligent, lenient,	(watchful/tight/attentive)
14. OBNOXIOUS (हानिकर/अप्रिय)	(Adj.): hateful, abhorrent, detestable,	(nice/fine/pleasing/lovely)
15. PROFUSE (उदार/अत्यधिक)	(Adj.): generous, abundant, copious,	(scanty/inadequate)
16. SODDEN (तर-बतर)	(Adj.): saturated, wet, damp, soaking,	(dry/dehydrated/parched)
17. SOLICITUDE (व्याकुलता/परेशानी)	(Noun): anxiety, concern, attentiveness,	(negligence/laxity/neglect)
18. STIPULATE (जाहिर करना)	(Verb): specify, state, denote, indicate,	(conceal/hide/cover/mask)
19. SURFEIT (आधिक्य/अतिरेक)	(Noun): surplus, oversupply, excess, glut,	(deficit/lacking/scarcity)
20. TEPID (कुनकुना)	(Adj.): lukewarm, stifling, roasting, muggy,	(cool/chilly/fresh/chill)

LESSON - 4

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APTITUDE (अभिरुचि)	(Noun): ability, skill, talent, capacity, gift,	(inability/incapacity)
2. CONTRITE (पश्चात्तापी)	(Adj.): , sorry, sad, regretful, apologetic,	(unabashed/thankful)
3. DEFT (निपुण/दक्ष)	(Adj.): clever, smart, nifty, effective, natty,	(clumsy/inept/maladroit)
4. DISHEVELLED (अस्तव्यस्त)	(Adj.): untidy, unkempt, messy, disorderly,	(clean/good/elegant/neat)
5. EMULATE (अनुकरण करना)	(Verb): imitate, follow, duplicate, ape,	(repulse, criticize)
6. ENCROACH (अतिक्रमण करना)	(Verb): infringe, intrude, trespass, invade,	(leave/abandon/release)
7. FLIPPANT (छिछोरा)	(Adj.): frivolous, playful, jockey, frolicsome,	(serious/sober/polite)
8. IMPLACABLE (कठोर)	(Adj.): pitiless, ruthless, merciless, cruel,	(merciful/kind/generous)
9. INARTICULATE (अव्यक्त)	(Adj.): incoherent, confused, perplexed,	(articulate/eloquent/clear)
10. INSCRUTABLE (रहस्यमय)	(Adj.): illegible, unreadable, unfathomable,	(readable/measurable)
11. OBSEQUIOUS (चापलूस)	(Adj.): flattering, sycophantic, pleasing,	(hard/assertive/firm)
12. OBSESSION (सनक)	(Noun): mania, passion, fascination, thing,	(dislike/aversion/hatred)
13. PANORAMA (परिदृश्य)	(Noun): view, scene, vistas, landscape,	(departure, congestion)
14. PETRIFIED (सन्न/ऊश्मीकृत)	(Adj.): frightened, scared, horrified, scared,	(bold/delighted/confident)
15. PROHIBITIVE (ऊँची/निषेधात्मक)	(Adj.): exorbitant, excessive, unaffordable,	(reasonable/affordable)
16. PROPITIOUS (शुभ/मंगलिक)	(Adj.): favourable, auspicious, promising,	(unfavourable/dull/dry)
17. QUALMS (संशय/संदेह)	(Noun): doubts, fears, misgivings, worries,	(confidence/faith/trust)
18. RAMPANT (अनियंत्रित)	(Adj.): uncontrolled, epidemic, widespread,	(contained/restricted)
19. STOICAL (धीर)	(Adj.): indifferent, tolerant, enduring,	(fleeting/ephemeral/brief)
20. SUSTENANCE (आहार)	(Noun): food, fuel, provisions, edibles, diet,	(waste, starvation)

LESSON - 5

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CONCILIATE (शांत करना)	(Verb): pacify, soothe, appease, mollify,	(provoke/incite/irritate)
2. CULINARY (खाद्य)	(Adj.): cooking, gastronomic, cookery,	(not edible, repugnant)
3. DETER (रोकना)	(Verb): discourage, dissuade, frighten,	(encourage/hearten/cheer)
4. ENTHRALL (मोहित करना)	(Verb): captivate, charm, mesmerize, grip,	(repel/ward off/disgust)
5. EXHAUSTIVE (सुविस्तृत)	(Adj.): comprehensive, full, thorough,	(restricted/limited/minor)
6. EXPONENT (प्रतिपादक)	(Noun): artist, player, performer, example,	(novice/learner/beginner)
7. HAPHAZARD (बेतरतीब/अविचारित)	(Adj.): random, messy, irregular, jumbled,	(planned/sensible/logical)
8. HILARIOUS (प्रसन्नचित)	(Adj.): amusing, comical, very funny,	(boring/dull/sad/gloomy)
9. INTRINSIC (आंतरिक/निजी)	(Adj.): genuine, inherent, natural, inborn,	(artificial/simulated/fake)
10. LIEU (in lieu of) (के बदले में)	(Noun): instead of, in the place of,	(extoemey)
11. LIQUIDATE (चुकाना)	(Verb): settle, pay a debt, clear up, resolve,	(owe/be in debt)
12. MEDLEY (खिचड़ी)	(Noun): mixture, combination, assortment,	(separation/distillation)
13. NAIVE (निष्कपट)	(Adj.): inexperienced, immature, youthful,	(sophisticated/mature)
14. OBVIATE (निराकरण करना)	(Verb): prevent, hinder, avert, preclude,	(start/begin/promote)
15. SALIENT (प्रमुख)	(Adj.): significant, outstanding, main,	(minor/slight/trivial)
16. SEDENTARY (बैठा रहने वाला)	(Adj.): inactive, sitting, dormant, idle,	(active/working/lively)
17. SLOVENLY (फूहड़/बेहंगा)	(Adj.): careless, messy, sloppy, untidy,	(clean/careful/designed)
18. SUAVE (सौम्य)	(Adj.): gracious, polite, charming, urbane,	(dull/bad/unattractive)
19. TREPIDATION (धबराहट)	(Noun): fear, anxiety, uneasiness, disquiet,	(composure/calmness)
20. TRIBULATION (मुसीबत/तकलीफ)	(Noun): misfortune, suffering, hardship,	(fortune/ease/comfort)

LESSON - 6

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ASPIRANT (उम्मीदवार)	(Noun): candidate, contender, applicant,	(dropout, incumbent)
2. CUMBERSOME (भारी/बोजिल)	(Adj.): large and heavy, bulky, weighty,	(portable/handy)
3. DISTEND (फूलना)	(Verb): inflate, increase, expand, swell,	(deflate/decrease/reduce)
4. DROLL (हास्यकर)	(Adj.): amusing, funny, comic, witty,	(dull/serious/boring/dry)
5. EMANATE (निकलना)	(Verb): spread, originate, emit, start,	(pass, destroy)
6. ENVIRONS (अड़ोस-पड़ोस)	(Noun): vicinity, surroundings, locality,	(outskirts/outer reaches)
7. EVOKE (उत्पन्न करना)	(Verb): suggest, remind, call to mind,	(deaden, cessation)
8. INERTIA (अक्रियता)	(Noun): inactivity, disinterested, lethargy,	(activity/motion/bustle)
9. INTERMITTENT (आंतरायिक)	(Adj.): sporadic, irregular, alternating,	(regular/constant/stable)
10. JUBILANT (उल्लसित)	(Adj.): triumphant, proud, thrilled, glad,	(disappointed/thwarted)
11. LURID (सनसनीदार)	(Adj.): sensational, vivid, shocking, bright,	(dull/weak/mild/plain)
12. MITIGATE (कम करना)	(Verb): ease, relieve, alleviate, lessen, allay,	(harden/toughen/trouble)
13. PERMEATE (में फैल जाना)	(Verb): pervade, enter, fill, flood, saturate,	(empty/drain/exhaust)
14. PRECOCIOUS (गुणगण व्यवहार)	(Adj.): gifted, intelligent, bright, talented,	(dull/slow/sluggish)
15. PROFICIENT (निपुण/प्रवीण)	(Adj.): capable, skillful, expert, talented,	(incompetent/unskilled)
16. PROVERBIAL (लोकप्रसिद्ध)	(Adj.): well known, common, well-known,	(unfamiliar/strange/alien)
17. REHABILITATE (सुधारना)	(Verb): regenerate, restore, mend, repair,	(spoil/damage/destroy)
18. SEPULCHRAL (मनहूस/निरानंदा)	(Adj.): funereal, sad, gloomy, somber,	(pleasant/happy/cheerful)
19. SLAKE (बुझाना/मिटाना)	(Verb): quench, satiate, satisfy, slake, fill,	(stimulate/stir/arouse)
20. TENURE (कार्यकाल)	(Noun): term, residency, possession, lease,	(vacancy, release)

LESSON - 7

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CAPRICE (सनक)	(Noun): fad, whim, impulse, unsteady	(strategy)
2. CONDUCTIVE (सहायक)	(Adj.): favourable, beneficial, encouraging, (risky/harmful/damaging)	
3. DEPLETED (कमी है)	(Adj.): washed out, exhausted, worn out, (revived/recharged/active)	
4. DESIST (छोड़ देना)	(Verb): cease stop, discontinue, give up, (continue/remain/persist)	
5. DESPICABLE (घृणित/नीच)	(Adj.): dreadful, shameful, disgraceful, (admirable/worthy/superb)	
6. DIFFIDENT (संकोची)	(Adj.): reticent, reserved, quiet, (bold/smart/brash/brazen)	
7. DIGNITARY (प्रतिष्ठित व्यक्ति)	(Noun): no able, celebrity, bigwig, grandee, (minion/nonentity)	
8. DYNAMIC (सक्रिय)	(Adj.): active, energetic, forceful, vibrant, (lazy/inactive/lethargic)	
9. EFFUSIVE (भावपूर्ण/प्रचुर)	(Adj.): overenthusiastic, extroverted, loud, (shy/timid/reserved/quiet)	
10. FINESSE (कोमलता)	(Noun): grace, lesance, delicacy, skill, flair, (clumsiness/awkwardness)	
11. GAINSAY (खंडन करना)	(Verb): deny, oppose, contradict, refute, (agree/accept/concur)	
12. GRATIS (मुफ्त में/निःशुल्क)	(Adv.): free, generously, freely, liberally, (expensive, costly)	
13- LIBERAL (दानी/उदार)	(Adj.): generous, kind, abundant, profuse, (conservative/miserly)	
14. ORNATE (अलंकृत/झूठा)	(Adj.): complex, composite, intricate. (plain/bare/natural/pure)	
15. PERFUNCTORY (उत्साहहीन)	(Adj.): token, symbolic, unthinking, light, (attentive/thoughtful)	
16. PORTEND (पूर्वाभास कराना)	(Verb): signify, herald, mean, indicate, (unrelated)	
17. PREOCCUPATION (तल्लीनता)	(Noun): obsession, fixation, fascination, (apathy/unconcern/ennui)	
18. REPRESSION (दमन)	(Noun): oppression, domination, cruelty, (kindness/sympathy/pity)	
19. SARDONIC (निन्दापूर्ण)	(Adj.): ironic, mocking, sarcastic, scornful, (respectful/reverent/)	
20. VACILLATE (हिचकना)	(Verb): hesitate, fluctuate, Either, fluctuate, (determine/resolve/settle)	

LESSON - 8

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ACRID (कटु/तीता)	(Adj.): sharp, bitter, pungent, unpleasant, (pleasant/soft/light/gentle)	
2. ASSUAGE (बुझाना)	(Verb): allay, ease, alleviate, lessen, soften, (trouble/stimulate/incite)	
3. CONCLUSIVE (निर्णायक)	(Adj.): decisive, convincing, certain, final, (feeble/vain/weak/frail)	
4. DELVE (खोज करना)	(Verb): look into, probe, search, explore, (skim over/scan/gloss)	
5. DIGRESS (भटक जाना)	(Verb): deviate, wander, stray, ramble, (obey/stick to/stand by)	
6. DISINTEGRATE (विघटित हो जाना)	(Verb): crumble, collapse, fragment, split, (integrate/gather)	
7. EMANCIPATE (स्वाधीन करना)	(Verb): liberate, set free, release, unfetter, (enslave/bind/enchain)	
8. FACETIOUS (मजाकिया)	(Adj.): teasing, humourous, insincere, (serious/grave/somber)	
9. FELON (अपराधी)	(Noun): criminal, murderer, offender, thief, (blameless, innocent)	
10. GALVANIZED (व्यस्त करना)	(Adj.): active, functional, operational, (ineffective/fruitless/vain)	
11. IMPASSIVE (शांत/धीर)	(Adj.): cool, unemotional, aloof, deadpan, (sensitive/active/aware)	
12. INFLUX (आगमन)	(Noun): arrival, flood, incursion, entry, (departure/exit/exodus)	
13. INNATE (स्वाभाविक)	(Adj.): inborn, natural, inherent, intrinsic, (artificial/synthetic/mock)	
14. IRKSOME (कष्टदायक)	(Adj.): tiresome, irksome, wearing, tedious, (pleasant/appealing)	
15. OCCULT (तांत्रिक)	(Adj.): supernatural, paranormal, mystic, (natural/normal/usual)	
16. PRECLUDE (निवारण करना)	(Verb): prevent, stop, rule out, exclude, (permit/allow/sanction)	
17. PROJECTILE (अस्त्र)	(Noun): bullet, shot, pallet, shell, cartridge, (undynamic)	
18. PURVEYOR (रसद-प्रबंधक)	(Noun): supplier, source, teller, vendor, (consumer/shopper/user)	
19. REVOKE (रद्द करना)	(Verb): cancel, repeal, invalidate, withdraw, (maintain/uphold/keep)	
20. TRITE (घिसा-पिटा)	(Adj.): hackneyed, banal, unoriginal, (innovative/original/novel)	

LESSON - 9

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AESTHETIC (सुरुचिसम्पन्न)	(Adj.): autistic, visual, creative, inventive, (dull/unimaginative/bland)	
2. BREVITY (संक्षिप्तता)	(Noun): shortness, briefness, conciseness, (length/extent/span)	
3. CONCUR (सहमत होना)	(Verb): agree, assent, accept, acquiesce, (disagree/refuse/resist)	
4. CRUCIAL (निर्णायक)	(Adj.): vital, critical, important, decisive, (trivial/minor/trifling)	
5. DECORUM (शिष्टाचार)	(Noun): modesty, good behaviour, etiquette, (abandon/recklessness)	
6. DEMONSTRATIVE (भावप्रदर्शक)	(Adj.): affectionate, loving, warm, friendly, (unfriendly/reserved/rude)	
7. DEVOLVE (के जिम्मे पड़ना)	(Verb): decentralize, delegate, transfer, (centralize/maintain/)	
8. DILEMMA (असमंजस)	(Noun): quandary, problem, predicament, (resolution/solution)	
9. DISCONSOLATE (निराश)	(Adj.): unhappy, sad, dejected, gloomy, (content /happy/satisfied)	
10. EPIGRAM (सूक्ति/चुटकुला)	(Noun): rhyme, witticism, saying, axiom, (razy talk, stupid saying)	
11. FASTIDIOUS (तुनकमिजाज)	(Adj.): hard, refined, particular, delicate, (relaxed/calm/lenient)	
12. IMMATERIAL (निराकार/तुच्छ)	(Adj.): unrelated, unimportant, irrelevant, (relevant/related)	
13. IMPOSITION (भार)	(Noun): burden, trouble, annoyance, load, (serenity/comfort/rest)	
14. IMPROMPTU (बिना तैयारी का भाषण)	(Adj.): extempore, unprepared, unplanned, (prepared/signed/)	
15. INFUSE (से भर देना)	(Verb): inspire, encourage, instill, inculcate, (defuse/release/placate)	
16. INSATIABLE (अतोषणीय)	(Adj.): greedy, avid, voracious, gluttonous, (poor/little/weak/feeble)	
17. QUAFF (पीना)	(Verb): drink, imbibe, sip, slurp, swallow, (ejaculate/throw out/pour)	
18. REQUISITION (मांग-पत्र)	(Noun): request, demand, application, (donation/grant/gift)	
19. STRAPPING (तमड़ा)	(Adj.): robust, muscular, strong, stalwart, (delicate/weak/flimsy)	
20. WREAK (उतारना/थोपना)	(Verb): inflict, harm, impose, exact, cause, (help/oblige/soothe/calm)	

LESSON - 10

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADDICTED (आदी)	(Adj.): captivated, passionate, enthralled, (indifferent/apathetic/cool)	
2. ANNUITY (वार्षिक भृति)	(Noun): allowance, pension, income, (expenditure/outlay/costs)	
3. CARRION (सड़ा गला मांस)	(Noun): decaying flesh, a type of crow, (alive, good)	
4. CONVERSANT (परिचित)	(Adj.): familiar, acquainted, aware, known, (unfamiliar/unknown)	
5. DISILLUSIONED (निराश)	(Adj.): disheartened, disappointed, cynical, (enthusiastic/optimistic)	
6. FALLACY (भ्रामकता)	(Noun): misleading notion, myth, allegory, (fact/reality/actuality) .	
7. INSIDIOUS (घातक)	(Adj.): menacing, sinister, dangerous, (beneficial/positive/useful)	
8. INTUITION (अंतर्ज्ञान)	(Noun): instinct, perception, sense, feeling, (emotionless)	
9. OBEISANCE (प्रणाम/सत्कार)	(Noun): respect, bend, curtsy, genuflection, (disrespect/ignorance)	
10. OLFATORY (घ्राणेन्द्रिय/सुंघने की)	(Adj.): connected with the sense of smell, (odoreless)	
11. ONSLAUGHT (आक्रमण/प्रहार)	(Noun): attack, assault, ambush, blitz, raid, (defense/shield/guard)	
12. PRECEDENCE (श्रेष्ठता)	(Noun): priority, preference, primacy, lead, (unresponsiveness)	
13. PROSAIC (नीरस/शुष्क)	(Adj.): banal, dull, mundane, ordinary, (romantic/inspiring/nice)	
14. PSYCHIC (अलौकिक/मानसिक)	(Adj.): supernatural, spiritual, mystical, (natural/normal/ordinary)	
15. RENAISSANCE (पुनर्जीवन)	(Noun): rebirth, revival, reawakening, (decline/regression/death)	
16. RESIDUE (अवशेष)	(Noun): remains, remainder, rest, leftovers, (whole/complete/total)	
17. SALUTARY (हितकारी)	(Adj.): helpful, useful, beneficial, valuable, (ineffective/futile/useless)	
18. STERLING (उत्तम/खरा)	(Adj.): genuine, excellent, real, matchless, (spurious/mediocre/)	
19. VOLUMINOUS (डौला-डाला)	(Adj.): baggy, loose-fitting, capacious, big, (petite/small/tight/tiny)	
20. WELTER (खिचड़ी/घालमेल)	(Noun): confusion, mass, muddle, jumble, (calm, order)	

LESSON - 11

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AFFINITY (घनिष्ठ संबंध)	(Noun): similarity, resemblance, likeness, (difference/dissimilarity)	
2. ASSUMPTION (पूर्णधारणा)	(Noun): supposition, guess, postulation, (confirmation/evidence)	
3. CIRCUMVENT (मात करना)	(Verb): outwit, thwart, avoid, evade, elude, (maintain/uphold/keep)	
4. CONTEND (दावा करना)	(Verb): affirm, insist, assert, state, stress, (deny/reject/rebuff/refute)	
5. CORROBORATE (पुष्टि करना)	(Verb): confirm, support, agree, back up, (contradict/disagree/deny)	
6. COUNTERPART (प्रतिपक्ष)	(Noun): complement, equal, (supplement/addition)	
7. EMBELLISH (अलंकृत करना)	(Verb): embroider, decorate, exaggerate, (deface/degrade/belittle)	
8. ENAMOURED (मोहित/आसक्त)	(Adj.): charmed, captivated, in love with, (apathetic/uninterested)	
9. EXPLOIT (शोषण करना)	(Verb): misuse, mistreat, abuse, waste, (use/employ/please/treat)	
10. GAMBOL (उछल-कुद करना)	(Verb): frisk, frolic, hop, entertain (tightness)	
11. LUCID (सुबोध/प्रांजल)	(Adj.): clear, cogent, eloquent, coherent, (confused/incoherent)	
12. POIGNANT (मार्मिक/हृदयविदारक)	(Adj.): touching, moving, emotional, sad, (unemotional/impassive)	
13. PRODIGY (विलक्षण/प्रतिभा संपन्न)	(Noun): genius, whiz kid, phenomenon, (cipher/zero/nonentity)	
14. REMUNERATION (पारिश्रमिक)	(Noun): payment, fee, salary, wage (commission, penalty)	
15. SHIFTLESS (धूर्त/बहानेवाज)	(Adj.): idle, inefficient, indolent, slothful, (active/smart/energetic)	
16. STABILIZE (स्थिर करना)	(Verb): control, steady, soothe, alleviate, (blow/propel/raise/drive)	
17. SUBJUGATE (वश में करना)	(Verb): conquer, subdue, vanquish, defeat, (lose/fail/be defeated)	
18. VIBRANT (गुंजायमान/अनुनादी)	(Adj.): lively, animated, bright, brilliant, (dull/boring/tedious)	
19. WHET (बढ़ाना)	(Verb): arouse, stimulate, kindle, awaken, (quench/satisfy/reduce)	
20. WHIMSICAL (अनोखा/बेतुका)	(Adj.): unique, peculiar, unusual, freakish, (normal/real/natural)	

LESSON - 12

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADVERSE (प्रतिकूल)	(Adj.): unfavourable, opposing, horrible, (favourable/positive/kind)	
2. ANALOGY (सादृश्य/अनुरूपता)	(Noun): similarity, correlation, comparison, (contrast/dissimilarity)	
3. CARICATURE (व्यंग्यचित्र)	(Noun): cartoon, picture, sketch, drawing, (authentic, true)	
4. CONFLAGRATION (अग्निकांड)	(Noun): fire, flames, combustion, inferno, (water/hydro)	
5. CONTINGENCY (आकस्मिकता)	(Noun): emergency, incident, eventuality, (preparation)	
6. DENIZEN (निवासी)	(Noun): inhabitant, resident, native, tenant, (stranger/foreigner/alien)	
7. DEPICT (चित्रित करना)	(Verb): portray, show, describe, represent, (hide/conceal/cover)	
8. DESPOIL (लूटना)	(Verb): plunder, damage, spoil, vandalize, (conserve/preserve/save)	
9. EXTANT (वर्तमान)	(Adj.): in existence, present, existing, (finished/exhausted)	
10. EXTRICATE (छुड़ाना)	(Verb): extract, rescue, remove, free, save, (abandon/dump/discard)	
11. INSOLUBLE (असमाधेय)	(Adj.): inexplicable, unsolvable, bizarre, (solvable/reasonable)	
12. MALIGN (निंदा करना)	(Verb): slander, criticize, smear, libel, (praise/admire/extol)	
13. MISCREANT (बदमाश/पाजी)	(Noun): troublemaker, scoundrel, criminal, (saint, religious)	
14. NOMADIC (खानाबदोश)	(Adj.): wandering, travelling, roaming, (native/inhabitant/citizen)	
15. PRESAGE (पूर्वसूचन देना)	(Verb): foretell, signify, suggest (make sure, determine)	
16. PROTESTATION (प्रतिज्ञापन)	(Noun): assertion, declaration, affirmation, (oblietion, appooवास)	
17. RUMINATE (चिंतन करना)	(Verb): ponder, meditate, cogitate, consider, (ignore, neglect)	
18. SORDID (घिनावना/गंदा)	(Adj.): dirty, disgusting, sleazy, grubby, (pleasant/nice/healthy)	
19. TESTIMONIAL (शिफारिशीनामा)	(Noun): tribute, memorial, testament, (mockery)	
20. WRY (नाराज)	(Adj.): ironic, cynical, sardonic, mocking, (serious/genuine/upright)	

LESSON - 13

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSTRACT (निकालना)	(Verb): extract, take out, obtain, get, wring, (place/lay/set/put)	
2. ACCOST (समीप जाना)	(Verb): approach, advance, come close to, (retreat/recoil/withdraw)	
3. ACCRUE (उपाजित करना)	(Verb): accumulate, grow, amass, add, (decrease/dwindle/fall)	
4. AVAIL (लाभ)	(Noun): benefit, advantage, reward, gain, (loss/detriment/harm)	
5. COLLATERAL (ऋणाधार)	(Noun): security, guarantee, undertaking, (freedom/autonomy)	
6. CONCISE (संक्षिप्त)	(Adj.): brief, short, to the point, succinct, (lengthy/long winded)	
7. DOLOROUS (दुःखमयी)	(Adj.): depressed, gloomy, sad, dejected, (cheerful/hopeful/jolly)	
8. GILD (सोना चढ़ाना)	(Verb): cover with gold, make golden,	
9. GLOWER (तरेरना)	(Verb): glare, frown, scowl, look hard, (smile/grin/smirk/beam)	
10. LIEN (बंधक)	(Noun): mortgage, advance, credit, finance, (debit/debt/withdrawal)	
11. MORBID (विकृत)	(Adj.): gloomy, melancholic, sinister, (cheerful/happy/jolly)	
12. NEUROTIC (तंत्रिका-रोगी)	(Noun): a mentally ill person, (a mentally sound person)	
13. PLEBISCITE (जनमत)	(Noun): election, voting, ballot vote, ballot,	
14. PRECIPITATE (हड़बड़िया)	(Adj.): hasty, swift, sudden, hurried, rapid, (protracted/prolonged)	
15. PRECIPITOUS (प्रपाती)	(Adj.): vertical, sharp, steep, sheer, abrupt, (gentle/mild/moderate)	
16. PROXIMITY (निकटता)	(Noun): nearness, closeness, convenience, (distance/remoteness)	
17. PUNGENT (तोखा/तीक्ष्ण)	(Adj.): strong, acidic, hot, biting, cutting, (sweet/lovable/mild/bland)	
18. REGENERATE (पुनरुज्जीवित)	(Adj.): perfect, faultless, pure, new, ideal, (wrong/erroneous/ill)	
19. SHORTCOMING (दोष/कमजोरी)	(Noun): fault, defect, error, deficiency, slip, (virtue/strength/power)	
20. WHEEDLE (फुसलाना/लुभाना)	(Verb): win over, persuade, convince, talk,	

LESSON - 14

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADAMANT (अटल)	(Adj.): obstinate, inflexible, unyielding, (compliant/submissive)	
2. AMENDMENT (संशोधन)	(Noun): alteration, change, modification, (preservation/protection)	
3. ARBITRARY (मनमाना)	(Adj.): random, capricious, fickle, illogical, (rational/logical/sound)	
4. ARBITRATE (मध्यस्थता करना)	(Verb): referee, judge, meditate, decide,	
5. COERCION (जबरदस्ती)	(Noun): force, compulsion, power, strength, (weakness/feebleness)	
6. CULMINATE (चरम बिन्दु पर पहुँचना)	(Verb): end, conclude, finish, terminate, (start/begin/initiate)	
7. DOMESTICATE (पालतू बनाना)	(Verb): tame, control, cultivate, (do away with/rid/free)	
8. EMISSARY (दूत/गुप्तचर)	(Noun): envoy, ambassador, representative,	
9. EXPLICIT (सुस्पष्ट)	(Adj.): unambiguous, open, clear, precise, (implicit/unclear/hidden)	
10. IMPREGNABLE (अजेय/सुरक्षित)	(Adj.): secure, indestructible, invincible, (vulnerable/weak/at risk)	
11. INDOLENT (निष्क्रिय/आलसी)	(Adj.): lazy, slothful, lethargic, (energetic/active/brisk)	
12. PHILANTHROPIST (लोकरोपकारक)	(Noun): patron, donor, benefactor, sponsor, (miser/collector/magpie)	
13. PECUNIARY (आर्थिक)	(Adj.): financial, fiscal, monetary,	
14. PETULANT (चिड़चिड़ा)	(Adj.): irritable, ill tempered, snappish, (cheerful/ even-tempered)	
15. PREMISE (आधार-वाक्य)	(Noun): basis, principle, idea, argument,	
16. PROPRIETARY (मालिकाना)	(Adj.): ownership, registered, trademark,	
17. RECIPIENT (पानेवाला)	(Noun): receiver, heir, beneficiary, (donor/giver/benefactor)	
18. SAGACIOUS (दूरदर्शी)	(Adj.): knowledgeable, wise, prudent, (naive/immature/juvenile)	
19. VERNACULAR (देशी बोली)	(Noun): lingua franca, language, dialect,	
20. ZEPHYR (हलकी पछुवाँ हवा)	(Noun): gust, wind, waft, gentle wind, draft	

LESSON - 15

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ASKANCE (संदेह से)	(Adv.): doubtfully, suspiciously, sideways, (confidently/unflinchingly)	
2. ASSIMILATE (अपनाना)	(Verb): understand, digest, adopt, adjust, (reject/refuse/snub/snub)	
3. AVOW (खुले आम कहना)	(Verb): affirm, state, confirm, declare, (deny/rebuff/contradict)	
4. CONSTRUE (अनुमान लगाना)	(Verb): interpret, deduce, infer, understand, (consider)	
5. DEFACE (विरूप करना)	(Verb): disfigure, spoil, ruin, mar, despoil, (beautify/revamp)	
6. DEPREDATION (बर्बादी)	(Noun): damage, ravages, devastation, ruin, (safety/shelter/)	
7. EFFACE (भुला देना)	(Verb): obliterate, eradicate, destroy, (engrave/scratch/score)	
8. EXHILARATED (आनंदित)	(Adj.): overjoyed, elated, ecstatic, joyful, (hopeless/desolate)	
9. EXTORT (ऐंठना/निकालना)	(Verb): extract, wrest, wring, force from, (grant/give/oblige)	
10. HYPOTHETICAL (परिकल्पनात्मक)	(Adj.): imaginary, theoretical, supposed, (real/genuine/actual/valid)	
11. INVOKE (कौ याचना करना)	(Verb): appeal to, pray to, attract, tempt, (defy/repel/deter/resist)	
12. MARAUDER (लुटेरा)	(Noun): looter, raider, prowler, intruder, (consumer)	
13. OPPORTUNE (समयानुकूल)	(Adj.): fitting, right, suitable, favorable, (inappropriate/wrong)	
14. PENAL (colony) (दण्डितों की बस्ती)	(Adj.): where criminals were sent as a punishment, (no antonym)	
15. PROFFER (अर्पित करना)	(Verb): offer, extend, tender, bid, submit, (withdraw/remove/extract)	
16. SATIRICAL (व्यंग्यात्मक)	(Adj.): mocking, ironic, sardonic, funny, (serious/solemn/sober)	
17. SEQUESTERED (एकांत)	(Adj.): quiet, lonely, calm, silent, gentle, (noisy/loud/boisterous)	
18. SLOUGH (दलदल)	(Noun): marsh, mire, fen, bog, omit (acquire)	
19. UNPRECEDENTED (अभूतपूर्व)	(Adj.): exceptional, record, unmatched, (ordinary/usual/regular)	
20. VOLUBLE (धाराप्रवाह)	(Adj.): fluent, vociferous, articulate, vocal, (taciturn/reticent/cold)	

LESSON - 16

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABORTIVE (निष्फल/व्यर्थ)	(Adj.): unsuccessful, failed, fruitless, vain, (successful/fruitful/fertile)	
2. ADAGE (कहावत)	(Noun): saying, proverb, maxim, motto, (euphemism)	
3. ASSIDUOUS (उद्यमी/श्रमशील)	(Adj.): diligent, tireless, industrious, brisk, (lazy/lethargic/indolent)	
4. BRUSQUE (रूखा/अशिष्ट)	(Adj.): rough, rude, impolite, discourteous, (polite/civil/gracious)	
5. CALIBRE (योग्यता)	(Noun): ability, intellect, mental power, (emotion/feeling/passion)	
6. DEFRAY (चुक्ता करना)	(Verb): settle, discharge, clear, settle up, (owe/charge/impose)	
7. DETRIMENTAL (हानिकारक)	(Adj.): harmful, damaging, unfavourable, (beneficial/positive/useful)	
8. GARRULOUS (बातूनी)	(Adj.): talkative, chatty, voluble, fluent, (reticent/taciturn/silent)	
9. GREGARIOUS (मिलनसार/सामूहिक)	(Adj.): living in group, social, sociable, (aloof/unfriendly/alone)	
10. INCORRIGIBLE (असुधार्य)	(Adj.): incurable, inveterate, persistent, (curable/mild/gentle)	
11. MERCANTILE (वाणिज्य)	(Adj.): commercial, business, merchant, (charitable/generous)	
12. NEBULOUS (अस्पष्ट)	(Adj.): vague, imprecise, hazy, tenuous, (precise/exact/specific)	
13. PANACEA (रामबाण)	(Noun): cure-all, solution, universal remedy, (illness, trouble)	
14. PAROXYSM (दौरा/आवेग)	(Noun): convulsion, outburst, spasm, (peace, comfort)	
15. PRETENTIOUS (आडम्बरी)	(Adj.): exaggerated, showy, pompous, void, (down-to-earth/practical)	
16. RAUCOUS (कर्कश)	(Adj.): rough, harsh, croaky, boisterous, (smooth/silky/soft/low)	
17. REDUNDANT (अनावश्यक)	(Adj.): superfluous, surplus, spare, excess, (needed/required/desired)	
18. UBIQUITOUS (सर्वव्यापक)	(Adj.): everywhere, omnipresent, all over, (uncertain)	
19. VAGARIES (बदलाव)	(Noun): changes, variations, alterations, (preservation/)	
20. VORACIOUS (भुक्खड़)	(Adj.): big, insatiable, hungry, greedy, (mild/little/soft/gentle)	

LESSON - 17

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABRIDGED (संक्षिप्त/झगड़ा)	(Adj.): shortened, edited, condensed, (complete/full/absolute)	
2. ALTERCATION (कहा-सुनी)	(Noun): dispute, disagreement, argument, (concord/agreement)	
3. AMBIGUOUS (अस्पष्ट)	(Adj.): vague, unclear, uncertain, hazy, (clear/lucid/plain/cogent)	
4. APPRISED (से अवगत)	(Adj.): informed, told, notified, enlightened, (ignored/unknown)	
5. CIRCUMSPECT (चौकन्ना/चौकस)	(Adj.): meticulous, prudent, careful, wise, (reckless/ignorant/foolish)	
6. CURSORY (सरसरी)	(Adj.): superficial, quick, hasty, passing, (through/careful/wary)	
7. DESULTORY (असंबद्ध)	(Adj.): aimless, random, meaningless, (purposeful/focused)	
8. ENIGMA (पहेली/रहस्य)	(Noun): conundrum, riddle, puzzle, mystery, (identification)	
9. EULOGIZE (गुणगान करना)	(Verb): eulogize, extol, admire, commend, (criticize/condemn/carp)	
10. IGNOMINIOUS (शर्मनाक)	(Adj.): humiliating, shameful, disgraceful, (honourable/admirable)	
11. INANIMATE (निर्जीव)	(Adj.): lifeless, dead, unconscious, inert, (alive/living/breathing)	
12. INNOCUOUS (अहानिकर)	(Adj.): harmless, mild, safe, inoffensive, (nasty/unpleasant/bad)	
13. INSIPID (स्वादहीन/फीका)	(Adj.): dull, bland, tasteless, flavourless, (delicious/yummy/tasty)	
14. METICULOUS (अतिसावधान)	(Adj.): careful, particular, scrupulous, (careless/casual/hasty)	
15. NOXIOUS (हानिकर)	(Adj.): harmful, nasty, venomous, deadly, (harmless/safe/nontoxic)	
16. OSTENSIBLE (प्रत्यक्ष/तथाकथित)	(Adj.): apparent, alleged, obvious, visible, (unclear/uncertain/vague)	
17. QUERULOUS (शिकायती/चिड़चिड़ा)	(Adj.): cantankerous, irritable, petulant, (amicable/friendly/cordial)	
18. SINECURE (आराम की नौकरी)	(Noun): minor appointment or employment, (hard work)	
19. SONOROUS (अनुनादी/गुजायमान)	(Adj.): echoing, loud, deep, resonant, deep, (thin/low/soft/gentle)	
20. TIRADE (उत्तेजनापूर्ण भाषण)	(Noun): harangue, angry speech, criticism, (admiration/approval)	

LESSON - 18

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADEPT (निपूण/दक्ष)	(Adj.): skillful, expert, skilled, skillful,	(amateur/clumsy/inept)
2. AQUILINE (वक्र/टेढ़ा)	(Adj.): bent, rounded, curved, hooked,	(straight/upright/erect)
3. AUGUR (well) (शुभ होना)	(Verb): forecast, foretell, predict,	(make sure, determine)
4. CIRCUITOUS (चक्करदार)	(Adj.): roundabout, indirect, twisty,	(direct/straight/shortest)
5. CRITERION (कसौटी/मानदंड)	(Noun): principle, norm, standard, theory,	(conjecture, fancy)
6. ENSCONCED (सुखपूर्वक बैठा हुआ)	(Adj.): at ease, relaxed, comfortable, safe,	(on edge/tense/jittery)
7. EPITOME (सार-संग्रह/निचोड़)	(Noun): epithet, personification, essence,	(no antonym)
8. EXCRUCIATING (मर्मभेदक/तीव्र)	(Adj.): agonizing, unbearable, severe,	(cheerful/soft/pleasant)
9. FLAIR (सूक्ष्मदर्शिता)	(Noun): penchant, fineness, talent, skill,	(clumsiness/inertia)
10. IMPECCABLE (त्रुटिहीन)	(Adj.): perfect, faultless, flawless, spotless,	(flawed/imperfect/faulty)
11. INADVERTENT (अनजान/अनभिप्रेत)	(Adj.): unintentional, chance, accidental,	(intentional/deliberate)
12. INTELLIGIBLE (सुबोधगम्य)	(Adj.): comprehensible, lucid, clear, plain,	(unintelligible/incoherent)
13. INURED (अभ्यस्त)	(Adj.): accustomed, familiar, familiarized,	(unaccustomed/unfamiliar)
14. INVETERATE (कदृटर/प्रगाढ़)	(Adj.): incurable, hardened, chronic,	(yielding/mild/gentle/soft)
15. PREDATORY (परभक्षी)	(Adj.): grasping, voracious, rapacious,	(generous/liberal/giving)
16. REGALE (मनोरंजन करना)	(Verb): entertain, amuse, delight, divert,	(bore/tire/weary/irk/vex)
17. SCION (वंशज)	(Noun): descendant, successor, heir, child,	(ancestor/precursor)
18. SENILE (जराग्रस्त/जराजीर्ण)	(Adj.): old and confused, hesitating,	(firm/strong/confident)
19. VERSATILE (बहुमुखी)	(Adj.): multipurpose, multitalented, gifted,	(untalented/dull/dim)
20. VOCIFEROUS (जोरदार/कोलाहलपूर्ण)	(Adj.): enthusiastic, indomitable, noisy,	(peaceful/undisturbed)

WORDS FOR EXAM (LEVEL - 4)

LESSON - 1

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABET (उकसाना)	(Verb): assist, help, support, encourage	(dissuade/hinder/deter)
2. ACCOUTREMENTS (साज-सामान)	(Noun): accessories, trappings, trimmings,	(alienation)
3. ADJURE (अनुरोध करना)	(Verb): ask, tell, convince, order, persuade,	
4. AMNESTY (राजक्षमा)	(Noun): forgiveness, reprieve, pardon, (accusation/charge/blame	
5. CAPTION (शीर्षक)	(Noun): heading, header, slogan, title, label, (subtitle, tenure)	
6. CLANDESTINE (गुप्त)	(Adj.): secret, concealed, illegal, furtive, (open/official/legal/lawful	
7. CLARION (कोलाहलपूर्ण)	(Adj.): loud, noisy, shrill, boisterous, (quiet/calm/silent/gentle)	
8. COLLABORATE (सहयोग देना)	(Verb): work together, team up, rally, unite, (break away/part/split)	
9. DECIDUOUS (पतझड़ी)	(Adj.): trees that lose leaves in winter, (evergreen/conifer)	
10. ENUNCIATE (उच्चारण करना)	(Verb): pronounce, utter, articulate, voice, (mispronounce)	
11. EQUABLE (शांत)	(Adj.): composed, calm, poised, serene, (jerky/jumpy/shuddering)	
12. FLORID (गुलाबी)	(Adj.): rosy, reddish, rose-pink, pinkish, (plain/simple/normal)	
13. HIEROGLYPHICS (चित्रलिपि)	(Adj.): system of writing that uses pictures, (representational)	
14. IMPLICIT (अंधा)	(Adj.): blind, unquestioning, absolute, (explicit/unconfirmed)	
15. INCOHERENT (अंड-बंड)	(Adj.): unintelligible, meaningless, messy, (coherent/clear/lucid)	
16. IRRELEVANT (अप्रासंगिक)	(Adj.): unrelated, inappropriate, isolated, (relevant/appropriate)	
17. MACHINATION (षड्यंत्र)	(Noun): plot, plan, conspiracy, intrigue, (honesty)	
18. NEMESIS (दण्ड)	(Noun): punishment, defeat, penalty, cost, (fortune/affluence/luck)	
19. OBLIGATORY (अनिवार्य)	(Adj.): compulsory, mandatory, required, (voluntary/liberal)	
20. TRUCULENT (झगड़ालू)	(Adj.): bad-tempered, quarrelsome, harsh, (friendly/gracious/open)	

LESSON - 2

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABORIGINES (आदिवासी जातियाँ)	(Noun): natives, inhabitants, people, folks,	(emigrants)
2. ACCEDE (स्वीकार करना)	(Verb): accept, agree, consent, assent,	(reject/refuse/decline)
3. AMENITIES (सुखसाधन)	(Noun): facilities, services, conveniences, (difficulties/complexities)	
4. APPEND (सलान करना)	(Verb): add, join, insert, attach, include, (detach/remove/delete/)	
5. AUTONOMY (स्वायत्तता)	(Noun): independence, sovereignty, liberty, (dependence/reliance)	
6. BALEFUL (क्रोधित)	(Adj.): threatening, spiteful, vindictive, (likable/genial/amicable)	
7. CATAclysm (महाप्रलय)	(Noun): catastrophe, disaster, calamity, (prosperity/fortune)	
8. COMBUSTIBLE (ज्वलन-शील)	(Adj.): inflammable, explosive, burnable, (fire-resistive)	
9. CONTENTIOUS (विवादास्पद)	(Adj.): controversial, debatable, arguable, (acceptable/agreeable)	
10. CORRUGATED (लहरिया/नालीदार)	(Adj.): wavy, uneven, bumpy, irregular, (smooth/even/flat/level)	
11. DISAFFECTED (असंतुष्ट)	(Adj.): dissatisfied, discontented, unhappy, (satisfied/content/ pleased)	
12. DISSEMINATE (प्रसारण करना)	(Verb): broadcast, distribute, circulate, (censor/check/expurgate)	
13. EFFRONTERY (गुस्ताखी)	(Noun): imprudence, confidence, nerve, (awe/esteem/admiration)	
14. EVANESCENT (क्षणभंगुर)	(Adj.): temporary, momentary, fleeting, (permanent/lasting/ stable)	
15. GRANDIOSE (भव्य)	(Adj.): extravagant, pompous, flamboyant, (modest/humble/meek)	
16. INDIGENT (दरिद्र/गरीब)	(Adj.): poor, needy, destitute, deprived, (wealthy/rich/affluent)	
17. IRREPROACHABLE (निर्दोष/निकट)	(Adj.): blameless, innocent, immaculate, (culpable/chargeable)	
18. ITINERANT (भ्रमणशील)	(Adj.): wandering, roving, (stable/native/resident)	
19. QUIXOTIC (अव्यावहारिक)	(Adj.): impractical, idealistic, unrealistic, (down to earth/sensible)	
20. TAWDRY (भडकीला/भद्दा)	(Adj.): gaudy, cheap, showy, crude, (stylish/graceful/elegant)	

LESSON - 3

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ALTRUISTIC (स्वार्थहीन)	(Adj.): unselfish, kind, humane, selfless,	(selfish/egoistic/egotistic)
2. AMELIORATE (सुधारना)	(Verb): progress, make better, improve,	(downgrade/reduce/lower)
3. ANOMALY (अपवाद/अनियमितता)	(Noun): irregularity, abnormality, glitch,	(consistency/uniformity)
4. ASPERSIONS (कलंक/निन्दा)	(Noun): comment, remark, criticism,	(praise/admiration/glory)
5. BENEFICENCE (उपकारिता)	(Noun): generosity, kindness, liberality,	(miserliness/greediness)
6. CHATTEL (चल-संपत्ति)	(Noun): belongings, property, luggage,	(dumping)
7. CORRELATE (सहसंबंध रखना)	(Verb): associate, link, compare, connect,	(disband/disperse/split)
8. DASTARDLY (क्रूर/निर्मम)	(Adj.): cruel, shameful, base, immoral,	(noble/decent/gracious)
9. DEMAGOGUE (राज नेता)	(Noun): political leader, chief, controller,	(follower/sub ordinate)
10. EXPEDITE (शीघ्र सम्पादित करना)	(Verb): accelerate, speed up, hasten, rush,	(impede/slow down/delay)
11. FATUOUS (अनर्गल)	(Adj.): stupid, impractical, silly, idiotic,	(sensible/rational/sane)
12. FIGMENT (काल्पनिक कथा)	(Noun): fabrication, creation, invention,	(destruction/obliteration)
13. HISTRIONICS (नाट्यकला)	(Noun): dramatics, song and dance,	(artless)
14. IMPORTUNATE (आग्रही/हठी)	(Adj.): annoying, persistent, relentless,	(feeble/delicate/frail)
15. INIMICAL (हानिकारक/प्रतिकूल)	(Adj.): unfavorable, contrary, harmful,	(favourable/positive/good)
16. LACONIC (संक्षिप्त)	(Adj.): brief, economical, to the point,	(lengthy/tedious/boring)
17. MERITORIOUS (सराहनीय/प्रशंसनीय)	(Adj.): commendable, praiseworthy,	(lamentable/regrettable)
18. RECRIMINATION (प्रत्यारोप)	(Noun): accusation, blame, allegation,	(acquittal/exoneration)
19. ROTE (by rote) (रटन/परिपाटी)	(Noun): learning, memorizing, repeating,	(ignorance)
20. VICARIOUS (प्रतिनिधिक)	(Adj.): selfless, courteous, altruistic,	(self/self-seeking/selfish)

LESSON - 4

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSTRUSE (दुर्बोध/गूढ़)	(Adj.): complex, mysterious, obscure,	(simple/lucid/easy)
2. ANACHRONISM (उदाहरण)	(Noun): example, model, paradigm, case,	(unfamiliar)
3. APHORISM (सूक्ति)	(Noun): maxim, saying, dictum, cliché,	(nebulosity)
4. ASCETIC (तपस्वी/योगी)	(Noun): monk, hermit, priest, pastor,	(greedy, luxury)
5. BENIGN (भद्र/दयालु)	(Adj.): kind, benevolent, caring, gentle,	(cruel/nasty/mean/brutal)
6. COLLUSION (मिलिभगत)	(Noun): conspiracy, dishonest agreement,	(loyalty/disagreement)
7. COMMENSURATE (उनुरूप/अनुपातित)	(Adj.): equal, proportionate, corresponding,	(disproportionate/uneven)
8. DEFUNCT (मृत/समाप्त)	(Adj.): invalid, obsolete, dead, outdated,	(current/fresh/modern)
9. DUDGEON (नाराजगी/क्रोध)	(Noun): anger, infuriation, annoyance,	(peace/tranquility)
10. ENTOMOLOGY (कीट-विज्ञान)	(Noun): the scientific study of insects,	
11. EPHEMERAL (क्षणभंगुर)	(Adj.): transient, fleeting, momentary,	(eternal/lasting/durable)
12. ETHNOLOGY (मानवजाति विज्ञान)	(Noun): the scientific study and comparison of human races,	
13. ETYMOLOGY (व्युत्पत्ति विज्ञान)	(Noun): the study of the origin and history of words and their meanings,	
14. HACKNEYED (घिसा-पिटा)	(Adj.): boring, worn out, clichéd, old,	(creative/original/artistic)
15. HOMILY (सलाह)	(Noun): advice, counsel, guidance, opinion,	(warning/caution)
16. INCREMENT (बढ़त)	(Noun): increase, addition, rise, growth;	(decline/deterioration)
17. MISNOMER (अयथार्थ नाम)	(Noun) inappropriate or inaccurate word,	(appropriate or right word)
18. MOOT (विवादस्पद)	(Adj.): debatable, doubtful, controversial,	(conventional)
19. ORNITHOLOGY (पक्षि-विज्ञान)	(Noun): the scientific study of birds,	
20. PARLANCE (शब्दावली)	(Noun): phraseology, idiom, jargon, dialect,	(silence)

LESSON - 5

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSTEMIOUS (संयमी/मिताहारी)	(Adj.): sober, moderate, ascetic, temperate, (wild/unreserved)	
2. ALLEVIATE (कम करना)	(Verb): lessen, ease, assuage, improve, (aggravate/worsen/annoy)	
3. AMPHIBIOUS (उभयचर)	(Adj.): that live both on land and in water, (terrestrial, aquatic)	
4. BLATANT (खुला/घोर)	(Adj.): flagrant, transparent, palpable, (furtive/secret/sneaky)	
5. CARNAGE (हत्याकांड)	(Noun): killing, slaughter, massacre, (friendship)	
6. CHRONOLOGICAL (कालानुक्रमिक)	(Adj.): sequential, in order, organised, (out of order/broken)	
7. DECADENT (पतित/क्षयोन्मुख)	(Adj.): corrupt, immoral, dissolute, shady, (innocent/sincere/honest)	
8. DECRY (निन्दा करना)	(Verb): criticize, condemn, disparage, carp, (praise/commend/extol)	
9. EPICURE (चटोरा/स्वादलोलुप)	(Noun): gourmet, connoisseur, gastronome, (ascetic)	
10. EQUIVOCAL (अस्पष्ट)	(Adj.): ambiguous, vague, unclear, oblique, (clear/apparent/obvious)	
11. ESOTERIC (गोपनीय/गूढ़)	(Adj.): mysterious, obscure, abstruse, (common/simple/general)	
12. GUERRILLA (छापामार)	(Adj.): rebellious, unruly, disloyal, defiant, (loyal/faithful/devoted)	
13. HARBINGER (अग्रदूत/संकेत)	(Noun): indicator, signal, herald, omen, (inheritor)	
14. INANE (निरर्थक)	(Adj.): silly, absurd, ridiculous, idiotic, (sensible/sane/shrewd)	
15. INAUGURATE (शुभारंभ करना)	(Verb): induct, introduce, launch, initiate, (abolish/remove)	
16. OB DURATE (निष्ठुर/जिद्दी)	(Adj.): obstinate, stubborn, adamant, (compliant/submissive)	
17. OBSEQUIES (अन्त्येष्टि)	(Noun): funeral ceremonies, interment, (ugly)	
18. PEDANT (विद्यार्थी)	(Noun): scholar, intellectual, obscurantist, (dilettante/amateur)	
19. PUNCTILIOUS (अत्यौपचारिक)	(Adj.): meticulous, scrupulous, diligent, (stupid/unwise)	
20. SENTENTIOUS (आडम्बरी)	(Adj.): bigheaded, boastful, arrogant, (humble/demure/modest)	

LESSON - 6

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABEYANCE (प्रसुत्पावस्था में)	(Noun): deadlock, stalemate, gridlock, (progress/advancement)	
2. ARBITER (पंच/मध्यस्थ)	(Noun): arbitrator, negotiator, mediator, (fighter)	
3. CALUMNY (मानहानि/निन्दा)	(Noun): defamation, misrepresentation, lie, (acclaim/commendation)	
4. CARNIVOROUS (मांसाहारी)	(Noun): any animal that eats meat, (herbivorous)	
5. COGENT (अकाट्य)	(Adj.): convincing, forceful, strong, logical, (unconvincing/feeble)	
6. COMMISERATE (सहानुभूति जताना)	(Verb): sympathise, console, empathize, (ignore)	
7. DECLIVITY (ढाल)	(Noun): steepness, inclination, sloping, (rise/mount/knoll/hill)	
8. DISPARITY (विषमता)	(Noun): inequality, difference, inconsistency, (parity/equality/similarity)	
9. FETID (बदबूदार)	(Adj.): stinking, rotten, stale, pungent, (fresh/pleasant/light)	
10. GIST (सारांश/भावार्थ)	(Noun): idea, essence, substance, summary, (left, margin)	
11. HERBIVOROUS (शाकाहारी)	(Noun): any animal that eats only plants, (carnivorous)	
12. IMBUE (सराबोर करना)	(Verb): satisfy, fill, satiate, infuse, instill, (exhaust/drain/fatigue)	
13. INVIOABLE (अलंचनीय)	(Adj.): unbreakable, firm, sacred, strong, (fragile/flimsy/breakable)	
14. LIMPID (स्वच्छ/निर्मल)	(Adj.): clear, transparent, flimsy, sheer, (opaque/dense/thick)	
15. OMNIVOROUS (सर्वाहारी)	(Noun): eating all types of food, especially both plants and meat,	
16. PARAGON (आदर्श)	(Noun): example, paradigm, standard, (contrast)	
17. PERSPICACITY (कुशाग्रता)	(Noun): sharpness, perception, insight, (dullness/tediousness)	
18. PERSPICUITY (सुस्पष्टता)	(Noun): articulateness, expressiveness, (ambiguity/vagueness)	
19. RECLUSE (एकान्तवासी)	(Noun): hermit, ascetic, loner, recluse, (socializer)	
20. TACITURN (अल्पभाषी/चुप्पा)	(Adj.): silent, reticent, quiet, soundless, (talkative/noisy/chatty)	

LESSON - 7

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AQUEOUS (जलीय)	(Adj.): watery, containing water, like water, (dehydrated)	
2. CONTUMELY (निन्दा/अपमान)	(Noun): dishonour, hate, abhorrence, (love/affection/adoration)	
3. DEFARE (बदनाम करना)	(Verb): insult, slander, offend, criticize, (praise/admire/commend)	
4. EMBROILED (अंतर्ग्रस्त)	(Adj.): involved, entangled, confused, (liberated/boundless/free)	
5. EXUDE (टपकाना/चुआना)	(Verb): radiate, display, emanate, ooze, (absorb/soak/attract/ take)	
6. FACILE (सहज/सीधा)	(Adj.): simplistic, superficial, too easy, (sophisticated/ complicated)	
7. FORTUITOUS (आकस्मिक)	(Adj.): accidental, unexpected, chance, (expected/deliberate/likely)	
8. IGNEOUS (लावा-चट्टान)	(Adj.): rocks formed from lava, (cool, frigid)	
9. INVECTIVE (गाली)	(Noun): abuse, mistreatment, violence, (praise/adoration/honour)	
10. LIAISON (सम्पर्क/संधि)	(Noun): relation, association, connection, (difference/disparity/gap)	
11. OLIGARCHY (गुट तंत्र)	(Noun): a government where a small group of people hold all the power,	
12. PREDILECTION (अभिरूचि)	(Noun): fondness, liking, preference, taste, (aversion/abhorrence)	
13. PROPOUND (प्रस्तुत करता)	(Verb): present, offer, yield, promote, (discourage/deter/ restrain)	
14. RAPPROCHEMENT (पुनर्मेल)	(Noun): relationship, connection, liaison, (dispute/disagreement)	
15. SEDULOUS (परिश्रमी)	(Adj.): thorough, careful, meticulous, (careless/partial/limited)	
16. STEREOTYPED (रूढ़/धिसा-पिटा)	(Adj.): labeled, typed, categorical, definite, (disorganize)	
17. TOPOGRAPHY (स्थालाकृति)	(Noun): scenery, landscape, geography, (sky)	
18. TRAVESTY (उपहास/विडम्बना)	(Noun): mockery, distortion, parody, (respect/admiration)	
19. UNWITTING (अनजान/अनभिप्रेत)	(Adj.): accidental, unintentional, chance, (deliberate/planned)	
20. VIRILE (पौरुष/मरदाना)	(Adj.): strong, energetic, powerful, burly, (weak/feeble/fragile/tired)	

LESSON - 8

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ALLEGATION (दावा/कथन)	(Noun): claim, assertion, declaration,	(rejection/refusal/denial)
2. APPURTENANCE (साज-सम्मान)	(Noun): paraphernalia, equipment, stuff,	(unrelated)
3. BEHOOVE (आवश्यक होना)	(Verb): compel, force, induce, coerce, make,	(prevent/ignore/snub)
4. BIBLIOGRAPHY (ग्रंथ-सूची)	(Noun): a list of books or articles,	
5. COMMUTE (बदल देना)	(Verb): convert, exchange, alter, substitute,	(maintain/keep/retain)
6. EMOLUMENT (परिश्रमिक)	(Noun): remuneration, reimbursement, fee,	(commission)
7. EVASIVE (टालमटोलावाला)	(Adj.): elusive, vague, unclear, ambiguous,	(clear/direct/lucid)
8. FOIBLE (कमजोरी/अवगुण)	(Noun): idiosyncrasy, fault, shortcoming,	(strength/forte/asset)
9. GARISH (भड़कीला/चटकीला)	(Adj.): colorful, gaudy, dazzling, showy,	(simple/elegant/classy)
10. GAUCHE (फूहड़/भद्दा)	(Adj.): vulgar, rude, offensive, improper,	(decent/polite/honest)
11. IMBIBE (पीना)	(Verb): drink, take in, swallow, absorb, eat,	(abstain, blow)
12. IMPLICATE (फंसाना)	(Verb): associate, accuse, finger, connect,	(clear/acquit/discharge)
13. INEFFABLE (अकथनीय)	(Adj.): unspeakable, inexpressible, awful,	(expressible/impressive)
14. OPULENT (धनी/विपुल)	(Adj.): wealthy, lavish, affluent, prolific,	(impoverished/poor)
15. RAPACIOUS (लोभी/पेटू)	(Adj.): voracious, greedy, insatiable,	(satisfied/moderate/fair)
16. REVERBERATE (गुंजना)	(Verb): resound, echo, ring, resonate,	(talk)
17. ROSEATE (गुलाबी)	(Adj.): pink, reddish, glowing, crimson,	(very upset)
18. SCHISM (फूट/विच्छेद)	(Noun): disagreement, split, break, division,	(agreement/affinity)
19. TRUISM (धिसी-पिटी बात)	(Noun): maxim, cliché, axiom, saying,	(faishehood, lie)
20. VERTEBRATE (मेरूदण्डी प्राणी)	(Noun): animal, mammal, creature,	(invertebrate, spineless)

LESSON - 9

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABJURE (सत्याग करना)	(Verb): give up, reject, renounce, quit, stop, (continue/carry on/go on)	
2. ALACRITY (तत्परता/फुरती)	(Noun): promptness, readiness, promptness, (lethargy/sluggishness)	
3. ANATHEMA (अभिशाप)	(Noun): abhorrence, abomination, loathing, (admiration/worship)	
4. BEHEST (आदेश)	(Noun): command, directive, demand, order, (answer, entreat)	
5. CENTRIFUGAL (अपकेन्द्री)	(Adj.): moving away from a centre, (centripetal)	
6. CHARLATAN (नीम-हकीम)	(Noun): quack, imposter, fake, swindler, (real McCoy/original)	
7. CONDIMENT (मसाला)	(Noun): mixture of different flavour, masaala,	
8. DEFECTION (अभाव/अपसरण)	(Noun): desertion, neglect, abandonment, (seriousness/earnestness)	
9. DETONATION (विस्फोट)	(Noun): explosion, ignition, blast, bang, (defuse)	
10. DORSAL (पृष्ठीय)	(Adj.): connected with the back part of a fish or an animal, (ventral)	
11. HALLUCINATION (दृष्टिभ्रम/मतिभ्रम)	(Noun): illusion, vision, delirium, delusion, (real picture)	
12. INCENDIARY (दाहक)	(Adj.): inflammable, combustible, arson, (incombustible)	
13. LASSITUDE (शिथिलता)	(Noun): weariness, lethargy, laziness, (vitality/energy/life)	
14. RETRIBUTION (प्रतिशोध/बदला)	(Noun): vengeance, punishment, retaliation, (reward)	
15. RIBALD (अश्लील/गंदा)	(Adj.): vulgar, coarse, rude, lewd, bawdy, (cultured/gracious)	
16. SPECIOUS (निरर्थक/झूठा)	(Adj.): misleading, false, hollow, baseless, (valid/true/correct)	
17. SPORADIC (छुट-पुट)	(Adj.): irregular, intermittent, infrequent, (regular/usual/normal)	
18. SQUEAMISH (कमजोर-सुकुमार)	(Adj.): repulsive, disgusting, sickening, (confident/strong/good)	
19. TACIT (मौन)	(Adj.): undeclared, silent, implied, implicit, (explicit/open/clear)	
20. VENTRAL (अधर)	(Adj.): connected with the front part of a fish or an animal, (dorsal)	

LESSON - 10

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABDICATE (गद्दी छोड़ना)	(Verb):, resign, renounce, relinquish, leave, (accept/take up/assume)	
2. ABROGATE (रद्द करना)	(Verb): repeal, abolish, eliminate, eradicate, (enforce/implement)	
3. BENEFICIARY (लाभभोगी)	(Noun): heir, recipient, receiver, inheritor, (benefactor/predecessor)	
4. BIENNIAL (द्वैवार्षिक)	(Adj.): happening once every two years, (annual)	
5. CAUCUS (बैठक)	(Noun): conclave, assembly, conference, (good bye)	
6. CHOLERIC (गुस्सेल/क्रोधी)	(Adj.): bad-tempered, belligerent, irritable, (good natured/friendly)	
7. CITATION (प्रशंसात्मक उल्लेख)	(Noun): announcement, .mention, reference, (denunciation)	
8. DECOROUS (मर्यादित)	(Adj.): proper, suitable, right, appropriate, (wrong/untrue/erroneous)	
9. DEFLECT (ध्यान भटकाना)	(Verb): turn aside, turn away, avert, repel, (attract/invite/draw)	
10. EFFICACIOUS (प्रभावोत्पादक)	(Adj.): effective, efficient, successful, (ineffective/futile/vain)	
11. EGRESS (निर्गमन/निकास)	(Noun): way out, door, outlet, entrance, (entrance/doorway/entry)	
12. FABRICATE (जालसाजी करना)	(Verb): forge, copy, counterfeit, falsify, , (tell truth)	
13. GAMUT (पूर्णविस्तार)	(Noun): coverage, span, range, extent, (limitation)	
14. HAUTEUR (अभिमान)	(Noun): arrogance, pride, overconfidence, (modesty/humility)	
15. IDIOSYNCRASY (विशिष्टता)	(Noun): peculiarity, oddity, oddness, habit, (normality/ordinariness)	
16. IMMUTABLE (अपरिवर्तनीय)	(Adj.): incontrovertible, absolute, pure, (unconfirmed/invalid)	
17. LYRICAL (गीतात्मक)	(Adj.): poetic, rhythmical, flowing, prosaic, (cacophonous)	
18. MANDATORY (अनिवार्य)	(Adj.): obligatory, compulsory, requisite, (optional/voluntary)	
19. OPPROBRIOUS (अपमानजनक)	(Adj.): critical remark, cutting remark, (compliment/tribute)	
20. PARODY (नकल)	(Noun): satire, lampoon, spoof, sketch, skit, (appreciation/admiration)	

LESSON - 11

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADJUNCT (जोड़/सहायक)	(Noun): addition, attachment, add-on,	(degradation)
2. BIZARRE (अनोखा)	(Adj.): strange, peculiar, unusual, odd, (ordinary/normal/regular)	
3. DELETERIOUS (हानिकारक)	(Adj.): harmful, toxic, poisonous, deadly, (harmless/safe/nontoxic)	
4. ELECTORATE (निर्वाचक-समूह)	(Noun): voters, voting public, citizen,	(appointive)
5. FINITE (सीमित/सीमाबद्ध)	(Adj.): limited, restricted, incomplete,	(infinite/boundless)
6. GESTICULATE (अंगसंचालन करना)	(Verb): gesture, signal, wave, indicate,	(uncommunicative)
7. HEINOUS (जघन्य/घोर)	(Adj.): monstrous, terrible, scandalous,	(good/pleasant/nice)
8. IMPUTATION (आरोप/लांछन)	(Noun): charge, accusation, allegation,	(discharge/acquittal)
9. INCIPIENT (आरंभिक)	(Adj.): budding, initial, developing, early,	(advanced/developed)
10. JARGON (विशिष्ट बोली)	(Noun): terminology, lingo, vernacular,	(standard)
11. MEDIOCRE (साधारण/औसत)	(Adj.): average, middling, ordinary, usual,	(excellent/outstanding)
12. OVERT (प्रत्यक्ष/खुला)	(Adj.): obvious, unconcealed, explicit, (hidden/covered/implicit)	
13. PATHOLOGICAL (रोगात्मक)	(Adj.): caused by, or connected with, disease or illness,	
14. QUIZZICAL (प्रश्नात्मक/बेढंगा)	(Adj.): questioning, curious, puzzled, (ordinary/usual/apathetic)	
15. RECALCITRANT (अकबड़/अड़ियल)	(Adj.): unruly, obstinate, non-compliant,	(obedient/good/dutiful)
16. SAGA (आख्यान/गाथा)	(Noun): story, tale, legend, yarn, history,	(no antonym)
17. TEMERITY (दुःसाहस)	(Noun): courage, bravery, guts, daring, (cowardice/weakness/fear)	
18. UNANIMITY (सर्वसम्मति)	(Noun): agreement, accord, harmony, unity, (discord/conflict/dispute)	
19. UNREMITTING (निरंतर/अथक)	(Adj.): constant, relentless, nonstop,	(irregular/unbalanced)
20. VERACITY (सच्चाई)	(Noun): reality, truth, actuality, sincerity,	(treachery/fraudulence)

LESSON - 12

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ADROIT (दक्ष/चतुर)	(Adj.): skillful, clever, nimble, dexterous,	(clumsy/awkward/inept)
2. AGRARIAN (भूमि या कृषि संबंधी)	(Noun): agriculture, cultivation, farming,	(nonagricultural)
3. AURA (वातावरण)	(Noun): atmosphere, air, impression,	(clearness)
4. BOYCOTT (बहिष्कार)	(Noun): rejection, refusal, elimination,	(acceptance/approval)
5. CLEMENCY (मृदुलता)	(Noun): mercy, pity, kindness, compassion,	(harshness/roughness)
6. CLIENTELE (ग्राहक गण)	(Noun): customers, patrons, consumers,	(ownership)
7. COLLOQUIAL (बोलचाल का)	(Adj.): informal, slang, conversational, (official/formal/ ceremonial)	
8. COTERIE (मंडली/गुट्ट)	(Noun): the people, community, society,	(empty)
9. DEPRECATE (की निन्दा करना)	(Verb): condemn, denounce, criticize,	(praise/commend/laud)
10. ELUCIDATE (समझाना)	(Verb): clarify, explain, expound, reveal,	(confuse/perplex/baffle)
11. FELICITY (सुख-शांति)	(Noun): happiness, cheerfulness, glee, joy,	(sadness/sorrow/grief)
12. GRATUITOUS (निःशुल्क)	(Adj.): open, free, complimentary, limitless, (restricted/limited)	
13. INCULCATE (मन में बैठाना)	(Verb): instill, inspire, implant, encourage,	(dishearten/dismay)
14. NEFARIOUS (घृणित/जघन्य)	(Adj.): evil, wicked, immoral, bad, wrong, (good/right/decent/ sound)	
15. PERFIDIOUS (विश्वासघाति)	(Adj.): disloyal, treacherous, dishonest,	(loyal/honest/sincere)
16. SATIATE (परितृप्त कर देना)	(Verb): satisfy, fill, quench, sate, slake, (starve/empty/drain/clear)	
17. SEGREGATE (पृथक करना)	(Verb): separate, isolate, disconnect, part,	(connect/attach/join)
18. THERAPEUTIC (चिकित्सीय)	(Adj.): healing, curative, remedial,	(harmful, poison)
19. VESTED (निहित)	(Adj.): belonged, bestowed, provided,	(divested)
20. WAIVE (दूर करना/हटाना)	(Verb): ignore, overlook, neglect, avoid,	(enforce/impose/inflict)

LESSON - 13

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ALIGN (सीध मिलाना/बांधना)	(Verb): line up, side with, organise, ally,	(divide)
2. BLANDISHMENTS (प्रलोभन)	(Noun): bait, attraction, enticement, lure,	(repulsion)
3. BUREAUCRACY (नौकरशाही)	(Noun): officialdom, red tape, paperwork,	(nonalignment)
4. CABAL (गुप्त दल)	(Noun): section, group, unit, sect, faction,	(disunion)
5. COMPATIBLE (संगत/अनुकूल)	(Adj.): similar, fitting, matching, alike,	(dissimilar/different)
6. COMPUTATION (संगणना/परिकलन)	(Noun): calculation, totaling, division,	(assumption)
7. COVERTLY (गुप्तरूप से)	(Adv.): secretly, stealthily, clandestinely,	(openly/candidly/honestly)
8. DISSEMBLE (छिपाना/उपेक्षा करना)	(Verb): evade, avoid, elude, skirt, escape,	(display/demonstrate)
9. HIERARCHY (अनुक्रम)	(Noun): ladder, steps, ranking, grading,	(declassification)
10. INEPT (अनाड़ी/अयोग्य)	(Adj.): clumsy, incompetent, hopeless,	(able/capable/skilled)
11. INGENUOUS (सच्चा/निष्कापट)	(Adj.): honest, candid, frank, candid,	(insincere/cunning)
12. JEOPARDIZE (खतरा मोलना)	(Verb): risk, expose, endanger, imperil,	(shield/shelter/guard)
13. KLEPTOMANIAC (चौर्यान्मादी)	(Adj.): a mental illness in to steal things, thief,	(giver)
14. LAUDABLE (प्रशंसनीय)	(Adj.): commendable, praiseworthy,	(disgraceful/scandalous)
15. MATERIALISTIC (भौतिकवादी)	(Adj.): money oriented, worldly, selfish,	(altruistic/philanthropic)
16. NONCHALANT (उदासीन/शांत)	(Adj.): relaxed, comfortable, tranquil, calm,	(tense/nervous/stressed)
17. PERJURY (झूठी कसम)	(Noun): false swearing, lying under oath,	(truthful)
18. REDOUBTABLE (दुर्जेय/भयानक)	(Adj.): formidable, impressive, terrible,	(insignificant/minor/weak)
19. TORTUOUS (टेढ़ा-मेढ़ा)	(Adj.): roundabout, complex, convoluted,	(straight/direct/exact)
20. VIRULENT (जहरीला/विषाक्त)	(Adj.): venomous, poisonous, dangerous,	(safe/harmless/nontoxic)

LESSON - 14

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AVID (उत्सुक)	(Adj.): keen, eager, passionate, devoted,	(apathetic/uninterested)
2. CONCOURSE (भीड़/जमावड़ा)	(Noun): gathering, assembly, crowd, mass,	(disassembly)
3. EBULLIENT (उत्तेजित)	(Adj.): cheerful, jovial, jolly, buoyant,	(sad/dejected/unhappy)
4. EQUANIMITY (धीरज/धैर्य)	(Noun): calmness, composure, self-control,	(agitation/disturbance)
5. EQUINOX (विषुव/सम्पात)	(Noun): when day and night are of equal length,	
6. EXPIATE (प्रायश्चित्त करना)	(Verb): compensate, apologize, make up,	(trash)
7. INCARNATE (अवतारी/शरीरधारी)	(Adj.): personified, embodied, in person,	(incorporeal)
8. INNUENDO (व्यंग्य/आरोप)	(Noun): allegation, accusation, indictment,	(appreciation/admiration)
9. INORDINATE (अत्यधिक/बेहद)	(Adj.): excessive, undue, surplus, over,	(reasonable/proper)
10. INSTIGATE (भड़काना/प्रेरित करना)	(Verb): initiate, start, begin, commence,	(finish/close/terminate)
11. INTELLIGENTSIA (बुद्धिजीवी-वर्ग)	(Noun): the people who are well educated, interested in culture, politics, literature, etc.	
12. INVEIGLE (बहकाना/लुभाना)	(Verb): talk, persuade, convince, influence,	(dissuade/discourage)
13. LAITY (जन-साधारण)	(Noun): (the) all the members of a Church who are not clergy,	
14. MALEVOLENT (द्वेषपूर्ण/भद्र)	(Adj.): nasty, wicked, malicious, spiteful,	(benevolent/kind/caring)
15. NOMENCLATURE (नामपद्धति)	(Noun): classification, taxonomy, cataloging,	
16. POSTHUMOUS (मरणोपरान्त-प्रकाशित)	(Adj.): happening, done, published, etc. after a person has died,	
17. REFRACTORY (जिद्दी/हठीला)	(Adj.): unruly, disobedient, unmanageable,	(obedient/polite/dutiful)
18. REMISSION (छूट/माफी/कम)	(Noun): reduction, discount, cut, bargain,	(increase/rise/escalation)
19. SINUOUS (घुमावदार/चक्करदार)	(Adj.): windy, snaking, zigzag, flexible,	(straight/even/neat)
20. TRENCHANT (तीखा/कट्ट)	(Adj.): incisive, cutting, sharp, biting,	(gentle/mild/kind/soft)

LESSON - 15

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ANTITHESIS (विरोधालकार)	(Noun): contrary, opposite, contrast,	(thesis)
2. CONJUGAL (दाम्पतिक/वैवाहिक)	(Adj.): wedded, married, connubial,	(unmarried/bachelor)
3. CRYPTIC (रहस्यमय/गुप्त)	(Adj.): mysterious, secret, clandestine, (overt/explicit/plain/clear)	
4. EXIGENCY (अत्यावश्यकता/जरूरत)	(Noun): demand, need, pressure, constraint, (uselessness/futility)	
5. INFRACTION (उल्लंघन)	(Noun): breach, violation, infringement,	(honour/respect/awe)
6. INTERCEDE (मध्यस्थता करना)	(Verb): intervene, mediate, negotiate, plead, (ignore/overlook/leave)	
7. INUNDATE (जलमग्न कर देना)	(Verb): engulf, submerge, deluge, flood,	(ebb/recede/flow away)
8. IRREVOCABLE (अदल)	(Adj.): final, last, ultimate, decisive, (provisional/first/interim)	
9. LARCENY (चोरी)	(Noun): theft, robbery, stealing, burglary, (grant/endowment/award)	
10. METABOLISM (चपायचय)	(Noun): the chemical processes in the body that change food, etc. into energy and materials for growth,	
11. PILFER (चुराना)	(Verb): steal, thief, pinch, rob, burgle,	(grant/give/leave)
12. REPUGNANT (अरुचिकर)	(Adj.): nauseating, repulsive, repellent,	(appealing/fascinating)
13. SQUALID (गंदा/घिनावना)	(Adj.): filthy, dirty, sordid, fetid, nasty,	(clean/fresh/hygienic)
14. SULLY (दूषित करना)	(Verb): pollute, dirty, contaminate, foul, (cleanse/purify/sanitize)	
15. TRANSCEND (के पर होना)	(Verb): exceed, surpass, excel, outdo, beat, (trail/track/follow)	
16. UNCTUOUS (चापलूस)	(Adj.): sycophantic, flattering, pleasing, (unflattering/ugly/nasty)	
17. UNOBTRUSIVE (परोक्ष/सावधान)	(Adj.): inconspicuous, ordinary, discreet, (noticeable/conspicuous)	
18. VERNAL (दसन्तकालीन)	(Adj.): connected with the season of spring, (autumnal)	
19. VITIATE (बिगाड़ना)	(Verb): spoil, reduce, blemish, blot, ruin, (improve/expand/increase)	
20. WINSOME (आकर्षक/मनोहर)	(Adj.): charming, pleasant, attractive, (ugly/unpleasant/nasty)	

LESSON - 16

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ASCENDANCY (प्रभुत्व)	(Noun): dominance, power, control, rule,	(submission/obedience)
2. AVOCATION (उपव्यवसाय/अभिरुचि)	(Noun): hobby, diversion, leisure activity,	(profession/occupation)
3. CONVIVIAL (प्रफुल्ल)	(Adj.): sociable, gregarious, jovial, genial,	(miserable/aggressive)
4. CUMULATIVE (बढ़ता हुआ)	(Adj.): increasing, mounting, growing,	(decreasing/falling)
5. DUPLICITY (धोखे-बाजी)	(Noun): deceit, dishonesty, fraudulence,	(sincerity/honesty)
6. INFRINGE (अतिक्रमण करना)	(Verb): encroach, invade, trespass, intrude, (obey/observe/conform)	
7. INVIDIOUS (आपत्तिजनक)	(Adj.): unpleasant, offensive, insulting,	(courteous/polite/civil)
8. OFFICIOUS (विध्न डालने वाला)	(Adj.): meddlesome, intrusive, interfering, (genuine/authentic)	
9. PALLIATIVE (दर्द निवारक)	(Noun): pacifier, analgesic, painkiller, sop, (troublemaker/menace)	
10. PRIORITY (प्राथमिकता)	(Noun): preference, precedence, superiority, (unresponsiveness)	
11. PROPITIATE (प्रसादित करना)	(Verb): placate, pacify, calm, appease,	(enrage/infuriate/anger)
12. PULMONARY (फुफ्फुसीय)	(Adj.): connected with the lungs,	
13. QUIBBLE (टालमटोल करना)	(Verb): evade, elude, sidestep, avoid,	(agree, accept)
14. RABID (कट्टर)	(Adj.): fanatical, ardent, bigoted, fervent,	(moderate/reasonable)
15. RECUMBENT (लेटा हुआ/निष्क्रिय)	(Adj.): lying down, reclining, sprawled, (dutiful/diligent/attentive)	
16. REPREHENSIBLE (निन्दनीय)	(Adj.): deplorable, unpardonable, awful,	(excellent/brilliant)
17. REVERIE (दिवास्वप्न)	(Noun): fantasy, daydream, dream, trance,	(reality)
18. STRIDENT (कर्कश)	(Adj.): shrill, loud, noisy, sharp, harsh,	(low/mild/soft/gentle)
19. SUBSERVIENT (जो हुजूरिया)	(Adj.): obsequious, flattering, sycophantic, (assertive/forceful/firm)	
20. SURREPTITIOUS (गुप्त/लुका-छिपा)	(Adj.): furtive, sneaky, stealthy, secret, sly, (open/exposed/frank)	

LESSON - 17

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ANTHOLOGY (संग्रह)	(Noun): collection, album, omnibus, record,	(stray/waif/orphan)
2. BRAZEN (निरलज्ज)	(Adj.): shameless, bold, blatant, barefaced,	(discreet/prudent)
3. COLLOQUY (संवाद/संभाषण)	(Noun): discussion, meeting, conference,	(quiet)
4. CRASS (बुद्ध/स्थूल)	(Adj.): insensitive, stupid, tactless, insane,	(sensitive/perceptive)
5. DISSERTATION (सोध-निबंध)	(Noun): thesis, paper, essay, theory, view,	(summary,digest)
6. ENFRANCHISE (मताधिकार देना)	(Verb): to give sb the right to vote in an election,	(disenfranchise)
7. ESCHEW (से दूर रहना)	(Verb): avoid, shun, disdain, abstain from,	(participate/share/join)
8. EXPOSTULATE (सविनय आपत्ति करना)	(Verb): remonstrate, argue, admonish,	(agree/concur/accede)
9. IRIDESCENT (सतरंगा)	(Adj.): shimmering, sparkling, shining,	(dark/dim/dull/boring)
10. OBESE (मोटा/स्थूल)	(Adj.): fat, heavy, stout, plump, corpulent,	(thin/slim/trim/slender)
11. OBTUSE (कुटित/मदबुद्धि)	(Adj.): slow, dull, stupid, insensitive, thick,	(intelligent/quick)
12. PANEGYRIC (गुणगाथा)	(Noun): speech, discourse, oration, writing,	(insultingremark)
13. RELEGATE (पदावनत कर देना)	(Verb): demote, downgrade, transfer,	(promote/further/advance)
14. REPARTEE (प्रत्युत्तर)	(Noun): swordplay, banter, mockery, joking,	(argument)
15. REPLICA (प्रतिकृति)	(Noun): copy, model, imitation, disc, book,	(real thing/real McCoy)
16. REPROBATE (भ्रष्ट/पापी)	(Noun): rascal, troublemaker, agitator,	(super hero)
17. RIFE (प्रचलित/भरपूर)	(Adj.): widespread, common, prevalent,	(sparse/spare/light)
18. SUBTERFUGE (चाल/छल-कपट)	(Noun): trick, ploy, deception, artifice,	(clumsiness/ineptness)
19. SUPERCILIOUS (धमंडी/धुंधला)	(Adj.): arrogant, acornful, diadainful,	(humble/modest/meek)
20. TURBID (पकिल/धुंधला)	(Adj.): muddy, cloudy, dirty, opaque,	(clear/transparent/plain)

LESSON - 18

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ACCOMPLICE (सहापराधी)	(Noun): assistant, abettor, collaborator,	(boss/enemy)
2. ACME (पराकष्ठा)	(Noun): peak, height, top, summit, zenith,	(nadir/bottom/depths)
3. ADULATION (चापलूसी)	(Noun): praise, adoration, exaltation, awe,	(scorn/derision/criticism)
4. ARABLE (कृषियोग्य)	(Adj.): agricultural, farming, rural, fertile,	(arid/infertile/barren)
5. BIGOTED (जिद्दी/कट्टर)	(Adj.): rigid, narrow, prejudiced, dogmatic,	(flexible/supple/elastic)
6. COGNIZANT (अवगत)	(Adj.): aware, mindful, conscious, alert,	(unconscious/unaware)
7. CONNIVE (गुप्त रूप से साथ देना)	(Verb): conspire, plot, scheme, plan,	(aid/assist/help)
8. CONSENSUS (सर्वसम्मति)	(Noun): agreement, harmony, accord, unity,	(disagreement/ divergence)
9. MALLEABLE (पिटवां/कुट्टनीय)	(Adj.): compliant, soft, accommodating,	(resistant/rigid/anti)
10. NOTORIETY (कुख्याति/बदनामी)	(Noun): dishonour, infamy, disrepute,	(honour/admiration)
11. PALPABLE (दृष्टिगोचर)	(Adj.): clear, obvious, comprehensible,	(unclear/doubtful)
12. PREMONITION (पूर्वाभास)	(Noun): feeling, intuition, omen, hunch,	(disregard)
13. RAMIFICATION (शाखा-विस्तार)	(Noun): complication, difficulty, hindrance,	(smoothness/ease)
14. RESTITUTION (वापसी/क्षतिपूर्ती)	(Noun): compensation, reimbursement,	(dissatisfaction)
15. RETROSPECT (अनुदर्शन/सिहावलोकन)	(Noun): thinking, thoughts, imagination,	(fore thought)
16. SUCCINCT (संक्षिप्त)	(Adj.): concise, brief, laconic, short, terse,	(rambling/lengthy/tedious)
17. SUPINE (अकर्मण्य/आलसी)	(Adj.): unwilling, averse, reluctant, loath,	(inclined/disposed/apt)
18. TRANSITORY (अस्थायी/क्षणिक)	(Adj.): fleeting, passing, momentary,	(permanent/enduring)
19. VENERATE (समादर करना)	(Verb): revere, adore, worship, honour,	(acorn/dishonour/mock)
20. VOLITION (इच्छाशक्ति)	(Noun): free will, independence, desire, will,	(coercion/oppression)

WORDS FOR EXAM

(LEVEL - 5)

LESSON - 1

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ALIMENTARY (आहार का)	(Adj.): related to food,	(take away)
2. ASTRINGENT (रूपनिखार लोशन)	(Noun): the lotion used in cosmetics to improve the skin,	
3. CAVIL (नुकताचीनी करना)	(Verb): complain, quibble, split hairs, nag, (accept/consent/agree)	
4. CONTIGUOUS (सटा हुआ)	(Adj.); touching, neighboring, adjacent, (distant /far-away/remote)	
5. DEMOLITION (विध्वंस)	(Noun): destruction, annihilation, damage, (conservation/protection)	
6. EXUBERANT (उल्लसित)	(Adj.): energetic, excited, lively, vigorous, (lethargic/monotonous)	
7. FETISH (पागलपन)	(Noun): madness, mania, obsession, craze, (sluggishness/ignorance)	
8. FRUITION (सिद्धि)	(Noun): completion, realization, fulfillment, (failure/stoppage)	
9. IMPALE (छेदित करना)	(Verb): pierce, prick, spear, stab, slice, (heal/cure/mend)	
10. INALIENABLE (अहस्तान्तरकरणीय)	(Adj.): absolute, unchallengeable, certain, (doubtful/debatable)	
11. INCURSION (आक्रमण)	(Noun): invasion, attack, incursion, raid, (defend)	
12. LUMINARY (तेजस्वी व्यक्ति)	(Noun): celebrity, personality, star, idol, (nonentity/minion)	
13. MAGNANIMOUS (उदार)	(Adj.): kind, generous, liberal, benevolent, (pitiless/merciless/cruel)	
14. PARIAH (अछूत)	(Noun): outcast, outsider, recluse, alien, (companion/comrade)	
15. PITTANCE (अल्पवेतन)	(Noun): meager amount, trifle, nothing, (plenty,lot)	
16. PROTOCOL (विनयति)	(Noun): code of behavior, modus operandi, (crudeness)	
17. RESTIVE (बेचैन)	(Adj.): impatient, uneasy, irritated, edgy, (patient/tolerant/serene)	
18. SYLLOGISM (निगमनिक तर्क)	(Noun): the conclusion drawn from the two statements,	
19. TORPID (सुस्त)	(Adj.): lazy, lethargic, slothful, sluggish, (energetic/active/lively)	
20. URBANE (सुसभ्य)	(Adj.): suave, polished, sophisticated, (gauche/clumsy/callow)	

LESSON - 2

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ATROPHIED (कमजोर)	(Adj.): malnourished, thin, weak, gaunt,	(robust/plump/healthy)
2. ATTRITION (संघर्षण)	(Noun): erosion, abrasion, wearing away,	(accretion)
3. BUCOLIC (ग्रामीण)	(Adj.): rural, rustic, countryside, pastoral, (urban/town/metropolitan)	
4. CONCOMITANT (सुसंगत)	(Adj.): associated, connected, related, (unrelated/unconnected)	
5. DELINEATION (चित्रण/वर्णन)	(Noun): description, definition, justification, (idistinctness)	
6. DOTAGE (be in) (सठियापा)	(Noun): not always able to think clearly,	(youth/childhood)
7. ENJOIN (आदेश देना)	(Verb): instruct, command, direct, instruct, (request/demand/appeal)	
8. ENTITY (अस्तित्व/हस्ती)	(Noun): unit, body, company, organization, (statue.imagination)	
9. ERSTWHILE (पूर्व)	(Adj.): former, previous, past, ex-earlier, (following/succeeding)	
10. EXTENUATE (कम करना)	(Verb): lessen, diminish, reduce, decrease, (increase/augment/fuel)	
11. INHIBITION (अंतर्बाधी)	(Noun): self-consciousness, reticence, (bashfulness/timidity)	
12. METAMORPHOSIS (रूपान्तरण)	(Noun): change, alteration, transformation, (conservation)	
13. MUNDANE (साधारण/नीरस)	(Adj.): dull, ordinary, unexciting, boring, (exotic/glamorous)	
14. NICETY (बारीकी)	(Noun): precision, refinement, accuracy, (inaccuracy/coarseness)	
15. PREPONDERANCE (बाहुल्य/प्रचुरता)	(Noun): majority, high proportion, excess, (scarcity/lack/paucity)	
16. PROBOSCIS (सूँड/शुण्ड)	(Noun): nose, snout, trunk, feeler, antenna, (no antonym)	
17. RESCIND (निरस्त करना)	(Verb): withdraw, overturn, cancel, repeal, (make/frame/produce)	
18. RETRENCHMENT (कटौती/घटाव)	(Noun): reduction of expenditure, cutback, (increase/rise/growth)	
19. RHAPSODY (प्रशस्ति)	(Noun): sensitivity, understanding, feeling, (indifference/insensitivity)	
20. TENET (सिद्धांत/मत)	(Noun): principle, theory, belief, precept, (disbelief)	

LESSON - 3

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABERRATION (बुद्धिभ्रंश)	(Noun): abnormality, deformity, anomaly, (normality/ordinariness)	
2. ABRASION (खरोंच)	(Noun): scrape, scratch, scuff, graze; cut, (smoothness)	
3. ACRIMONIOUS (अग्र/कटु)	(Adj.): bitter, hostile, unfriendly, harsh, (melodious/sweet/kind)	
4. ACUMEN (कुशाग्र बुद्धि)	(Noun): knowledge, perception, intelligence, (foolishness/ignorance)	
5. AEGIS (संरक्षण)	(Noun): patronage, support, protection, (resistance/adversary)	
6. BESETTING (चिराभ्यस्त)	(Adj.): harmful, hurtful, injurious, unsafe, (harmless/innocent/safe)	
7. BRACKISH (खारा)	(Adj.): salty, salt, briny, saline, salted, (sweet/sugary/syrupy)	
8. CALLOW (कच्चा)	(Adj.): inexperienced, immature, youthful, (experienced/matures)	
9. CAPTIOUS (छिद्रान्वेषी)	(Adj.): faultfinding, ugly, unbecoming, (becoming/flattering)	
10. COMPENDIOUS (संक्षिप्त/सारगर्भित)	(Adj.): comprehensive, inclusive, complete, (sketchy/vague/rough)	
11. COMPLICITY (सहापराधिता)	(Noun): involvement, connivance, concern (aloofness/indifference)	
12. CYNOSURE (आकर्षण-बिन्दु)	(Noun): attraction, magnetism, draw, hold, (repulsion/repugnance)	
13. DEFALCATION (गबन)	(Noun): fiddle, fraud, contrivance, scam, (honesty/transparency)	
14. ENDEMIC (स्थानिक/जातीय)	(Adj.): local, community, regional, area, (alien/foreign/unfamiliar)	
15. EXTRADITE (प्रत्यर्पित करना)	(Verb): transfer, hand Over, send back, (retain/keep/maintain)	
16. FORENSIC (न्यायिक)	(Adj.): scientific, technical,, logical, exact, (unscientific/intuitive)	
17. FULMINATE (घोर निन्दा करना)	(Verb): criticize, condemn, disparage, carp, (eulogize/praise/admire)	
18. INDENTURE (करारनामा)	(Noun): bond, document, deed, certificate, (disagreement)	
19. PROTAGONIST (नायक/नेता)	(Noun): central character, leading role, hero, (antagonist)	
20. VITUPERATION (निन्दन/गाली)	(Noun): abuse, ill-treatment, insults, hurt, (generosity/compassion)	

LESSON - 4

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CACOPHONOUS (कर्कश)	(Adj.): harsh, inharmonious, raucous, (harmonious/melodious)	
2. CADAVEROUS (पीला/विवर्ण)	(Adj.): pale, gaunt, skeletal, bony, thin, (fat/plump/fleshy/round)	
3. CHICANERY (झांसा देना)	(Noun): fraud, deception, scam, swindle, (honesty/integrity)	
4. CIRCUMLOCUTION (वाक्-चक्र)	(Noun): roundabout,circularity, (bluntness)	
5. CONDIGN (उपयुक्त)	(Adj.): (of a punishment) appropriate, (inappropriate/improper)	
6. DESUETUDE (अप्रचलन)	(Noun): old fashion, obsolescence, old style, (vogue/trend/fad/craze)	
7. FLACCID (ढीला/शिथिल)	(Adj.): loose, limp, flabby, lifeless, sagging, (firm/solid/compact/stiff)	
8. FLAMBOYANT (भड़कदार)	(Adj.): showy, colourful, bright, vibrant, (modest/plain/mild)	
9. MAUDLIN (भावुक)	(Adj.): overemotional, sentimental, sappy, (composed/unemotional)	
10. PLAGIARISM (भावहरण)	(Noun): copying, stealing, illegal use, (officially authorized use)	
11. PEREGRINATION (पर्यटन/भ्रमण)	(Noun): journey, trip, voyage, expedition, (staycation)	
12. POSTULATE (मान लेना)	(Verb): assume, estimate, presume, guess, (deny)	
13. PROCLIVITY (झुकाव/प्रवृत्ति)	(Noun): appetite, taste, inclination, liking, (indifference/apathy)	
14. PROSCRIBE (अवैध करार देना)	(Verb): ban, forbid, veto, disallow, bar, (allow/permit/authorize)	
15. REDOLENT (सुगंधित)	(Adj.): stinking, malodorous, fetid, rank, (perfumed/aromatic)	
16. REPERCUSSION(अप्रत्यक्ष प्रभाव)	(Noun):indirect effect, upshot, result, (reason,cause)	
17. SUCCULENT (रसदार/गुद्देदार)	(Adj.): juicy, tender, luscious, ripe, (dry/arid/waterless)	
18. TRADUCE (निन्दा करना)	(Verb): slander, malign, criticize, insult, (compliment/praise)	
19. VENAL (भ्रष्ट/भ्रष्टाचारी)	(Adj.): corrupt, dishonest, fraudulent, (honest/candid/truthful)	
20. VENIAL (क्षम्य)	(Adj.): forgivable, tolerable, excusable, (inexcusable/intolerable)	

LESSON - 5

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CHIMERA (असंगत कल्पना)	(Noun): daydream, fantasy, reverie, dream, (reality/authenticity/truth)	
2. COMPLACENT (आत्मसंतुष्ट)	(Adj.): satisfied, contented, self-righteous, (concerned/worried)	
3. COMPLAISANT (सुशील/भद्र)	(Adj.): meek, compliant, humble, docile, (assertive/aggressive)	
4. DISSIDENT (असहमत)	(Adj.): rebel, rebellious, dissenting, unruly, (loyal/dependable/faithful)	
5. EMPIRICAL (प्रयोगाश्रित)	(Adj.): effectual, effective, useful, helpful, (useless/ineffective/vain)	
6. ENCOMIUM (गुणगान)	(Noun): eulogy, praise, commendation, (reprimand, rebuke)	
7. HIRSUTE (बालदार)	(Adj.): hairy, bushy, shaggy, unshorn, (bald/hairless/blunt)	
8. INTESTATE (वसीयत विहीन)	(Adj.): without will or document of inheritor, (no antonym)	
9. LETHAL (घातक)	(Adj.): poisonous, toxic, venomous, fatal, (elixir like liquid)	
10. LUGUBRIOUS (दुःख पूर्ण)	(Adj.): doleful, miserable, down, gloomy, (cheerful/happy/merry)	
11. MEGALOMANIAC (महत्वाकांक्षी)	(Adj.): ambitious, motivated, bold, valiant, (unmotivated/apathetic)	
12. MERETRICIOUS (नकली/भड़कीला)	(Adj.): attractive, gorgeous, striking, cute, (hideous/ugly/repulsive)	
13. MODICUM (थोड़ी सी मात्रा)	(Noun): small amount, little, bit, fragment, (barg amount/surplus)	
14. PYROMANIAC (अग्नि प्रेमी)	(Noun): a person suffering from pyromania, (fireman)	
15.. SACRILEGIOUS (धर्म विरोधी)	(Adj.): blasphemous, irreligious, impious, (religious/pious/virtuous)	
16. SOLECISM (अशुद्ध प्रयोग)	(Noun): error, mistake, blunder, faux pas, (acceptance/approval)	
17. SOPORIFIC (निदाजनक)	(Noun): sleep or laziness inducer,- (stimulator/motivator)	
18. STYPTIC (रक्तस्तंभक)	(Noun): able to stop the loss of blood from a wound, (no antonym)	
19. SUBVERSIVE (विद्रोही/क्रांतिकारी)	(Adj.): rebellious, dissident, seditious, (conformist/loyal/follower)	
20. TURGID (उफना हुआ)	(Adj.) swollen, full of water, overblown, (dry/waterless/parched/	

LESSON - 6

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ARROGATE (झूठा दावा करना)	(Verb): claim, assert, state, emphasize, (disclaim/deny/reject)	
2. BANAL (तुच्छ)	(Adj.): dull, boring, ordinary, trivial, usual, (interesting/motivating)	
3. DERELICTION (चूक/लापरवाही)	(Noun): negligence, recklessness, neglect, (attention/care/awareness)	
4. EGREGIOUS (घोर/पक्का)	(Adj.): extremely bad, dreadful, terrible, (superb/excellent/terrific)	
5. EUPHEMISM (मंगलभाषी)	(Noun): expression,analogue (dysphemism)	
6. EXPLETIVE (अपशब्द/गाली)	(Noun): curse, oath, invective, criticism, (bless/praise/exalt)	
7. FISSION (विखंडन)	(Noun): the breaking of a bond between two atoms, (fusion/union)	
8. INDEMNIFY (क्षतिपूर्ति करना)	(Verb): pay, cover, recompense, reimburse, (receive/obtain/collect)	
9. INTRANSIGENT (कट्टर/दुराग्रही)	(Adj.): obstinate, stubborn, obdurate, rigid, (flexible/submissive)	
10. LAMBENT (झिलमिला)	(Adj.): flickering, radiant, entertaining, (dim/dull/faint/not bright)	
11. MACABRE (विकराल/बीभत्स)	(Adj.): gruesome, hop-id, morbid, chilling, (pleasant/nice/lovely)	
12. MULCT (जुर्माना लगाना)	(Verb): fine, charge, penalize, punish, (reward/recompense)	
13. ORTHOGRAPHY (वर्तनी)	(Noun): writing system,spelling scriptural, (no antonym)	
14. OSTRACIZE (निर्वासित करना)	(Verb): exclude, banish, ignore, snub, (include/comprise)	
15. PROLIX (अतिविस्तृत)	(Adj.): verbose, long-winded, rambling, (concise/brief/succinct)	
16. PSEUDONYM (कृतकनाम)	(Noun): alias, fictitious name, false name, (read name)	
17. QUINTESSENCE (सारतत्व)	(Noun): epitome, embodiment, image, (reluctance)	
18. REGURGITATE (उगलना)	(Verb): take out, throw out, dump, chuck, (swallow/gulp/consume)	
19. STERTOROUS (खरगंटेदार)	(Adj.): noisy, raucous, boisterous, loud, (quiet/calm/peaceful/soft)	
20. VIVIPAROUS (सजीव-प्रजनक)	(Adj.): producing live babies from its body, (oviparous)	

LESSON - 7

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ATAVISTIC (पूर्वजानुरूप)	(Adj): natural, innate, instinctive, inborn, (rare/artificial/learned)	
2. AUTOPSY (शव-परीक्षा)	(Noun): post-mortem, investigation, inquest,	(no antonym)
3. BELLICOSE (लड़ाकू)	(Adj.): belligerent, aggressive, warlike,	(friendly/peaceful/calm)
4. CASTIGATE (फटकारना)	(Verb): criticize, condemn, denounce, slam,	(commend/praise/extol)
5. COGNOMEN (उपनाम)	(Noun): family name, surname, name,	(no antonym)
6. COMATOSE (निष्क्रिय)	(Adj.): unconscious, lifeless, cataleptic,	(lively/awake/energetic)
7. DEROGATORY (अपमानजनक)	(Adj.): disparaging, insulting, belittling,	(complimentary/kind)
8. EFFETE (अशक्त/जोर्ण)	(Adj.): weak, womanish, feeble, ineffectual,	(macho/manly/strong)
9. GRATUITY (उपदान/परिदान)	(Noun): tip, money, compensation, help,	(penalty)
10. HOLOCAUST (विध्वंस)	(Noun): destruction, devastation, damage,	(construction/formation)
11. JOCOSE (विनोदात्मक)	(Adj.): humorous; funny, hilarious, witty,	(serious/solemn/grave)
12. LACHRYMOSE (अश्रुमय)	(Adj.): tearful, weepy, sobbing, emotional,	(happy/pleased/glad)
13. LISSOME (लचीला/फुरतीला)	(Adj.): agile, lithe, nimble, lively, sprightly,	(dull/boring/unattractive)
14. LOQUACIOUS (गप्पी)	(Adj.): talkative, wordy, garrulous, voluble,	(taciturn/reticent/silent)
15. MINATORY (धमकी-भरा)	(Adj.): threatening, hostile, unfriendly,	(friendly/affable/jovial)
16. PERQUISITE (अनुलाभ)	(Noun): perk, bonus, benefit, advantage,	(disadvantage/loss)
17. PLATITUDE (नीरस बात)	(Noun): cliché, axiom, maxim, platitude,	(profoundity)
18. RECRUDESCENCE (पुन प्रकोप)	(Noun): recurrence, reappearance, echo,	(leaving)
19. SALUBRIOUS (स्वास्थ्यवर्धक)	(Adj.): decent, polite, suitable, virtuous,	(rude/discourteous)
20. STULTIFY (सिद्ध करना)	(Verb): prove, confirm, demonstrate, verify,	(disprove/invalidate)

LESSON - 8

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ABSCOND (फरार होना)	(Verb): run away, escape, flee, run off,	(stay/wait/remain/stop)
2. CONTUMACIOUS (अकखड़/हठी)	(Adj.): rude, offensive, disrespectful,	(polite/courteous/civil)
3. DURESS (बाध्यता/दबाव)	(Noun): pressure, compulsion, obligation,	(wish/desire/choice/want)
4. EXPUNGE (हटाना/मिटाना)	(Verb): remove, erase, delete, wipe out,	(add/include/insert)
5. EXPURGATE (परिशोधन करना)	(Verb): edit, revise, amend, alter, rewrite,	(keep/preserve/retain)
6. EXTIRPATE (मिट्टा देना/हरा देना)	(Verb): abridge, destroy, get rid of, cut,	(affix/attach/include)
7. IMPINGE (टकराना)	(Verb): invade, attack, infect, occupy,	(defend/reflect/vacate)
8. IMPUGN (प्रतिवाद करना)	(Verb): challenge, hold responsible, accuse,	(defy/confront/face)
9. IMPUTE (धोपना/मढ़ना)	(Verb): attribute, ascribe, assign, attach,	(isolate/disconnect)
10. INDICT (अभियोग लगाना)	(Verb): accuse, charge, indict, allege,	(acquit/clear/release)
11. INDITE (रचना)	(Verb): write, construct, make, form,	(read)
12. INDUCT (प्रतिष्ठित करना)	(Verb): introduce, install, give, familiarize,	(terminate/prune/remove)
13. INTERPOLATE (क्षेपक जोड़ देना)	(Verb): insert, add, include, append, attach,	(hide/conceal/cover)
14. MORIBUND (मरणासन)	(Adj.): dying, failing, fading, vanishing,	(booming/flourishing)
15. MYOPIC (निकटदृष्टिक)	(Adj.): short-sighted, narrow-minded,	(long sighted)
16. PERIPATETIC (भ्रमणशील)	(Adj.): traveling, roving, moving, itinerant,	(stationary/standing/still)
17. PREHENSILE (पकड़ने योग्य)	(Adj.): gripping, clutching, seizing, holding,	(loose/weak/lax/free)
18. SUBSTANTIATE (साबित करना)	(Verb): validate, authenticate, confirm,	(cancel/disapprove/reject)
19. SYCOPHANT (चापलूस)	(Noun): flatterer, creep, crawler, toady,	(factual speaker)
20. TENUOUS (पतला/बारीक)	(Adj.): weak, shaky, fragile, feeble, vague,	(strong/sturdy/well-built)

LESSON - 9

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ASPERITY (कठोरता/कटुता)	(Noun): roughness, harshness, sharpness, (smoothness/softness)	
2. CATECHIZE (सिखलाना)	(Verb): teach, educate, instruct, coach, (learn)	
3. CODICIL (क्रोड पत्र)	(Noun): supplement, appendix, addendum, (conception)	
4. DECIMATE (मार डालना)	(Verb): destroy, devastate, annihilate, ruin, (develop/grow/prosper)	
5. DIAPHANOUS (पारदर्शक)	(Adj.): transparent, gossamer, filmy, thin, (opaque/dense/thick)	
6. DILATORY (दीर्घ सूत्री)	(Adj.): slow, tardy, negligent, lazy, slack, (prompt/quick/punctual)	
7. ERUDITE (पण्डित)	(Adj.): learned, scholarly, knowledgeable, (unlearned/uneducated)	
8. EUGENICS (सुजनन-विज्ञान)	(Noun): methods to improve the mental & physical self,	
9. GERMANE (सुसंगत)	(Adj.): relevant, pertinent, related, useful, (irrelevant/unrelated)	
10. HALCYON (शांतिपूर्ण)	(Adj.): untroubled, calm, peaceful, quiet, (turbulent/tumultuous)	
11. INCARCERATE (बंदी बनाना)	(Verb): imprison, jail, lock up, detain, (release/liberate/set free)	
12. MASTICATE (चबाना)	(Verb): chew, munch, crunch, grind, grind, (gulp/swallow/drink)	
13. MELLIFLUOUS (मधुर)	(Adj.): honeyed, mellifluous, silky, smooth, (harsh/callous/severe)	
14. OCULIST (नित्राचिकित्सक)	(Noun): a doctor who examines and treats people's eyes,	
15. OPTICIAN (चश्माकार)	(Noun): the shop where an optician works, (no antonym)	
16. OPTOMETRIST (दृष्टिमापने वाला)	(Noun): a person who examines and recommend glasses,	
17. PARSIMONIOUS (कंजूस)	(Adj.): mean, miserable, measly, paltry, (generous /kind/liberal)	
18. PIQUANT (मसालेदार/दिलचस्प)	(Adj.): thrilling, exciting, interesting, (boring/dull/tedious)	
19. SCURRILOUS (फूडड)	(Adj.): insulting, scandalous, defamatory, (complimentary/admiring)	
20. SEISMIC (भूकंपीय)	(Adj.): insecure, jerky, earthquakes, (stable)	

LESSON - 10

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APLOMB (आत्म विश्वास)	(Noun): self-confidence, composure, ease, (awkwardness)	
2. CASUISTRY (धर्मधर्म विचार)	(Noun): sophistry, lack of imagination, (vision/ingenuity)	
3. COAGULATE (जमना)	(Verb): thicken, condense, solidify, clot, (soften/liquidate/dissolve)	
4. CONFUTE (खंडन करना)	(Verb): refute, disprove, deny, invalidate, (accept/admit/confess)	
5. CONNOTATION (अर्थ)	(Noun): suggestion, implication, association, (denotation)	
6. DECREPITUDE (जीर्णता)	(Noun): disrepair, collapse, decay, ruin, (elegance/classiness)	
7. EDIFICATION (सुशिक्षा)	(Noun): teaching, instruction, coaching, (undoing, devastation)	
8. EXACERBATE (कटु बनाना)	(Verb): worsen, aggravate, make worse, (improve/progress)	
9. EXHUME (खोद कर निकालना)	(Verb): dig up, disinter, unearth, discover, (bury/conceal/hide/cover)	
10. GRANDILOQUENT (शब्दाडम्बरी)	(Adj.): pompous, showy, flaunting, grand, (modest/humble/natural)	
11. HYPERBOLE (अतिशयोक्ति)	(Noun): exaggeration, overstatement, (understatement/irony)	
12. MENDACIOUS (झूठा/असत्य)	(Adj.): misleading, untrue, false, fake, (real/genuine/authentic)	
13. MISANTHROPIST (मानवद्वेषी)	(Noun), pessimist, detractor, disparager, (optimist/philanthropist)	
14. MISOGYNIST (नारी-द्वेषी)	(Noun) a man who hates women, misanthrope (feminist)	
15. MONOGAMOUS (एक संगमनी)	(Adj.): having only one wife or husband, (polygamous)	
16. MORDANT (कटु/तीक्ष्ण)	(Adj.): caustic, biting, sarcastic, sharp, (mild/gentle/calm/serene)	
17. QUIESCENT (निष्क्रिय/शांत)	(Adj.): quiet, inactive, dormant, inert, (active/lively/energetic)	
18. SERRIED (सघन/घना)	(Adj.): dense, intense, thick, impenetrable, (loose/roomy/spacious)	
19. SOMNOLENT (निद्रालु)	(Adj.): sleepy, drowsy, dozy, lethargic, (alert/watchful/vigilant)	
20. UMBRAGE (नाराजगी)	(Noun): offense, indignation, pique, insult, (commendation/acclaim)	

LESSON - 11

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APOCRYPHAL (अप्रामाणिक)	(Adj.): imaginary, unreal, fictional, untrue, (real/authentic/actual)	
2. ARGOT (खास बोली)	(Noun): slang, speech, dialect, idiom, jargon, (no antonym)	
3. BERATE (डॉटना)	(Verb): rebuke, scold, reprimand, chide, (praise/admire/commend)	
4. CATEGORICAL (सुस्पष्ट)	(Adj.): straightforward, clear-cut, clear, (ambiguous/vague/hazy)	
5. DEBILITY (दुर्बलता)	(Noun): weakness, incapacity, weak point, (strength/power/vigor)	
6. DISCURSIVE (असंगत)	(Adj.): obtuse, insensitive, thoughtless, (intuitive/astute/shrewd)	
7. EUPHONY (श्रुतिमधुरता)	(Noun) pleasant sound, symphony, sonata, (no antonym)	
8. EXPATLATE (विस्तारपूर्वक रखना)	(Verb): elaborate, explain, clarify, elucidate, (conceal/hide/cover)	
9. EXTRANEOUS (असंबद्ध)	(Adj.): irrelevant, unrelated, unconnected, (relevant/to the point)	
10. FRIABLE (भुरभुरा)	(Adj.): fragile, soft, delicate, breakable, (sturdy/strong/powerful)	
11. FURORE (उमंग/जोश)	(Noun): excitement, enthusiasm, thrill, (boredom/tediousness)	
12. INSENSATE (कठोर/निष्ठुर)	(Adj.) insensitive, hard, impolite, cruel, (polite/sensitive/civil)	
13. MARSUPIAL (धानी-प्राणी)	(Noun): animal that carries its young in a pouch on the mother's stomach.	
14. PERSIFLAGE (हँसी-मजाक)	(Noun): comments, jokes, yarn, frivolity, (seriousness/solemnity)	
15. PRISTINE (आदिम)	(Adj.): original, natural, pure, genuine, (unnatural/developed)	
16. REDOUND (सहायक होना)	(Verb): contribute, enrich, upgrade, boost, (worsen/degenerate)	
17. SCINTILLATE (चमकना)	(Verb): sparkle, twinkle, shimmer, glitter, (dull, bore)	
18. STILTED (अस्वाभाविक)	(Adj.): unnatural, overformal, artificial, (natural/normal/ordinary)	
19. SUFFUSED (भरा हुआ)	(Adj.): covered, immersed, bathed, filled, (deprived/wont/lacking)	
20. TANTAMOUNT (तुल्य/बराबर)	(Adj.): equal, equivalent, synonymous, (unequal /opposite)	

LESSON - 12

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APPOSITE (प्रासंगिक)	(Adj.): appropriate, pertinent, relevant, (irrelevant/unconnected)	
2. CUPIDITY (लोभ)	(Noun): greed, greediness, avarice, rapacity, (generosity/kindness)	
3. DEBENTURE (ऋणपत्र)	(Noun): share, bond, junk bond, stock, (secured bond,tenure)	
4. DIDACTIC (उपदेशात्मक)	(Adj.): educational, instructive, (noneducational)	
5. DISQUISITION (शोध प्रबंध)	(Noun): thesis, proposition, treaties, theory, (preview)	
6. FILIBUSTER (लंबा भाषण)	(Noun): long speech, discourse, dissertation, (introduction)	
7. FULSOME (अत्यधिक)	(Adj.): superfluous, excessive, extreme, (moderate/reasonable)	
8. GOURMAND (पेटू)	(Noun): glutton, epicure, bon vivant, foodie, (nibbler)	
9. GOURMET (चटोरा)	(Noun): connoisseur, specialist, expert, (novice/learner/beginner)	
10. GASTRONOMICAL (खाऊ/पेटू)	(Adj.): foodie, eating too much, gourmet, (no antonym)	
11. GUSTATORY (रससंवेदी)	(Adj.): perceptive, acute, sharp, dedicated, (indifferent/light)	
12. HETEROGENEOUS (विजातीय)	(Adj.): varied, mixed, diverse, various, (homogeneous)	
13. HIATUS (स्वविच्छेद)	(Noun): pause, break, interruption, gap, (extension/continuance)	
14. INCHOATE (अपक्व)	(Adj.): embryonic, developing, budding, (mature/grown-up/older)	
15. MUNIFICENCE (उदारता)	(Noun): generosity, largesse, benevolence, (miserliness/greediness)	
16. NEPOTISM (भाई भतिजा वाद)	(Noun): favoritism, partiality, prejudice, (fairness/egalitarianism)	
17. OBLOQUY (निन्दा)	(Noun): criticism, disapproval, denigration, (praise/commendation)	
18. PERORATION (भाषण)	(Noun): speech, discourse, conversation, (listening)	
19. POLYGLOT (बहुभाषी)	(Adj.): multilingual, bilingual, linguist, (no antonym)	
20. PURVIEW (सीमा/क्षेत्र)	(Noun): limit, periphery, border, boundary, (domain ,area)	

LESSON - 13

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. APOTHEOSIS (देवीकरण)	(Noun): deification, glorification, adoration, (detestation/abhorrence)	
2. CENSORIOUS (छिद्रान्वेषी)	(Adj.): critical, disapproving, fault-finding, (favorable/positive/kind)	
3. DISBURSE (वितरण करना)	(Verb): distribute, spend, pay out, give out, (collect/gather/amass)	
4. FLAGELLATE (कोड़े या चाबुक लगाना)	(Verb): whip, beat, thrash, punch, strike, (soothe/appease/relieve)	
5. GULLIBLE (भोला-भाला)	(Adj.): naive, innocent, inexperienced, (mature/developed/grown)	
6. ICONOCLAST(मूर्ती या रूढ़ि भङ्गक)	(Noun): a person who criticizes popular beliefs or established customs and ideas.	
7. MISPRISION (देशद्रोह)	(Noun): felony, treason, crime, offense, (goodness)	
8. NADIR (पादबिन्दु)	(Noun): lowest point, bottom, all-time low, (zenith/peak/pinnacle)	
9. NASCENT (नवजात/उदीयमान)	(Adj.): budding, growing, emerging, (developed/mature/old)	
10. OMNIPOTENT (सर्वशक्तिमान)	(Adj.): invincible, unstoppable, strong, (vulnerable/weak)	
11. OMNISCIENT (सर्वज्ञ)	(Adj.): knowing everything, knowledgeable, (ignorant/unaware/naive)	
12. PALEONTOLOGY	(Noun): the study of fossils, (no antonym) (जिवांस का विज्ञान)	
13. PREVARICATE (टाल-मटाल करना)	(Verb): beat about the bush, evade, shirk, (accept/admit/confess)	
14. PRIMORDIAL (आदिकालीन)	(Adj.): primeval, prehistoric, primal, (modern/contemporary)	
15. PROCRASTINATE (टालना)	(Verb): put off, delay, postpone, adjourn, (speed/hurry/rush)	
16. PUSILLANIMOUS (भीरू/कातर)	(Adj.): cowardly, frightened, timid, fearful, (bold/courageous/valiant)	
17. SIBILANT (सिसकार की आवाज)	(Adj.): hissing, wheezing, (hard up)	
18. TURPITUDE (चरित्रहीनता)	(Noun): wickedness, badness, evilness, (goodness/kindness)	
19. USURIOUS (कुसीदीक)	(Adj.): lending money at high rates of interest,	
20. VACUOUS (मूर्ख/निर्भाव)	(Adj.): foolish, stupid, unintelligent, silly, (sensible/prudent/wise)	

LESSON - 14

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. ANTEDILUVIAN (पुराना/दकियानुसी)	(Adj.): old-fashioned, outdated, outmoded. up to date/the latest)	
2. CLAUSTROPHOBIA (भय)	(Noun): unpleasant feeling, extreme fear, (calmness/composure)	
3. DIATRIBE (कटु निन्दा/उग्र भाषण)	(Noun): attack, tirade, criticism, discourse, (praise/admiration)	
4. DISQUIETUDE (चिन्ता/परेशानी)	(Noun): anxiety, restlessness, concern, (reassurance/hope)	
5. ECHELON (सोपानक/क्रम)	(Noun): level, stratum, rank, order, position, (unemployment)	
6. FACTITIOUS (नकली/बनावटी)	(Adj.): designed, not genuine, fake, (real/genuine/actual)	
7. JEJUNE (शुष्क/फीका/नीरस)	(Adj.): boring, uninteresting, tedious, dull, (exciting/thrilling/moving)	
8. LACERATE (फाड़ना)	(Verb): tear, cut, slit, slice, scratch, shred, (recover, smooth)	
9. MALEDICTION (अभिप्राय/निन्दा/आक्रोश)	(Noun): curse, annoyance, irritation, rage, (calmness/peacefulness)	
10. PLANKTON (प्लवक)	(Noun): tiny water plants and animals, (benthic macroinvertebrates)	
11. PLETHORA (आधिक्य)	(Noun): excess, overabundance, surplus, (dearth/lack/shortage)	
12. POLEMIC (वाद-विवाद)	(Adj.): argumentative, aggressive, violent, (peaceable/peaceful)	
13. SARTORIAL (पहनावे का)	(Adj.): tailoring, garment maker (dumpy)	
14. SATIETY (परितृप्ति)	(Noun): satisfaction, fulfillment, easiness, (dissatisfaction)	
15. SIMIAN (वानरी)	(Adj.): like a monkey, like an ape, (no antonym)	
16. SOPHISTRY (सत्य का आभास)	(Noun): literalism, lack of imagination, (creativity/vision)	
17. TAUTOLOGY (पुनरुक्ति)	(Noun): repetition, reiteration, recurrence, (condensation)	
18. TONSORIAL (मुण्डन का)	(Adj.): related to the head shaving, (no antonym)	
19. TRANSCENDENTAL (अंतर्ज्ञात/गूढ़ दुर्बोध)	(Adj.): high, excessive, extreme, great, (reasonable/genuine)	
20. VERISIMILITUDE (सभावना/सत्याभास)	(Noun): authenticity, realism, faithfulness, (correctness)	

LESSON - 15

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AMNESIA (स्मृति लोप)	(Noun): loss of memory-, forgetfulness, (intellectuality, remembrance)	
2. AMORPHOUS (भद्रा/कुरूप)	(Adj.): formless, shapeless, unstructured, (defined/definite/clear)	
3. AMORTIZE (कर्ज चूकाना)	(Verb): repay, pay back, pay off, refund, (keep/borrow/deposit)	
4. CONCURRENT (समवर्ती)	(Adj.): parallel, similar comparable, alike, (dissimilar/different]	
5. EXECRABLE (घटिया/घृणित)	(Adj.): very bad, terrible, appalling, awful, (wonderful/magnificent)	
6. EXONERATE (निर्दोष ठहराना)	(Verb): pardon, clear, acquit, forge, free, (convict/condemn)	
7. EXORCISE (झाड़-फूंक करना)	(Verb): get free of, get rid of, throw out, (keep/persevere with)	
8. GENUFLECTION (जानुनमन)	(Noun): obeisance, bob, bow, bend, curve, (line)	
9. IRASCIBLE (क्रोधी/उग्र)	(Adj.): irritable, short-tempered, moody, (good-tempered)	
10. MIASMA (विषाक्त वाष्प)	(Noun): poisonous gas, vapor, smog, (perfume, pharmaceutical)	
11. NECROMANCY (जादू-टोना)	(Noun): magic, talk with dead person, (science)	
12. OBLATION (चढ़ावा/नैवेद्य)	(Noun): offering, gift, donation, present, (rapist, assassin)	
13. PECULATION (गबन)	(Noun): poaching, impetuosity, scandal, (bhestowal)	
14. PEDESTRIAN (नीरस/पैदल)	(Adj.): dull, ordinary, unexciting, boring, (exciting/extraordinary)	
15. PREEMPT (अधिकृत करना)	(Verb): acquire, obtain, buy, purchase, (lose/sell/drop)	
16. PROGNOSTICATE(पूर्वनिमान करना)	(Verb): predict, forecast, prophesy, portend, (make sure)	
17. RECONDITE (गूढ़/दुर्बोध)	(Adj.): complex, obscure, hidden, intricate, (simple/easy/plain)	
18. SCROFULOUS (गण्डमाला रोग से संबद्ध)	(Adj.): obstinate, sinful, sick (salubrious, wen)	
19. TIMBRE (ध्वनिरूप)	(Noun): tone, reverberation, resonance, (pitch, corpulence)	
20. VAPID (फीका/नीरस/निर्जीव)	(Adj.): lifeless, tasteless, weak, boring, (interesting/exciting)	

LESSON - 16

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. CAP-A-PIE (सिर से पैर तक)	(Adv.): from head to foot, top to bottom, (enable, free stand)	
2. CARTE BLANCHE (पुर्णस्वतंत्रता)	(Noun): complete freedom, full authority, (restriction/ceiling)	
3. CONTRE-TEMP (अनष्टि/विपत्ति)	(Noun): quarrel, argument, disagreement, (accord/conformity)	
4. COUP DE GRACE (साधातिक प्रहार)	(Noun): death blow, gunshot, bullets,	
5. COUP D' ETAT (राज्य-विप्लव)	(Noun): coup, overthrow, rebellion, conquer, (allegiance/adherence)	
6. CUL DE SAC (कठिन अवस्था)	(Noun): dead end, blind alley, a closed lane,	
7. DENOUEMENT (समाप्त)	(Noun): end, conclusion, completion, finish, (start/beginning/onset)	
8. ECLAT (प्रख्यति जय-जय कार)	(Noun): success, fame, praise, hit, star, (failure/not a success)	
9. HORS DE COMBAT (अयोग्य)	(Adj.): injured, hurt, wounded, unfit, (in shape fit/healthy)	
10. IMPASSE (गतिरोध/बदगली)	(Noun): stalemate, deadlock, difficulty, (good condition)	
11. INGENUE (भोली-भाली)	(Noun): an innocent young woman,	
12. INSOUCIANCE (लापरवाही/उदासिकता)	(Noun): indifference, lack of concern, (anxiety/concern)	
13. LAISSEZ FAIRE (अहस्तक्षेप)	(Adj.): lenient, unautocratic, liberal, lax, (strict/authoritarian)	
14. MILIEU (वातावरण/पर्यावरण)	(Noun): environment, scene, background,	
15. PARVENU (कल का नवाब)	(Noun): newly rich and powerful person,	
16. PENCHANT (झुकाव/अभिरुचि)	(Noun): affection, fondness, liking, love, (dislike/hate/abhor	
17. PIECE DE RESISTANCE (सर्वोत्तम हिस्सा)	(Noun): the most important part,	
18. POT POURRI (चयन)	(Noun): collection, miscellany, hodgepodge, (volume/part/section)	
19. SAVIOR FAIRE (व्यवहार/कुशलता)	(Noun): skilled behaviour, protocol, custom,	
20. SOBRIQUET (उपनाम)	(Noun): nickname, assumed, monicker (name)	

LESSON - 17

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. AD INFINITUM (अथक)	(Adv.): endlessly, ceaselessly, repeatedly,	(temporary, never)
2. AD NAUSEAM (बार-बार)	(Adv.): again and again, repeatedly, a lot,	(rarely/seldom)
3. AD VALOREM (मुल्यानुसार)	(Adj.): worth, assessed, priced	(inordinately, arbitrarily)
4. ALTER EGO (परम मित्र)	(Noun): intimate friend, colleague, ally	(detractor, enemy)
5. BONAFIDE (सच्चा/असली)	(Adj.): genuine, authentic, real, true,	(bogus/false/fake)
6. DE JURE (कानूनन)	(Adv): lawfully, legally, officially, justly,	(unlawfully/illegally)
7. EMERITUS (भूतपूर्व)	(Adj.): ex, retired, former, earlier, past,	(present/current/existing)
8. EX OFFICIO (पदाधिकरण)	(Adj.): official, certified, formal, authorized,	(unofficial, fashionable)
9. HABEAS CORPUS (कैदी की पेशगी का कानून)	(Noun): litigation, impeactiment, citation	(peace, happiness)
10. IPSO FACTO (वास्तविक रूप में)	(Adv.): actually, indeed	(unnecessarily)
11. MEUM ET TUUM (मेरा और तेरा)	(Pro.): mine and yours,	
12. MODUS OPERANDI (काम करने का ढंग)	(Noun): method, formula, technique, way,	(rudeness, inpoliteness)
13. PER SE (अपने आप में)	(Adv.): by itself, for substantially, particularly	(by luck, per alia)
14. QUID PRO QUO (लेन-देन)	(Noun): compensation, exchange	(free to play, stagna)
15. QUONDAM (कभी-कभी)	(Adv.): sometime, for a time, a short time,	(always/for all time)
16. SINE DIE (अनिश्चित कालिन)	(Adv.): considerably, facto,	(as expected)
17. SINE QUA NON (आवश्यक शर्त)	(Noun): obligatory, groceries	(luxury, weed)
18. STATUS QUO (यथा स्थिति)	(Noun): the existing condition or state,	(reverse, lapse)
19. SUE ROSA (गुप्त रूप से)	(Adv.): privately, secretly, confidentially,	(publicly/openly)
20. ULTRA VIRES (बईमानी से)	(Adv.): illegally, dishonestly, illegitimately,	(legally/lawfully/officially)

LESSON - 18

WORD	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
1. BOWDLERIZE (परिशोधन करना)	(Verb): edit, amend, proof,	(enter, insert)
2. CHAUVINISTIC (उग्रराष्ट्रीयता)	(Adj.): assertive, bigoted, dogmatic, strict,	(flexible/supple/elastic)
3. FABIAN (दीर्घसूत्री)	(Adj.): unhurried, lingering, enduring,	(prompt/speedy/swift)
4. GARGANTUAN (विशालकाय/पेटू)	(Adj.): enormous, vast, huge, large, giant,	(Small/tiny/little)
5. HOMERIC (होमेरीवादी)	(Adj.): poet, legendary, fabulpes	(complicated)
6. MACHIAVELLIAN (धूर्त)	(Adj.): cunning, scheming, deceitful, wily,	(straightforward/simple)
7. MAELSTROM (धंवर/जलावर्त)	(Noun): whirlpool, vortex, current, eddy,	(stagnation/tranquility)
8. MALAPROPISM (हास्यस्पद शब्द प्रयोग)	(Noun): mistake, fault, slip, error, faux pas,	(accuracy/correctness)
9. MARTINET (कठोर अनुशास्ता)	(Noun): tyrant, disciplinarian, oppressor	(cool, softy)
10. MAVERICK (सनकी/झक्की)	(Noun): individualist, eccentric, rebel,	(conformist/follower)
11. MENTOR (परामर्शदाता)	(Noun): adviser, counselor, guide, guru,	(follower/disciple)
12. PROCRUSTEAN (समांगी/सजातीय)	(Adj.): homogeneous, uniform, equal,	(heterogeneous/diverse)
13. PROTEAN (चंचल/अडिग)	(Adj.): fluctuating, changeable, erratic,	(invariable/even/steady)
14. PYRRHIC (आयोग्य/विनाशक)	(Adj.): worthless, destructive, damaging,	(valuable/constructive)
15. SATURNINE (गंभीर)	(Adj.): serious, threatening, grave, solemn,	(funny/humorous/comic)
16. STENTORIAN (बुलंद/भारी)	(Adj.): powerful, roaring, thunderous,	(meek/timid/humble)
17. STYGIAN (डरावना/पाताली)	(Adj.): frightening, fearsome, terrifying,	(soothing/comforting)
18. TERPSICHOREAN (नृत्य)	(Adj.): relating to dancing, performer	(non-worker)
19. THESPIAN (नाटक संबंधी)	(Adj.): theatrical, staged, dramatic,	(shallow, lively)
20. TITANIC (विशाल)	(Adj.): gigantic, massive, huge, colossal,	(small/insignificant)

VERBAL PHRASES

	LOOK		
After	- देखभाल करना	Out	- कार्य करना बंद कर देना
Forward to	- उम्मीद करना	Into	- हस्तक्षेप करना
Up	- शब्दकोष में खोजना	Away	- काट कर हटा देना
Into	- जांच करना		BRING
For	- खोजना	About	- घटित होना
Over	- दुहराना	Down	- कम होना, नीचा होना
	PUT	Forth	- पैदा करना, उत्पन्न करना
Oil	- पहनना	Up	- पालन-पोषण करना
Off	- स्थगित करना	Forward	- सामने लाना
Out	- बुझाना	In	- लाना
Up with	- सहना	On	- कारण
Up	- पेश करना	Out	- प्रकाशित होना
Away	- परित्याग करना		BREAK
Down	- दबाना	Into	- जबर्दस्ती घुसना
In	- आवेदन पत्र देना	Though	- प्रकट होना, विस्फोट करना
	RUN	Out	- एकाएक शुरू होना
Over	- कुचल डालना	Up	- समाप्त होना
Into	- टकराना	Upon	- हस्तक्षेप करना
Away	- भाग जाना	With	- दोस्ती या आदत छोड़ देना
After	- पीछा करना	Off	- अचानक रूक जाना
Out	- समाप्त करना		COME
Through	- बर्बाद करना	About	- घटित होना
	TAKE	Across	- संयोग से मुलाकात
Off	- उतारना	Around	- चक्कर लगाना
Out	- निकालना	Down	- कम होना, नशा उतरना
For	- गलत समझना	Out	- प्रकाशित होना, प्रकट होना
After	- अनुकरण करना	By	- प्राप्त करना
Over	- अपने अधीन में लेना	Off	- होना
Away	- ले जाना	On	- आना
	MAKE	To	- के लगभग होना, पहुंचना
Up	- तैयार करना		CALL
Up for	- पूरा करना	At	- किसी के घर पर जाना
Out	- समझना	On	- किसी के पास जाना
At	- हमला करना	For	- मांग करना, प्रयोजन होना
Hold	- साहस करना	In	- बुलाना
Off	- भाग जाना	Off	- बिना पूरा हुए समाप्त करना
	CUT	Of	- आकर्षित करना
Back	- घटाना	Out	- चिल्लाकर कहना
Down	- काट कर गिराना	UP	- याद करना, टेलीफोन करना

	DIE		
Of	- बीमारी से मरना	Down	- शक्ति से दमन करना
From	- भौतिक कारण	With	- सहन करना
Down	- धीरे-धीरे कम हो जाना	Off	- विजयी होना
Out	- लुप्त हो जाना	Out	- प्रमाणित करना
With	- विलुप्त हो जाना		BLOW
	DO	One's Trumpet	- डींग मारना
Away with	- समाप्त कर देना	Hot and cold	- विचार बदलते रहना
Without	- के बिना काम चलाना	Out	- बुझा देना
Into	- अनुवाद करना	Up	- विस्फोट करना
Over	- पुनः करना		CARRY
For	- नाश करना	Out	- पालन करना
	FALL	On	- जारी रखना
About	- नियंत्रण खो बैठना	Off	- मार देना, मर जाना
Back	- पीछे हटना		CAST
Behind	- पीछे रह जाना	Away	- बर्बाद करना
On/upon	- आक्रमण करना, टूट जाना	Off	- अवहेलना करना
Down	- कम होना	Down	- निराश होना
Off	- कम होना	Anchor	- लंगर डालना
Through	- फेल हो जाना		GO
	GET	On	- आगे बढ़ना
At	- पहुंचना	Through	- शुरू से अंत तक पढ़ना
Down	- उतरना	Out	- बुझ जाना
Into	- प्रवेश करना	Down	- दाम गिरना
On	- चढ़ना	Off	- सफल होना
Over	- कठिनाइयों को जीत लेना		LAY
Through	- पास करना	By	- बचाकर रखना
	HOLD	Out	- निवेश करना
On	- प्रतीक्षा करना	Bare	- भेद खोलना, दूसरों को बताना
Out	- डटे रहना	Up	- बिस्तर पर पड़ जाना
Up	- जबरदस्ती रोकना	Siege to	- घेरा डालना
Over	- स्थगित करना	Down arms	- आत्मसमर्पण करना
	KEEP	Waste	- नष्ट कर देना
Away from	- दूर रखना	Aside	- अलग रख दो (देना)
Off	- अलग रहना		PASS
Down	- दमन करना	Through	- अनेक कठिनाइयों से गुजरना
Up	- बनाए रखना	For	- ख्याल किया जाना
	ACT	Away	- मर जाना
On	- असर डालना	By	- छोड़ देना
Up to	- के अनुसार कार्य करना	Of	- घटित होना
Upon	- के आधार पर	On	- आगे बढ़ना
	BEAR		SET
Upon	- लागू होना	Off	- चल देना
		In	- शुरू होना

About	– शुरू होना		LET
Up	– स्थापित करना	Off crackers	– छोड़ना
With	– जड़ देना	Off a person	– रिहा करना
Apart	– संजोकर रखना	Off an arrow	– छोड़ना
Aside	– नकार देना	Out a secret	– भेद खोलना
	SEE	Down	– नीचा दिखाना
Off	– विदा करना		STAND
To	– देखभाल करना	For	– का प्रतीक होना
Into	– मनन करना	For a cause	– वकालत करना
Through	– समर्थन देना	Up	– पैर से खड़ा होना
	STAND	Up to	– विरोध करना, बर्दास्त करना
By	– समर्थन करना, प्रतीक्षा करना		PUSH
Over	– स्थगित हो जाने देना	Aside	– किनारे हटा देना
Aloof	– अलग खड़े रहना	Back	– धकेल देना
Something	– सहन करना	By	– धक्का देते हुए आगे बढ़ना
Against	– विरोध करना	For	– तैयार करना
For	– सहयोग देना, सहायक होना	Towards	– कोशिश करना
	TURN	Forward	– पेश करना
Sth. Down	– किसी प्रस्ताव टुकरा देना	In	– जबरदस्ती घुस जाना
Out	– सिद्ध होना	Into	– मजबूर करना
To	– व्यस्त हो जाना		ROLL
Off	– निकाल देना	Back	– घटा देना
Tail	– शर्मसार हो जाना	Down	– गिराना
Against	– मुंह मोड़ लेना	In money	– पैसों में खेलना
	WORK	In with sb.	– आ टपकना
On	– प्रभावित करना	Into	– बनाना
Out	– हल करना	Out	– छापना
Up	– उत्तेजित करना	Over	– पलटना (लेटा-लेटा)
For	– प्रतिनिधि की तरह कार्य करना	Sth. tip	– लपेटना
	DEAL		SETTLE
With a person	– संबंध रखना	Down	– बस जाना
At a shop	– लेन-देन करना	For	– समझौते करना
In some Article	– व्यापार करना	In	– टिक जाना
With a subject	– विचार करना	Into	– आदी हो जाना
Out the Cards	– बांटना	UP	– कर्ज चुकाना
	DRAW		TEAR
Back	– पीछे हटना	At	– चीर फाड़ देना
Out on tooth	– निकालना	Sb. away	– बाहर निकाल देना
Near	– निकट आना	Sth. away	– नोच कर अलग करना
Up a plan	– तैयार करना	Down	– ध्वस्त कर देना
		Into	– आलोचना करना
		Off	– उतार फेंकना

CONFUSING WORDS

• Accept	– स्वीकार करना	• Amiable	– प्यारा
Except	– छोड़ना	Amicable	– दोस्ताना
• Access	– पहुंच	• Ardent	– इच्छुक
Excess	– अत्यधिक मात्रा	Arduous	– कठिन
• Adapt	– अनुकूल बनाना	• Apposite	– उचित
Adopt	– ग्रहण करना	Opposite	– विपरीत
Adept	– निपुण	• All ready	– पूर्ण रूप से तैयार
• Adverse	– विरोधी, हानिकारक	Already	– उस समय
Averse	– अनिच्छुक	• Bail	– जमानत या जमानत पर छोड़ना
• Affect	– बुरा प्रभाव करना	Bale	– गद्दर
Effect	– फल पुरा करना	• Bait	– चारा
• Advice	– राय, उपदेश	Bet	– बाजी लगाना
Advise	– राय देना	• Beneficial	– लाभदायक
• Allusion	– प्रसंग चर्चा	Beneficent	– दयापूर्ण
Illusion	– भ्रम	• Bawl	– चिल्लाना, चीखना
• Angle	– कोण	Bowl	– प्याला, कटोरा
Angel	– देवदूत	• Baron	– सामंत, नवाब, जमींदार
• Ascent	– चढ़ावा, आरोहण	Barren	– बांझ, अनुर्वर, बंजर, नीरस
Assent	– स्वीकृत	• Beach	– समुद्र तट
• Aspire	– उच्च अभिलाषा रखना	Bitch	– कुत्ती
Expire	– मरना, समाप्त होना	• Blonde	– सुनहरी, गोरी
• Acetic	– तेजाबी, अम्लीय	Blond	– सुनहरा, गोरा
Ascetic	– वैरागी, संन्यासी	• Bridal	– विवाह संबंधी, वैवाहिक
• Action	– कर्म, कार्य, कार्यवाही	Bridle	– लगाम, नियंत्रण
Auction	– नीलाम, नीलाम करना	• Beneficent	– दयालु
• Addition	– योग, जोड़, संकलन	Beneficial	– लाभप्रद
Adition.	– संस्करण	• Bath	– धोना
• Alien	– पराया, विदेशी	Bathe	– तैरना
Align	– पंक्तिबद्ध करना, समझौता करना	• Canon	– नियम
• Altar	– वेदी	Cannon	– तोप
Alter	– बदलना	• Canvas	– मोटा कपड़ा
• Antic	– विचित्र, विलक्षण हरकत	Canvass	– मांगना, चन्दा या वोट
Antique	– प्राचीन, पुरातन	• Capable	– समर्थ
• Assay	– शुद्धता की परीक्षा, जांच	Able	– योग्य
Essay	– निबंध, साहित्यिक रचना	Capacious	– लम्बा-चौड़ा
• Accident	– दुर्घटना	• Cast	– फेंकना
Incident	– मामूली घटना	Caste	– हिन्दूओं की विभिन्न जातियां
• All ways	– सभी दिशाओं	• Casual	– कभी-कभी होने वाला
Always	– हमेशा	Causal	– कारण संबंधी
• Apathetic	– सुन्न	• Coarse	– मोटा
Epithetic	– आकर्षक	Course	– मार्ग

● Collision	– टक्कर	Ale	– खराब
Collusion	– अनुचित मेल	● Descent	– उत्पन्न, पतन
● Cease	– रूकना	Dissent	– मतभेद
Seize	– जब्त करना, पकड़ लेना	● Disease	– बीमारी
● Cite	– जब्त करना, पकड़ लेना	Decease	– मृत्यु
Site	– किसी काम के लिए चुनी जगह	● Elicit	– निकालना
● Corpse	– शव, लाश	Illicit	– अवैध
Corps	– कोर, दल, समूह	● Elusion	– बचाव
● Critic	– आलोचक, समालोचक	Illusion	– भ्रम
Critique	– समालोचना, समीक्षा	● Emigrant	– प्रवासी, परदेशी
● Consort	– पति या पत्नी	Immigrant	– आप्रवासी
Concert	– समझौता	● Freeze	– जमना
● Cessation	– अंत	Frieze	– मोटा
Session	– सत्र, अधिवेशन	● Human	– मानव
● Course	– पाठ्यक्रम	Humane	– दयालू
Coarse	– भद्दा	● Homely	– सादा, मित्रवत्, घरेलू
● Dairy	– दुग्धशाला, दुग्धागार	Homily	– शिक्षा, प्रवचन
Diary	– दैनिकी, रोजनामचा	● Imprudent	– अज्ञानी
● Desert	– वीरान, उजाड़, मरूस्थल	Impudent	– असभ्य
Dessert	– मेवा, मिष्ठान, मिठाई	● Industrial	– व्यवसायिक, औद्योगिक
● Draught	– घूंट, मद्यपान, खुराक	Industrious	– परिश्रमी
Drought	– सूखा, अनावृष्टि, शुष्कता	● Jealous	– ईर्ष्यालु
● Dual	– द्वैत, दोहरा, द्विविध	Zealous	– जोशवाला, उत्साही
Duel	– द्वन्द युद्ध, झगड़ा, लड़ाई	● Jest	– मजाक
● Decry	– आरोप लगाना	Zest	– स्वाद
Descry	– पाना, खोज करना	● Loath	– अनिच्छुक
● Excursion	– पिकनिक, पर्यटन	Loathe	– नापसन्द करना
Incursion	– चढ़ाई, आक्रमण	● Local	– स्थानीय
● Eminent	– प्रसिद्ध	Locale	– घटनास्थल, अवस्थिति
Imminent	– निश्चित	● Mean	– नीच, मतलब
● Goal	– लक्ष्य	Mien	– रूप, आकार
Gaol	– कैदखाना	● Momentary	– क्षणिक
● Hoard	– जमा करना	Momentous	– प्रसिद्ध, महान
Horde	– दल, सम्प्रदाय	● Moral	– नीति, शिक्षा
● Eligible	– योग्य	Morale	– विश्वास, साहस
Illegible	– न पढ़ सकने योग्य	● Pendant	– एक प्रकार का गहना
● Abuse	– गाली देना	Pendent	– विचारधारा
Misuse	– दुरुपयोग	● Persecute	– तंग करना
● Abate	– कम होना	Prosecute	– मुकदमा चलाना
Abet	– उकसाना/प्रोत्साहित करना	● Revel	– आनन्द मनाना
● Acute	– प्रचण्ड	Reveal	– गुप्त बात को बतला देना
Chronic	– पुराना, चिरकालिक	● Righteous	– उचित, धार्मिक
● Ail	– दुःख	Riotous	– अशांत

• Statue	– मूर्ति	• President	– सभापति
Statute	– कानून	Precedent	– मिसाल, उदाहरण
• Tenor	– अर्थ	• Proceed	– आगे बढ़ाना
Tenure	– अवधि	Precede	– पहले आना
• Urban	– शहरी	• Principal	– प्राचार्य
Urbane	– नम्र	Principle	– सिद्धांत
• Virtuous	– गुण, पवित्र	• Pray	– प्रार्थना करना
Virtual	– आभासी, वास्तविक	Prey	– शिकार
• Veracious	– सत्य	• Practice	– अभ्यास
Voracious	– लालची	Practise	– अभ्यास करना
• Verity	– सत्य	• Rite	– धार्मिक संस्कार
Variety	– विभिन्न प्रकार के	Write	– लिखना
• Wet	– गीला	Right	– अधिकार
Whet	– तेज करना	• Reign	– शासन
• Angle	– कोण	Rain	– वर्षा
Angel	– देवदूत	Rein	– लगाम
• Birth	– पैदाइश	• Rode	– सवार हुआ
Berth	– शायिका, नौकरी	Road	– सड़क
• Born	– पैदा होना	• Storey	– मंजिल, कोठा
Borne	– सहन करना, जन्म	Story	– कहानी
• Council	– परिषद्	• Sole	– तला
Counsel	– परामर्शदाता	Soul	– आत्मा
• Chord	– ज्या	• Site	– जगह
Cord	– रस्सी	Sight	– नजारा
• Select	– चुनना	• Spacious	– काफी जगह वाला
Elects	– चुनाव करना	Specious	– देखने भर में अच्छा
• Foul	– अनुचित	• Seem	– दिखाई देते हो
Fowl	– पक्षी	Seam	– सिलाई की जगह
• Floor	– फर्श, मंजिल	• Shade	– छाया
Flour	– आटा	Shadow	– परछाई
• Further	– और अधिक	• Stationery	– लेखन सामग्री
Farther	– और दूर	Stationary	– अचल
• Hair	– बाल	• Tail	– पूंछ
Heir	– उत्तराधिकारी	Tale	– कहानी
Hare	– खरगोश	• Through	– आरपार
• Human	– मानव का	Threw	– फेंका
Humane	– उदार, कृपालु	• Uncle	– चाचा
• Heal	– घाव का भरना	Ankle	– टखना
Heel	– ऐड़ी	• Vine	– अंगूर की बेल
• Mane	– गर्दन का बाल, अयाल	Wine	– मदिरा
Main	– मुख्य	• Vest	– बनियान
• Miner	– खान में काम करने वाला	West	– पश्चिम
Minor	– अल्पवयस्क		

ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION: PART-I

A lover of one's country - Patriot (देशभक्त)	A place where money is made - Mint (टकसाल)
A lover of books - Bibliophile (पुस्तक प्रेमी)	The killing of race - Genocide (कुल हत्या)
A lover of alcoholic drink - Drunkard (शराबी)	The killing of one's father - Patricide (पितृ-हत्या)
One who believes in God - Theist (आस्तिक)	The killing of king - Regicide (नृप-हत्या)
One who does not believe in God - Atheist (नास्तिक)	The killing of sister - Sororicide (बहन हत्या)
A lover of human flesh - Cannibal (नरभक्षी)	The killing of one's mother - Matricide (मातृ हत्या)
One who lives on flesh - Carnivorous (मांसाहारी)	The killing of an infant - Infanticide (शिशु हत्या)
One who eats vegetables - Vegetarian (शाकाहारी)	The killing of human beings - Homicide (मानव हत्या)
One who eats all types of food - Omnivorous (सर्वभक्षी)	The killing of wife - Uroxicide (पत्नी हत्या)
One who hates with woman - Misogynist (स्त्रीद्वेषी)	The killing of one-self - Suicide (आत्म हत्या)
A lover of woman - Philogynist (स्त्रीप्रेमी)	The killing of brother - Fratricide (भातृ हत्या)
One who hates mankind - Misanthrope (मनुष्यद्रोही)	A place where dead bodies are kept - Mortuary (मुर्दाघर)
One who loves mankind - Philanthropist (मानव प्रेमी)	A place where fish are kept - Aquarium (मछलीघर)
One who hates alcoholic drinks - Teetotaler (मद्य-त्यागी)	A place where bees are kept - Apiary (मधुमक्खी शाला)
One who hates with marriage - Celebat (ब्रह्मचारी)	A building in which monks live together - Monastery (मठ)
One who acts against religion - Heretic (पाखण्डी)	A place where birds are kept - Aviary (पक्षीशाला)
One who hates knowledge - Misologist (ज्ञानद्रोही)	A place where guns are kept - Armoury (आयुधशाला)
A place where ships are kept - Dockyard (बंदरगाह)	A place where weapon are kept - Arsenal (आयुधशाला)
A place where alcoholic drinks is made- Distillery (मद्यशाला)	A place where bodies are burried - Cemetery (कब्रगाह)
A place where bear is made - Brewery (शराब की भट्टी)	A place where dead bodies are kept - Morgue (शवगृह)

A place where ships are built and repaired	- Dock (बंदरगाह)	- Biography (आत्मकथा)
Government by a Monarch (King)	- Monarchy (एकतंत्र)	One who is all powerful
A state without government	- Anarchy (अराजकतावाद)	- Omnipotent (सर्वशक्तिमान)
Government by a rich class	- Plutocracy (अमीरो का शासन)	One who knows everything
Government ruled by desk officials -	Bureaucracy (दफ्तरशाही)	- Omniscient (सर्वज्ञ)
Government ruled by the nobility	- Aristocracy (कुलीनतंत्र)	One who is present everywhere
Government by the people	- Democracy (प्रजातंत्र)	- Omnipresent (सर्वव्यापी)
Government by one person	- Autocracy (निरंकुश शासन)	A person whose wife is dead
A specialist in heart disease	- Cardiologist (हृदय विशेषज्ञ)	- widower (विधुर)
A specialist in skin disease	- Dermatologist (चर्म विशेषज्ञ)	One who is unable to pay his debt
A specialist in eye disease	- Ophthalmologist (नेत्र विशेषज्ञ)	- Bankrupt (दिवालीया)
A specialist in ear disease	- Otologist (कर्ण विशेषज्ञ)	A disease that spread by touch
A specialist in nose disease	- Rhinologist (नाक विशेषज्ञ)	- Contagious (धूत-रोग)
A specialist in nerve diseases	- Neurologist (तंत्रिका विशेषज्ञ)	A child born after father death
A specialist in female disease	- Gynecologist (स्त्री विशेषज्ञ)	- Posthumous (मरणोत्तर)
One who draws plan for a building	- Architect (शिल्पी)	A remedy for all kinds of disease
One who talks continuously	- Loquacious (वाचाल)	- Panacea (रामबाण)
The science of plant life	- Botany (जीव विज्ञान)	Animals which live both lard and water -
The science of physical life	- Biology (जीव विज्ञान)	Amphibia (उभयचर)
The science of environments	- Ecology (पारिस्थितिकी विज्ञान)	One who looks at the dark side
The science of heavenly bodies	- Astronomy (खगोलविद्या)	- Pessimist (निराशावादी)
The life story written by another	- Biography (आत्मकथा)	One who looks at the bright side
		- Optimist (आशावादी)
		That which can not be believed
		- Incredible (अविश्वसनीय)
		An office in which no salary is paid
		- Honorary (अवैतनिक)
		Practice of more than one husband
		- Polyandry (बहुपतित्व)
		Practice of marrying ong
		- Monogamy (एक विवाह प्रथा)
		Marrying more than one wife
		- Bigamy (द्विपत्नीकरण)
		A collection of flowers
		- Bouquet (पुष्प गुच्छा)
		A person bad in spelling
		- Cacographist (अशुद्ध लिखने वाला)
		A person incharge of a museum
		- Curator (संग्रहालय अध्यक्ष)
		A person who walks in sleep
		- Somnambulist (निन्द्राचारी)
		Who talks in sleep
		- Somniloquist (निन्द में बात करने वाला)

A home for orphans	- Orphanages (अनाथालय)	- Pesticide (कीटनाशक)
A home for lunatics	- Lunatic Asylum (पागलखना)	A substance that reduces pain
The study of coins	- Numismatics (मुद्राशास्त्र)	- Narcotic (संवेद मन्दक)
The art of cultivating	- Horticulture (बागवानी)	An animal that depends on others
Animals which give milk	- Mammals (स्तनधारी)	- Parasite (परजीवी)
One with narrow religious views	- Bigot (धर्मान्ध)	The Collection arid study of stamps
A person who dies for a noble cause	- Martyr (शहीद)	- Philately (टिकट संग्रहण)
One who loves one's country greatly	- Patriot (स्वदेशभक्ति)	Who goes to live in other country
A person who thinks only about himself	- Egoist (अहंवादी)	- Emigrant (उत्प्रवासी)
A medicine to counteract the poison	- Antidote (विषहर)	Who come to live in a country
One appointed by parties to settle disputes-	- Arbitrate (पंच)	- Immigrant (अप्रवासी)
Who leaves country to settle in another	- Emigrant (प्रवासी)	A person who forced to leave his country -
A false or different name used by criminal	- Alias (उपनाम)	Refugee (शरणार्थी)
A name used by a writer	- Pseudonym (कृतकनाम)	One who works with in a profession-
A name that is not accurate	- Misnomer (मिथ्या नाम)	Colleagues (सहकर्मी)
A story of ancient times events	- Legend (पौराणिक कथा)	One who chosen to settle a disagreement
A long poem about actions of great	- Epic (महाकाव्य)	- Arbitrate (पंच)
Words used to given praise or criticism	- Epithat (उपाधि)	One who speaks behalf of a group
A handwriting written by a special pen-	- Calligraphy (सुलेख)	- Spokesman (प्रवक्ता)
A list to be discussed at a meeting	- Agenda (कार्यसूची)	One who is in charge of a meeting
A substance that reduces pain	- Analgesic (पीड़नाशक)	- Chairman (सभापति)
A chemical used for killing pests	- Pesticide (कीटनाशक)	A young girl or woman who is not married
		- Maiden (कुमारी)
		A man who has never been married
		- bachelor (अविवाहित)
		Who suffer pain without complainty
		- Stoic (जितेन्द्रिय)
		One who walks in sleep
		- Somnambulist (निन्द्राचारी)
		One who spends plain life
		- Ascetic (तपस्वी)
		One who lives alone
		- Recluse (एकान्तवासी)
		One who praises people to get bennifit -
		Sycophant (चापलूस)
		Property given after father dies
		- Patrimony (पैतृक संपति)
		A thing given to somebody to remind
		- Momento (समृति चिन्ह)
		A disease found at a time in area
		- Epidemic (महामारी)
		A speech delivered first time - Maiden
		speech (प्रथम व्याख्यान)

A speech without preparation - Extempore (एकाएक भाषण)	A bird that comes and goes with season - Migrators (प्रवासी)
Having more than one meaning (अवैतनिक)	One with narrow religious views - Bigot (कट्टरपंथी)
A salary but.no work - Sinecure (सेवा शून्य वैतनिक कार्यालय)	Something kept as a remainder - Memento (यादगार)
Abnormal fear of water - Hydrophobia (जल आतंक)	One who lives and works for the welfare - Altruist (परोपकारी)
Fear in an enclosed - Claustrophobia (घिरे जगह में रहने का डर)	A woman whose husband is dead - Widow (विधवा)
One who cannot pay debts - Insolvent (दिवालिया)	A person who saves money - Economist (मितव्ययी)
A trade prohibited by law - Illegal (गैर कानूनी)	One who is worthy believed - Credulous (विश्वासी)
That which catches fire easily - Inflammable (प्रज्वलनशील)	A fewer number of people - Minority (अल्पमत)
A list of books - Catalogue (सूचीपत्र)	A large number of people - Majority (बहुमत)
A disease which spreads by contact - Infectious (संक्रामक)	A person who loves his own country - Patriot (देशभक्त)
Articles received by from the other - Import (आयात)	A person who knows many languages - Linguist (बहुभाषाविद्)
Article sent from one country to another - Export (निर्यात)	A follower of a religious preacher - Disciple (चेला)
A period of fifteen days - Fortnight (पखवाड़ा)	A dead body of a human being - Corpse (मनुष्य का शव)
A period of ten years - Decade (दशक)	A dead body of an animal - Carcase (जानवर का शव)
A period of hundred years - Century (शताब्दी)	A person who travels a holy place - Pilgrim (तीर्थयात्री)
The people of the same period or age- Generation (पीढ़ी)	From one generation to another - Hereditary (आनुवंशिक)
A disease that causes death - fatal (घातक)	A notice which is sent by a court - Summons (बुलावा पत्र)
Which cannot be conquered - Invincible (अजेय)	A legal advisor - solicitor (कानूनी सलाहकार)
Not qualified for post - Ineligible (अयोग्य)	A judgement of a court - Decree (फैसला)
A fellow worker - Colleague (साथी)	A person who works against his country- Traitor (देशद्राही)
Very greedy in eating - Voracious (पेटू)	A person who is fond of alcoholic drink - Bibulous (शराबी)

ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION: PART-II

- One who believes in keeping thing as they are- **Conservative** (रूढ़िवादी)
- One who is completely self-satisfied - **Complacent** (आत्मसंतुष्ट)
- One who mends shoes - **Cobbler** (मोची)
- A person who practices magic especially for peoples entertainment. - **Conjuror** (जादूगर)
- One who is hundred years old - **Centenarian** (सौ वर्ष का बूढ़ा)
- One who eats on flesh - **Carnivorous** (मांसाहारी)
- Persons who work in the same department of an office - **Colleagues** (सहकर्मी)
- A girl or woman who flirts, that is, tries to attract people and make advances in love simply to satisfy her vanity - **Coquette** (चुलबुली औरत)
- One who eats human flesh - **Cannibal** (नरभक्षी)
- A person who regards the whole world as his country - **Cosmopolitan** (विश्व नागरिक)
- One who has special skill in judging art, music, taste. etc. - **Connoisseur** (कदरवान, गुणज्ञ)
- One who is always finding faults - **Censorious** (दोष निकालने वाला)
- One living at the same time as another- **Contemporary** (समकालीन)
- One who is recovering from illness - **Convalescent** (बीमारी के बाद स्वस्थ होने वाला)
- One who drives a moter car - **Chauffeur** (चालक)
- A person or shop .that' sells; equipment for ships- **Chandler** (पानी के जहाजों के लिए समान बेचने वाला)
- A leader of the people who can sway his followers by his oratory - **Demagogue** (जनोत्तेजक)
- That cannot be seen - **Invisible** (अदृश्य)
- That never fails - **Infallible** (जिससे गलती न हो, अचूक)
- That cannot be easily reached - **Inaccessible** (पहुँच से परे, अगम्य)
- The condition of being unable to sleep-**Insomnia** (अनिद्रा का रोग, नींद ना आना)
- Special words that are spoken or sung to have a magic effect-**Incantation** (जादू टोना के लिए प्रयोग किये गये शब्द अथवा मंत्र)
- Very bright or full of strong emotions - **Incandescent** (गरम होकर जगमगान वाला या प्रकाश देने वाला, तापदीप्त)
- Outside the limits of morality, without moral quality- **Immoral/amoral** (अनैतिक)
- List of articles and their description.- **Inventory** (मूल्य, सूची, माल, सामान आदि की)
- That never tires out - **Inexhaustible**(कभी खत्म न होने वाला, अपार)
- That cannot be avoided - **Inevitable**(अवश्यम्भावी)
- The killing of a race of people - **Genocide**(नरसंहार)
- The killing of germs - **Germicide**(कीटनाशक)
- That cannot be heard - **Inaudible** (अश्रवणीय)
- A person who has a long experience of any occupation -**Veteran** (अनुभवी व्यक्ति)
- That cause fire or violence -**Incendiary** (अग्नेय)
- A person who tries to trick people, especially in order to get their money - **Mountebank** (धोखेबाज, ठग)
- Incapable of being transferred.-**Inalienable** (जो हस्तांतरित न किया जा सके, जो दूसरे को न दिया जा सके, जो छीना न जा सके)
- Not endowed with animal life -**Inanimate**(निर्जीव)
- Unthankful person-**Ingrate**(ऐसा व्यक्ति जो एहसास न माने, कृतघ्न)
- That cannot be defeated or overcome - **Insurmountable** (अजेय)
- Person dying without making or leaving a will - **Intestate** (मृत्यु से पूर्व, बिना वसीयत)
- A person who dishonestly claims to have medical knowledge or skills- **Quack** (नीम-हकीम)
- A place where bees are kept - **Apiary** (मधु उद्यान)
- A place where fishes are kept - **Aquarium** (पौधे अथवा मछलियों को रखने का जल कुण्ड, जल जीवशाला)
- A place where guns are kept - **Armoury** (आयुध शाला)
- A place where birds are kept -**Aviary** (चिड़िया खाना)
- A place of refuge and safety-**Asylum** (शरण-स्थान)
- A place where government records are kept- **Archives** (सरकारी अभिलेख रखने का स्थान)
- A place where audience sit -**Auditorium** (सभा-स्थल)
- A place where beer is made - **Brewery** (शराब की भट्टी)
- A place where books are bound - **Bindery** (जिल्दसाजी करने का स्थान)

- A dwelling place of an underground animal - **Burrow** (मांद)
- That cannot be pacified - **Implacable** (अशमनीय)
- That which cannot be conquered - **Invincible** (अजेय)
- That which cannot be satisfied - **Insatiable** (अतोशणीय, अतिलोभी)
- That cannot be seized - **Impregnable** (अजेय, अभेद्य)
- The doctor who specializes in heart diseases - **Cardiologist** (हृदय रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The killing of human beings - **Homicide** (मानव हत्या)
- The killing of snakes - **Herpeticide** (सांपों की हत्या)
- The killing of one's mother - **Matricide** (मातृ हत्या)
- The killing of one's infant - **Infanticide** (नवजात शिशु की हत्या)
- That cannot be expressed in words - **Inexpressible** (अकथनीय)
- That cannot be explained - **Inexplicable** (अवर्णनीय)
- That cannot be corrected or reformed - **Incorrigible** (असुधार्य)
- That cannot be cured - **Incurable** (असाध्य, लाइलाज)
- That cannot be denied or questioned - **Indisputable** (निश्चय, निर्विवाद)
- That cannot be removed - **Indelible** (अगिट)
- That cannot be believed - **Incredible** (अविश्वसनीय)
- That cannot be burnt/consumed by fire - **Incombustible** (अदाहक)
- The doctor who specializes in skin diseases - **Dermatologist** (चर्म रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The doctor who specializes in diseases of old age - **Geriatrician, Gerontologist** (वृद्ध रोगी विशेषज्ञ)
- The specialist who treats the medical conditions and diseases of women - **Gynaecologist** (स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The doctor who specializes in nerve diseases - **Neurologist** (तंत्रिका रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The specialist who helps during delivery of babies and takes care of mother during and immediately after the period of her pregnancy - **Obstetrician** (प्रसव विशेषज्ञ)
- The doctor who specializes in eye diseases - **Ophthalmologist** (नेत्र विशेषज्ञ)
- The doctor who specializes in ear diseases - **Otologist** (कान का डॉक्टर)
- The doctor who specializes in treating persons with bone problems - **Orthopaedist** (हड्डी रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The specialist who looks after our teeth - **Dentist** (दन्त रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- One who sells optical equipments - **Optician** (चश्मा साज)
- One who measures our vision - **Optometrist** (नेत्र दृष्टि जाँच विशेषज्ञ)
- One who fishes with a rod (As a hobby) - **Angler** (मछुआ)
- One who writes down one's dictation - **Amanuensis** (लेखकर्ता)
- One who believes that nothing can be known about God or of anything except material thing - **Agnostic** (अज्ञेयवादी)
- One who studies, collects or sells things of the past - **Antiquarian** (पुरातात्विक)
- A lover of books - **Bibliophile** (पुस्तक प्रेमी)
- A person who believes that people are motivated by self interest rather than unselfish reason - **Cynic** (कटुस्वभावी)
- A person who is forced by law to become a soldier - **Conscript** (सेना में जबरदस्ती भर्ती किया गया व्यक्ति)
- Shy, timid, unwilling to face a situation - **Diffident** (आत्म विश्वास से रहित व्यक्ति)
- One who looks at everything from a personal point of view - **Egocentric** (स्वार्थी व्यक्ति)
- A person sent to a mission - **Emissary** (दूत)
- One who secretly listens to the talk of others - **Eaves dropper** (टोहिया)
- A soldier who fights for the sake of money - **Mercenary** (धनोलोलुप)
- A hater of women - **Misogynist** (नारी द्वेषी)
- One who leaves his country to settle in another - **Migrate Migratory** (प्रवासी)
- One who spends very little - **Miser** (कंजूस)
- One who dies for a noble cause - **Martyr** (शहीद)
- One who pretends to know a great deal, about everything - **Charlatan** (दम्भी, अनाड़ी)
- A hater of mankind - **Misanthropy, Misanthropist** (मानव द्वेषी)
- A hater of marriage - **Misogamist** (विवाह द्वेषी)
- One who believes in one God - **Monotheist** (एकेश्वरवादी)
- A person in his nineties - **Nonagenarian** (90 से 99 वर्ष के बीच का व्यक्ति)

- One who collects or studies coins - **Numismatist** (प्राचीन सिक्के एकत्रित करने वाला)
- A man who is womanish in his habits - **Effeminate** (स्त्री स्वभावी)
- One devoted to the pleasures of eating and drinking - **Epicure** (स्वाद लोलुप)
- One who is banished from his home or his country - **Exile** (निर्वासित)
- One who deals in fish - **Fishmonger** (मछली बचने वाला)
- One who walks on ropes - **Funambulist** (नट जो रस्सी पर खेल दिखाता है)
- One who believes in fate - **Fatalist** (भाग्यवादी)
- A person who is devoted to the welfare of women - **Feminist** (स्त्रीवादी)
- One engaged to be married - **Fiance, Fiancee** (मंगेतर)
- One who runs away from justice or the law - **Fugitive** (भगौड़ा)
- A connoisseur of food and drink - **Gourmet** (स्वादिष्ट भोजन, अच्छी शराब का पारखी)
- Simple and easily deceived - **Gullible** (भोला-भाला)
- One who studies rocks and soils - **Geologist** (भूवैज्ञानिक)
- One who eats too much - **Glutton** (पेटू)
- One who travels from place to place selling miscellaneous articles - **Hawker, Pedlar** (फेरी वाला)
- A person or thing that goes before and announces the coming of something - **Harbinger** (सन्देश वाहक)
- One who believes that gaining pleasure is the most important thing in life - **Hedonist** (सुखवादी)
- One who is fond of entertaining guests - **Hospitable** (सत्कार करने वाला)
- One who acts against religion - **Heretic** (विधर्मी)
- One who pretends to be what he is not - **Hypocrite, Impostor** (छली, पाखंडी)
- One who is beyond reform - **Incorrigible** (असुधार्य)
- One who breaks images and idols - **Iconoclast** (मूर्ति भंजक)
- A person who can neither read nor write - **Illiterate** (निरक्षर)
- One who comes into a foreign country to settle there - **Immigrant** (आप्रवासी)
- One who cannot pay one's debts - **Insolvent** (दिवालिया)
- One who maliciously sets fire to buildings - **Pyromaniac** (तपोन्मादी)
- One who deceives by pretending to be someone else - **Impostor** (ढोंगी ठग)
- A traitor who can sell out even his friend - **Judas** (धोखेबाज, विश्वासघाती)
- A professional rider in horse races - **Jockey** (घुड़सवार)
- One who takes care of a building - **Janitor** (इमारत की देखरेख करने वाला)
- One who has an irresistible tendency to steal - **Kleptomaniac** (चौर्योन्मादित)
- Born of married parents - **Legitimate** (वैध सन्तान)
- A man who leads an immoral life and is interested in pleasure - **Libertine** (व्यभिचारी)
- One who makes a scientific study of language - **Linguist** (बहुभाषाविद्)
- One who compiles a dictionary - **Lexicographer** (शब्दकोश संयोजक)
- A believer in the use of arms - **Militarist** (सैन्यवाद का समर्थक)
- One new to anything - **Novice, Tyro, Neophyte** (नौसिखिया)
- One who deliberately prevents somebody, from understanding or discovering something - **Obscurantist** (अवरोधक)
- One who can eat everything - **Omnivorous** (सर्वाहारी)
- A person who takes advantage of every change for success - **Opportunist** (अवसरवादी)
- A person in his eighties - **Octogenarian** (80 से 89 के बीच का व्यक्ति)
- One who makes an eloquent public speech - **Orator** (व्याख्यानदाता)
- One who knows everything - **Omniscient** (सर्वज्ञ)
- One who is all powerful - **Omnipotent** (सर्वशक्तिमान)
- One who is present everywhere - **Omnipresent** (सर्वव्यापी)
- One who looks on the bright side of things - **Optimist** (आशावादी)
- A child whose parents are dead - **Orphan** (अनाथ)
- One who has been before another in office or employment - **Predecessor** (पूर्ववर्ती)
- One who lends money and keeps goods as security - **Pawnbroker** (माल गिरवी रख कर रूपया उधार देने वाला)

- One who flies an aeroplane - **Pilot, aviator** (चालक)
- One who gives directions from behind the scene on a stage-**Promoter**(कलाकारों को प्रोत्साहन देने वाला)
- A child born after the death of its father - **Posthumous** (मरणोपरान्त)
- A person who has many love affairs without intending to marry - **Philanderer** (आशिक)
- A person who is hostile or indifferent to culture and the arts - **Philistine** (असभ्य)
- One who walks on foot - **Pedestrian** (पैदल चलने वाला राही)
- One who leads others in any field - **Pioneer** (मार्गदर्शक, अग्रणी)
- One who knows many languages - **Polyglot** (बहुभाषी)
- A lover of womankind - **Philogynist** (नारी प्रेमी)
- One who teaches or supports a new idea, theory, etc and claims to know the future - **Prophet** (पैगंबर)
- One who loves one's country and serves it devotedly - **Patriot** (देशभक्त)
- A person who is too concerned with small details or rules when learning and teaching -**Pedant** (विद्याडम्बरी)
- One who journeys to a holy place - **Pilgrim** (तीर्थयात्री)
- One who looks at the dark side of things - **Pessimist** (निराशावादी)
- One who collects postage stamps -**Philatelist** (टिकट-संग्रही)
- One who has more than two wives or husbands at a time - **Polygamist** (बहु-पति वाली पत्नी)
- One who believes in many gods - **Polytheist** (बहुदेववादी)
- One who is chivalrous, idealistic and impractical - **Quixotic** (आदर्शवादी)
- One who retires from society to live a solitary life -**Recluse, Hermit** (सन्यासी)
- One whose reasoning is clever yet false -**Sophist** (वाक्पटु, तर्कवान)
- One who draws up contracts and lends money on interest -**Scrivener** (सूदखोर)
- One who takes over after another in office or employment - **Successor** (उत्तराधिकारी)
- Retired on account of age. usually with pension-**Superannuated** (सेवा निवृत्त)
- One who gets pleasure in others trouble and pain - **Sadistic** (परपीड़क)
- One who looks serious and threatening - **Saturnine** (मनहुस शकल का गमगीन)
- A person who helps a helpless person or stranger- **A good Samaritan** (दुखियों की मदद करने वाला)
- The person who is between 13 to 19 years - **Adolescent** (13 से 19 वर्ष के बीच का व्यक्ति)
- One who believes in no government and therefore incites disorder in a state - **Anarchist** (अराजकतावादी)
- One who does not believe in existence of god - **Atheist** (नास्तिक)
- One who is appointed by parties to settle disputes - **Arbitrator** (मध्यस्थ)
- A style/person full of words -**Verbose** (शब्द बाहुल्य)
- One who is gifted with several talents -**Versatile** (बहुमुखी)
- One who offers one's services -**Volunteer** (स्वयं सेवक)
- One who is revengeful -**Vindictive** (बदला लेने की भावना से ओत प्रोत)
- A place with gambling tables - **Casino** (जुआघर, सार्वजनिक जुआ-स्थल)
- A place where dead bodies are buried - **Cemetery, Churchyard** (कब्रिस्तान)
- A place where dead bodies are cremated- **Crematorium** (शवदाह गृह)
- A place at a railway station where luggage is kept - **Cloakroom** (सामान रखने का स्थान)
- A place where alcoholic drinks are made -**Distillery** (शराब की भट्टी, मद्य निर्माणशाला)
- A place where ships are made and repaired - **Dockyard** (जहाज बनाने एवं मरम्मत करने का स्थान)
- A place where goods are stored - **Depot, Godown** (गोदाम)
- A place for doing body exercises - **Gymnasium** (व्यायामशाला, आखाड़ा)
- A place where grains are stored - **Granary** (अन्नागार)
- A place where aeroplanes are kept - **Hangar** (विमान-गृह)
- A place where mad men are kept - **Lunatic asylum** (पागलखाना)
- A place where money is coined - **Mint** (टकसाल)
- A place where dead bodies are kept - **Mortuary** (मुर्दाघर, शवगृह)

- A place where dead bodies are kept for identification - **Morgue** (मुर्दाघर, शवगृह)
- A place where objects of artistic, cultural, historical or scientific things are kept and shown to the people - **Museum** (संग्रहालय, अजायबघर)
- A place where monks live together - **Monastery** (मठ, आश्रम)
- One who engages in any pursuit for the love of it, and not for gain - **Amateur** (शौकिया)
- One who can use both hands with equal ease- **Ambidextrous** (उभय समहस्त)
- One who devotes his life to the welfare and interests of other people - **Altruist** (परोपकारी)
- A child born of unmarried parents - **Bastard** (नाजायज संतान)
- One who does not follow the usual rules of social life - **Bohemian** (नवीनवादी)
- One who breaks in a house to steal - **Burglar** (चोर)
- One who has narrow religious views - **Bigot** (हठधर्मी)
- A person who is fond of fighting - **Bellicose** (युद्धप्रिय)
- A person in his sixties - **Hexagenarian** (60 वर्ष से 69 वर्ष के बीच का व्यक्ति)
- A person in his seventies - **Septuagenarian** (70 वर्ष से 79 वर्ष के बीच का व्यक्ति)
- One who is a habitual drunkard - **Sot; Topper** (पियक्कड़, शराब पीने का आदी)
- A person who is blamed for something bad that somebody else has done - **Scapegoat** (बलि का बकरा)
- One who talks in sleep - **Somniloquent** (नींद में बोलने वाला)
- One who spends too much- **Spendthrift** (अतिव्ययी)
- One who is indifferent to pain or pleasure - **Stoic** (विरक्त)
- One who walks in his sleep - **Somnambulist** (निद्राचर)
- One who runs away from the class without permission - **Truant** (घुमक्कड़)
- One who abstains from alcoholic drinks - **Teetotaler** (मद्यहीनक)
- One who believes in the existence of God - **Theist** (आस्तिक)
- A tradesman who manages funerals - **Undertaker** (अंत्येष्टि का प्रबंध करने वाला)
- One extremely fond of one's wife - **Uxorious** (पत्नी प्रेमी)
- One who lends money at a very high rate, of interest - **Usurer** (सूदखोर)
- One skilled in the treatment of diseases of animals - **Veterinarian** (पशुचिकित्सक)
- One who is given to the sensual pleasures of body - **Voluptuary** (विलासी व्यक्ति)
- One who deals in wines - **Vintner** (शराब का निर्माता या सौदागर)
- A place where orphans are housed - **Orphanage** (अनाथालय)
- A place where fruit trees are grown - **Orchard** (फलों का बाग)
- A place where a lot of people go on holiday or vacation - **Resort** (आश्रय)
- A place where water is stored - **Reservoir** (कृत्रिम जलाशय या बांध)
- A brief summary of a book - **Synopsis** (सार-संक्षेप)
- Act of deceiving somebody in order to make money - **Fraud** (बेईमानी)
- Something possible and likely to be done - **Feasible** (जो संभव हो)
- Motion of head, hands etc. as a mode of expression indicating attitude - **Gesture** (अंगचालन द्वारा भावों की अभिव्यक्ति)
- Free or exempt from infection - **Immune** (रोगमुक्त, सुरक्षित)
- Soldiers on foot - **Infantry** (पैदल सैनिक)
- General view of a person's character - **Introduction** (परिचय)
- To supply land with water by artificial means - **Irrigate** (सींचना)
- A place of rest and recovery for the sick - **Sanatorium** (आरोग्यधाम)
- A place where leather is made - **Tannery** (चमड़े बनाने का स्थान)
- An imaginary place where everything is perfect - **Utopia** (आदर्श परन्तु अव्यवहारिक कल्पना)
- A place where grapes are grown - **Vineyard** (अंगूर की बेलों से भरा क्षेत्र, अंगूर उद्यान)
- A place where clothes are kept - **Wardrobe** (कपड़े रखने की अलमारी)
- That cannot be seen through - **Opaque** (अपारदर्शक)
- That cannot be practised - **Impracticable** (अव्यावहारिक)

- That cannot be imitated - **Inimitable** (जिसका अनुकरण न किया जा सके, जिसकी नकल न की जा सके)
- That cannot be dissolved - **Insoluble** (अघुलनशील)
- That cannot be divided - **Indivisible** (अविभाज्य)
- That cannot be harmed or defeated - **Invulnerable** (जिस पर आक्रमण न हो सके, बहुत मजबूत, अभेद्य, अजेय)
- That cannot be read - **Illegible** (अपठनीय)
- That is not to the point - **Irrelevant** (अप्रासंगिक)
- That cannot be changed - **Irrevocable** (अपरिवर्तनीय)
- That cannot be perceived by the senses - **Imperceptible** (अपव्यक्त, जो समझ से परे हो, बहुत थोड़ा)
- That cannot be repaired - **Irreparable** (जिसकी पूर्ति न की जा सके, मरम्मत के आयोग्य)
- The killing of one's parents-**Parricide** (माता-पिता की हत्या)
- The killing of one's father-**Patricide** (पितृ हत्या)
- The killing of king-**Regicide** (राजहत्या)
- The killing of oneself-**Suicide** (आत्महत्या)
- The killing of one's sister-**Sororicide** (बहन की हत्या)
- The killing of one's wife-**Uxoricide** (पत्नी की हत्या)
- Rule by the nobility-**Aristocracy** (भद्रजन शासन)
- Rule by new inexperienced Officials-**Neocracy** (नौसिखियों का शासन)
- Rule in the hands of a few-**Oligarchy** (सामंतशाही)
- Rule by wealthy people-**Plutocracy** (धनिकतंत्र)
- Too much official formality-**RedTapiism** (लाल फीताशाही)
- A state without government-**Anarchy** (अराजकता, राजनैतिक अव्यवस्था)
- Rule by departments of states-**Bureaucracy** (नौकरशाही)
- Succession of Rulers belonging to one family-**Dynasty** (राजवंश)
- Rule by absolute monarch -**Endarchy, Autarchy** (एकछत्र राज्य)
- Rule by Old men-**Gerontocracy** (वृद्ध लोगों का शासन)
- Rule by women-**Gynaecocracy** (महिलाओं का शासन)
- Government by a king-**Monarchy** (राजतंत्र)
- A plane figure with many angles and sides-**Polygon** (बहुभुज)
- A short, simple story designed to teach a moral or religious lesson-**Parable** (नीति कथा)
- An introduction to a long poem, a play-**Prologue** (प्रस्तावना)
- A remedy for all kinds of diseases-**Panacea** (सर्वरोग नाशक औषधि)
- Property inherited from one's father or ancestors-**Patrimony** (पैतृक सम्पत्ति)
- An examination of a dead body-**Postmortem** (शव परीक्षण)
- An imaginary name assumed by an author for disguise-**Pseudonym** (छद्म नाम)
- That occurs time after time-**Perennial** (स्थायी)
- That happens every four years-**Quadrennial** (प्रत्येक चार वर्ष पर होने वाला)
- Give tit for -**Retaliate** (प्रतिकार करना)
- Money paid to his labour -**Remuneration** (पारिश्रमिक)
- Things related to the sun-**Solar** (सूर्य से संबंधित)
- An instrument for listening to the activities of the heart and lungs-**Stethoscope** (आला)
- The act of speaking aloud one's thoughts when alone-**Soliloquy** (अकेले में अपने विचार जोर से प्रकट करना)
- The act of violating sanctity of the church-**Sacrilege** (धर्म का उल्लंघन)
- An office that has no work but high salary-**Sinecure** (कार्य भार रहित पद)
- A state that is impartial to all religions - **Secular** (धर्म निरपेक्ष)
- Rule by divine guidance or church authorities-**Theocracy** (धर्म पर आधारित शासन)
- A system of government in which only one party is allowed to function -**Totalitarianism** (एक दलीय तंत्रवादी)
- The study of sun, moon, stars, planets, etc.-**Astronom** (खगोल विज्ञान)
- The study of mankind especially of its origin, development, customs and beliefs -**Anthropology** (मानव विज्ञान)
- The study of pre-historic remains - **Archaeology** (प्राचीन वस्तुओं का अध्ययन)
- The study of plants - **Botany** (वनस्पति विज्ञान)
- The art of making pots, bricks etc. with clay - **Ceramics** (मिट्टी के बर्तन बनाने की कला)
- The art of beautiful handwriting - **Calligraphy** (सुलेख लिखने की कला)

- The art of map drawing - **Cartography** (मानचित्र बनाने की कला)
- The study of colours - **Chromatics** (रंगों का अध्ययन)
- The study of the origin and history of words- **Etymology** (शब्दों की उत्पत्ति का अध्ययन)
- The study of races of mankind - **Ethnology** (मानव जातियों का अध्ययन)
- The study of insects - **Entomology** (कीट विज्ञान)
- The art of painting on a plaster surface - **Fresco** (भित्ति चित्र)
- The study of Rocks and soils - **Geology** (भूविज्ञान)
- The study of weather forecast - **Meteorology** (मौसम विज्ञान)
- The study of mountains - **Oralogy** (पर्वत विज्ञान)
- The study and treatment of cancer in the body- **Oncology** (कैंसर का अध्ययन)
- The study of Birds-**Ornithology** (पक्षी विज्ञान)
- The study of developmental: languages-**Philology** (भाषा विज्ञान)
- The study of ancient writing-**Paleography** (प्राचीन विज्ञान)
- The study of human face - **Physionomy** (मुख विज्ञान)
- The art of making fireworks - **Pyrotechnics** (पटाखे बनाने की कला)
- The study of earthquakes - **Seismology** (भूकम्प विज्ञान)
- The study of physical features of a place through map or chart-**Topography** (मानचित्रण)
- The study of Diseases-**Pathology** (रोग विज्ञान)
- The study of Animals-**Zoology** (जन्तु विज्ञान)
- The scientific study of virus and the diseases caused by them-**Virology** (वायरस रोग विज्ञान)
- Animals that live in water-**Aquatic** (जलचर)
- A story in which ideas are symbolized as people- **Allegory** (दृष्टान्त कथा)
- Allowance given to a wife on legal separation from her husband-**Alimony** (गुजाराभत्ता)
- A medicine to counteract the effect of poison- **Antidote** (विषरोधक)
- A substance that destroys germs-**Antiseptic** (रोगाणु रोधक)
- A medicine which produces insensitivity- **Anaesthetic** (निश्चेतक)
- A work whose write is unknown-**Anonymous** (गुमनाम)
- Animals that live both on land and in water- **Amphibians** (उभयचर)
- The life history of a man written by himself-**Autobiography** (आत्मकथा)
- A collection of flags-**Vexillology** (झंडी से संबंधित)
- Land that does not grow anything-**Barren** (बंजर)
- That happens every two years-**Biennial** (द्विवार्षिकी)
- The life history of a man written by someone else- **Biography** (जीवनी)
- The act of speaking disrespectfully about sacred things-**Blasphemy** (ईश्वर अथवा धर्म की निन्दा)
- Countries engaged in war-**Belligerent** (युद्धरत राष्ट्र)
- A group of sailors working on a ship-**Crew** (नाविक दल)
- A disease that can be spread by touch-**Contagious** (संक्रामक)
- A long, complicated way of expressing something -**Celibacy** (ब्रह्मचार्य)
- A number of stars grouped together - **Constellation** (कोई भी तारामंडल)
- A round about way of expression, nol direct- **Circumlocution** (घुमा-फिराकर)
- Having a tendency to break the law to do socially unacceptable things - **Delinquent** (अपराधी)
- A talk between two groups or countries - **Dialogue** (संवाद)
- An inscription on a tomb - **Epitaph** (समाधि लेख)
- A disease that spreads over a large area - **Epidemic** (महामारी)
- A disease that is found regularly in a particular place - **Endemic** (स्थानीय बिमारी)
- A speech delivered without any previous preparation - **Extempore** (बिना पूर्व तैयारी के बोला गया कथन)
- A speech made at the end of a play - **Epilogue** (नाटक का उपसंहार)
- Article sold by one Country to another - **Export** (निर्यात)
- A group of ships - **Fleet** (जहाजों का जत्था)
- A group of sheep - **Flock** (भेंड़ों का झुण्ड)
- A short story in which animals or objects speak a story that gives moral lesson-**Fable**(दंत कथा)
- A disease that may cause death -**Fatal** (प्राणघातक बिमारी)

- Land that grows things in abundance - **Fertile** (उपजाऊ)
- Birds or animals that live in flocks or groups-**Gregarious** (झुंड में रहने वाले)
- Service for which no salary is paid-**Honorary** (बगैर वेतन आदि के)
- A cluster of houses in a village-**Hamlet** (छोटा गाँव)
- Article bought by one country from another-**Import** (आयात)
- A disease caused by bacteria and passed from one person to another-**Infectious** (संक्रामक रोग)
- The worship of idols or images-**Idolatry** (मूर्ति पूजा)
- That can be easily set on fire-**Inflammable** (ज्वलनशील)
- That is must to do-**Indispensable** (अनिवार्य)
- Things Related to the moon-**Lunar** (चन्द्रमा से संबंधित)
- An old story about great events and people in ancient times, which may not be true-**Legend** (पौराणिक कथा)
- The first venture of a person-**Maiden Speech** (किसी व्यक्ति का प्रथम भाषण)
- Animals that give milk and suckle their young ones-**Mammals** (स्तनधारी)
- A long speech for a single actor or actress usually alone on a stage-**Monologue** (एकालाप)
- A structure erected in remembrance of a person-**Monument** (स्मारक)
- Matter written by hand-**Manuscript** (पाण्डुलिपि)
- A medicine that induces sleep-**Narcotic** (मूर्च्छाकार)
- To be able to tell the nature of disease by its symptoms-**Diagnose** (रोग का पहचान कर निदान करना)
- The abandonment of one's country or cause-**Desertion** (देश त्याग)
- Of very bad morals, characterised by debasement or degeneration-**Depraved** (दुराचारी)
- Bitter and violent attack in words-**Diatribes** (कटु निंदा)
- Absence of rain for a long time-**Drought** (सूखा)
- A book of names and addresses-**Directory** (नाम और पते वाली पुस्तक)
- Irresistible craving for alcoholic drinks - **Dipsomania** (शराब की लत)
- A mild or indirect expression substituted for an offensive or harsh one - **Euphemism** (कठोर शब्दों के स्थान पर मधुर शब्दों का प्रयोग)
- To banish from one's country - **Expatriate** (प्रवासी)
- Anything that is no longer in use-**Obsolete** (अप्रचलित)
- That happens every half year-**Half yearly** (प्रत्येक छह माह में होने वाला)
- That happens once in three years-**Triennial** (प्रत्येक तीन वर्ष में होने वाला)
- That can be seen through-**Transparent** (पारदर्शी)
- All of one mind or opinion-**Unanimous** (सर्वसम्मत)
- To reduce to nothing-**Annihilate** (पूर्ण विनाश कर देना)
- A general pardon of offenders-**Amnesty** (क्षमादान)
- A statement open to more than one interpretation-**Ambiguous** (अनेक अर्थों वाली)
- A collection of poems-**Anthology** (पद्य का संकलन)
- Increase the gravity of an offence-**Aggravate** (अधिक गंभीर बना देना)
- An agreement belligerents to stop fighting-**Armistice, Truce, Ceasefire** (युद्ध विराम हेतु समझौता)
- A place where naval or military weapons are made and stored- **Arsenal**. (शस्त्रागार)
- The act of giving up sovereign power-**Abdicate** (पद अथवा सिंहासन का त्याग)
- To cut off a person's part of body which is infected-**Amputate** (अंग-विच्छेद करना)
- A medicine which alleviates pain-**Anodyne, Painkiller, Aspirin** (दर्दनाशक दवा)
- Want or lack of blood-**Anaemia** (शरीर में रक्त की कमी)
- Shells, bombs, etc. in military stores-**Ammunition** (गोला बारूद आदि)
- Commencement of adjacent words with the same letter-**Alliteration** (अनुप्रास अलंकार)
- Hard to understand-**Abstruse** (जटिल)
- A broad road bordered with trees-**Boulevard** (पेंडो से दोनो तरफ से घिरी सड़क)
- To surround a place with the intention of capturing it- **Besiege** (घेरा डालना)
- A group of people who get together to work for some cause of common interest-**Coterie** (समाज के चुने हुए लोगों का संघ)
- A number of hired applauders, i.e., persons paid to clap - **Claque** (किराये के प्रशंसक)

- A number of merchant ships protected by warships in war-time) - **Convoy** (सरंक्षण के अंतर्गत जाने वाले जहाजों का समूह)
- Ready to believe anything - **Credulous** (सहज विश्वासी)
- Soldiers on horses - **Cavalry** (घुड़सवार फौज)
- Smuggled goods - **Contraband** (विधि निषिद्ध सामान)
- The dead body of an animal - **Carcass** (मृत जानवर का शरीर)
- Living together of a man and woman without being married to each other-**Concubine** (रखैल)
- A group of people at church-**Congregation** (भक्त जनों का समुदाय)
- Cautious observation of events, etc.-**Circumspection** (सावधानी)
- A list of books in a library-**Catalogue, bibliography** (सूचीपत्र)
- The heading or short description of a newspaper article, chapter of a book etc.-**Caption** (किसी लेख का शीर्षक)
- A wall built to prevent the sea or a river from flooding an area-**Dyke** (बाढ़ से बचने के लिए बनाई गई दीवार)
- That which lasts for a short time - **transitory** (अल्प समय का)
- Existing only in name but lacking in real power or authority- **Titular, Nominal** (केवल नाम मात्र का)
- A wide, straight road with trees on both sides, especially one leading to a big house - **Avenue** (एवेन्यू)
- A perfect example of something-**Epitome** (प्रतीक)
- A written declaration made as an oath - **Affidavit** (शपथ)
- An unprovoked attack by someone- **Aggression** (आक्रमण)
- A tall, strong, masculine kind of woman - **Amazon** (वीरांगना)
- An embarrassing mistake-**A faux pas** (एक शर्मिन्दागीपूर्ण गलती)
- To remove the offensive portions of a book - **Expurgate** (आपत्ति जनक बातों को हटाकर संशोधन करना)
- A body of persons appointed to hear evidence and give their verdict in trials - **Jury** (न्याय समिति)
- To throw or drop unnecessary goods fuel from a ship, an aircraft etc-**Jettison** (जहाज से फेंक देना)
- Placing a thing beside another-**Juxtapose** (किसी वस्तु के बगल में दूसरी वस्तु रखना)
- A book of accounts showing debit and credit- **Ledger** (बहीखाता)
- Tough tissues in joints-**Ligaments** (स्नायु)
- Customs and habits of a particular group-**Mores** (रीति रिवाज)
- Body of a human being or animal embalmed for burial - **Mummy** (रसायनों के द्वारा संभालकर रखा गया शव)
- To move from one country to another-**Migrate** (एक स्थान से दूसरे स्थान पर जाना)
- Animals which carry their young ones in a pouch, e.g. kangaroo-**Marsupials** (बच्चे को रखने की थैली से युक्त स्तनधारी पशु)
- A written account of the interesting and memorable experiences of one's life-**Memoirs** (विवरण)
- Subtle difference in colour, meaning etc.-**Nuance** (रंग अथवा अर्थ में बारीक अंतर)
- Flat metal or porcelain plate fixed on a wall as an ornament or memorial-**Plaque** (पट्टिका)
- Treatment by means of exercise and massage- **Physiotherapy** (प्राकृतिक चिकित्सा प्रणाली)
- To be biased against-**Prejudiced** (पूर्वाग्रह)
- Constant efforts to achieve something- **Perseverance** (निरंतर उद्यम)
- Wild and noisy disorder-**Pandemonium** (हुल्लड़)
- The first model of a new device-**Protoiype** (मूल प्रति)
- A behaviour showing lack of regard for things holy or sacred-**Profanity** (ईश्वर या धर्म निंदा के शब्द)
- Any creature with four feet-**Quadruped** (चौपाया)
- To send back a person to his own country- **Repatriate** (कैदी या शरणार्थी का अपने देशको वापस लौटाना)
- To make an examination or preliminary survey of enemy territory for military purpose-**Reconnoitre** (सैनिक पर्यवेक्षण करना)
- An act of gathering information about enemy territory for military purposes-**Reconnaissance** (शत्रु के ठिकानों आदि का पता लगाने को, छानबीन)
- To cut something into pieces - **Sever** (छोटे-छोटे टुकड़ों में विभाजित करना)
- Done secretly so as not to attract attention - **Stealthily** (गुप्त)

- A constant watch kept over someone's activity - **Surveillance** (संदिग्ध व्यक्ति की) निगरानी
- Something that is poisonous or unhealthy- **Toxic** (विषैला)
- A legal defence by which an accused person tries to show-that he was somewhere else when the crime was committed-**Alibi** (अपराधी का यह कहना कि वह घटना स्थल पर नहीं था)
- The scientific study of sound-**Acoustics** (ध्वनि विज्ञान)
- A group of girls-**Bevy** (लड़कियों का झुंड)
- A bunch of flowers- **Bouquet** (गुलदस्ता)
- A camp in the open air without tents or covering - **Bivouac** (पड़ाव डालना)
- A woman with hair that is pale gold in colour- **Blonde** (गोरी औरत)
- A white skinned woman with dark brown hair- **Brunette** (साँवली औरत)
- A noisy speech intended to excite passions - **Harangue** (उग्र भाषण)
- An exaggerated statement - **Hyperbole** (बढ़ा-चढ़ा कर कही हुई बात)
- Fear of water - **Hydrophobia** (पानी का डर)
- Fear of blood- **Haematophobia** (खून का डर)
- A persistent anxiety about one's health, Usually involving imagined symptoms of illness- **Hypochondria** (अपने स्वास्थ्य के प्रति जरूरत से अधिक चिंचित)
- Love that is not legal - **Illicit** (अवैध)
- A plan for the route to be followed on a journey - **Itinerary** (यात्रा का मार्ग)
- During the period of time between two events - **In the Interim** (बीच का समय)
- An account in the newspaper of the funeral of one deceased - **Obituary** (समाचार पत्र में प्रकाशित संक्षिप्त जीवन चरित्र सहित मृत्यु समाचार)
- Fear of Snakes - **Ophidiophobia** (साँपों का भय)
- Belief of God in Nature - **Pantheism** (प्रकृति में भगवान पर विश्वास)
- That which can be carried - **Portable** (वहनीय)
- A language of a special group - **Patois** (विशेष समूह की भाषा)
- That which can be drunk-**Potable** (पीने योग्य)
- Permission that is given to a prisoner to leave prison before the end of their sentence on condition that they behave well-**Parole** (कैद की अवधि से पूर्व सशर्त छुटकारा)
- An animal with two feet-**Biped** (दो पैरों वाला जानवर)
- Fear of depths- **Bathophobia** (गहरी चीजों का डर)
- Dead and decaying flesh (especially of animals) - **Carrion** (मृतक जानवर का सड़ा मांस)
- A monument set up for persons who are buried else where - **Cenotaph** (शून्य स्मारक - शव कहीं और दफनाया गया है)
- A disease existing from birth- **Congenital** (जन्मजात बीमारी)
- The fear of being in a small enclosed place - **Claustrophobia** (बंद जगह का भय)
- The most capable part of a group, town or place - **Elite** (विशिष्ट वर्ग)
- Paradise or a place where one gets supreme delight and bliss- **Elysian** (ऐसा स्थान जहाँ अपार सुख प्राप्त हो)
- A state of perfect balance - **Equilibrium** (पूर्ण संतुलन की स्थिति)
- A poem of mourning - **Elegy** (शोकगीत)
- A book containing information on all the branches of knowledge- **Encyclopaedia** (विश्वकोष)
- The plants and vegetation of a region - **Flora** (क्षेत्र विशेष की वनस्पति)
- The animals of a certain region - **Fauna** (क्षेत्र विशेष के पशु)
- Something very brightly colourful - **Flamboyant** (भड़कीला)
- That cannot be extinguished - **Inextinguishable** (जिसकी तृप्ति न की जा सके, जो बुझाया न जा सके)
- The doctor who specializes in treating persons with bone displacement - **Chiropractor** (अस्थि-शल्य, चिकित्सा विशेषज्ञ)
- The specialist who treats the diseases of your baby - **paediatrician** (शिशु रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The doctor who specializes in detecting the nature and origin of diseases - **Pathologist** (रोग विज्ञानी)
- The doctor who specializes in feet ailments - **Podiatrist, Chiropodist** (पैर से सम्बन्धित रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The doctor who specializes in treating persons with mental aberration - **Psychiatrist** (मानसिक रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The specialist who studies and explains human behaviour - **Psychologist** (मनोवैज्ञानिक)
- The doctor who specializes in nose diseases - **Rhinologist** (नाक से सम्बन्धित रोग का विशेषज्ञ)

- One who stuffs the skins of animals - **Taxidermist** (जानवरों की खाल में भूसा भर कर देखने में सजीव जैसा बनाने वाला)
- A dentist who treats problems concerning the position of the teeth and jaws - **Orthodontist** (दन्त रोग विशेषज्ञ)
- The killing of dogs - **Canicide** (कुत्तों की हत्या)
- The killing of one's brother - **Fatricide** (भाई की हत्या)
- The killing of one's children - **Filicide** (बच्चों की हत्या)
- An animal living on grass - **Graminivorous** (घास पर जीवित रहने वाला पशु)
- Language that has been very much used - **Hackneyed** (घिसा-पिटा)
- A house which is visited by ghosts - **Haunted** (भूतों से भरा हुआ)
- Ordinary or common place remark - **Platitude** (घिसी-पीटी)
- Very exact in the observance of forms, etiquette, ceremony or behaviour - **Punctilious** (शिष्टाचार या कर्तव्य की बारीकियों का ध्यान रखने वाला)
- Fear of fire - **Pyrophobia** (आग का भय)
- Fear of ghosts - **Phasmophobia** (भूतों का भय)
- The tendency to postpone things for future - **Procrastination** (टाल-मटोल)
- Military waking signal sounded in the morning - **Reveille** (सैनिकों को उठाने के लिए प्रयुक्त ध्वनि)
- Exact copy of a work of art - **Replica** (प्रतिरूप)
- An occasion when all the people of a country can vote on an important issue - **Referendum** (जनमत)
- A person's last utterance - **Swan song** (अंतिम कृति)
- Pertaining to clothes or a tailor - **Sartorial** (पहनावे या दर्जी का)
- Causing or tending to cause sleep - **Soporific** (निद्रा दिलाने वाला पदार्थ)
- Set in the past and full of action, adventure, fighting with swords, etc. - **Swashbuckler** (लापरवाह डींग हाकने वाला व्यक्ति)
- An act against the government - **Sedition** (राजद्रोह)
- To spend life without purpose and initiative - **Vegetate** (निष्क्रिय जीवन बिताना)
- Destroying works of art - **Vandalism** (कला का नाश)
- An evening prayer in a church - **Vespers** (गिरजाघर में सायंकाल की प्रार्थना)
- An inordinate attachment of foreign things - **Xenomania** (विदेशी लोगों, वस्तुओं के प्रति विशेष प्रेम)
- A dogmatic person - **Zealot** (कट्टरपंथी)
- A person, country etc. that attacks first - **Aggressor** (आक्रमणकारी)
- A medical condition in which a person partly or completely loses his memory - **Amnesia** (याददाश्त का कम या समाप्त हो जाना)
- To address what you are saying to a particular person - **Apostrophize** (निवेदन करना, संबोधन करना, संबोधित करना)
- Total loss of voice - **Aphonia** (पूरी तरह आवाज छो देना)
- Mixture of metals, especially when an inferior metal is mixed with one of richer value - **Alloy** (धातुओं की मिलावट मिश्रण)
- Soil washed down and carried away by rivers - **Alluvium** (नदी या बाढ़ द्वारा छोड़ी हुई मिट्टी)
- Fainting or death due to being deprived of air - **Asphyxia** (दम घुटना, सांस रूकने से बेहोशी)
- A medical condition in which a person loses the ability to understand or produce speech because of brain damage - **Aphasia** (बोली बंद हो जाना, वाचाघात)
- A large branch of a tree - **Bough** (किसी पेड़ की बड़ी शाखा)
- Town or a part of a town that has its own local government - **Borough** (उपनगर)
- Short sword fixed on to the end of a gun - **Bayonet** (संगीन)
- To cut off from all social and commercial intercourse - **Boycott** (बहिष्कार करना)
- Liable to be easily broken - **Brittle** (भंगुर, सख्त परंतु सरलता से टूट जाने वाला)
- A person who is given to coarse or undignified joking - **Buffoon** (मसखरा, भाँड)
- A funny drawing or picture of some person that exaggerates some of their features - **Caricature** (व्यंग्य चित्र)
- Having too much pride in yourself - **Conceited** (घमण्डी, अहंकारी)
- Of the sky or of heaven - **Celestial** (दैवीय, स्वर्गीय)
- A young male horse up to the age of four or five years - **Colt** (बछड़ा, अनाड़ी, नौसिखिया)
- The killed or wounded in battle, in an accident, etc. - **Casualties** (मृतक)

- The process of officially counting something especially a country's population and recording various facts - **Census** (जनगणना)
- Insect with many legs - **Centipede** (कई पैरों तथा जोड़ों वाला एक विषैला कीड़ा, कनखजूरा)
- A person who introduces the performers speakers etc. - **Compere, Emcee** (उद्घोषक)
- A song sung at a burial or for a dead person - **Dirge** (अंतिम-संस्कार के समय गाया जाने वाला शोक गीत, गम का तराना)
- The state of being miserable, bereft of all possession or without money, food and other necessary things for life - **Destitute** (दीनहीन)
- (Trees) which lose their leaves annually. - **Deciduous** (पतझड़)
- Extreme old age when a person behaves like a child - **Dotage** (वृद्धावस्था के कारण दिमागी कमजोरी)
- The study of the relation of plants and living creatures to each other and to their environment - **Ecology** (जीवन विज्ञान की एक शाखा जिसका संबंध जीवधारियों का अपने वातावरण से संबंधित आदतों से है।)
- The study of a young animal, plant or any creature in the very early stages of development before birth - **Embryology** (भ्रूण विज्ञान)
- Providing a good example for people to copy - **Exemplary** (जिससे दूसरों को चेतावनी मिले)
- Art of effective Speaking or oral reading - **Elocution** (भाषण देने की कला)
- To run away with a lover in order to get married secretly - **Elope** (किसी प्रेमी के साथ चुपके से भाग जाना)
- Speech or writing that is intended to influence people, but that is not completely honest or sincere. - **Rhetoric** (वाक्पटुता, प्रभावी रूप से भाषा प्रयोग करने की क्षमता)
- Noisy, abusive, scolding woman - **Termagant** (कलहप्रिय नारी, कर्कश स्त्री)
- A bride's outfit - **Trouseau** (दुल्हन के वस्त्राभूषण)
- A will, the document in which a man expresses his wishes regarding the disposal of his property after his death - **Testament** (वसीयत)
- The person who goes beyond the limit of what is morally or legally acceptable - **Transgressor** (अतिक्रमणकारी)
- Writing or speech in praise of a person - **Encomium (or Eulogy)** - (गुणगान, प्रशंसा, प्रशस्ति, अतिशयोक्ति)
- Mental weariness from lack of occupation or interest - **Ennui** (उचाट, विमनता)
- Of double meaning, ambiguous - **Equivocal** (अनेकार्थक)
- Act or practice of spying - **Espionage** (जासूसी, गुप्तचरों का प्रयोग)
- To free a person of all blame in a matter - **Exonerate** (दोषमुक्त करना, बरी करना)
- To pay the penalty of; to make amends for - **Expiate** (पश्चाताप करना, प्रायश्चित्त करना)
- The gradual development of something - **Evolution** (विकास की प्रक्रिया)
- An infectious disease spreading over a large area at a particular time but not permanently prevalent there. - **Epidemic** (महामारी)
- Clear and easy to understand - **Explicit** (निश्चित, स्पष्ट)
- A female sheep - **Ewe** (मादा भेड़)
- A long, serious letter on an important subject - **Epistle** (पत्र)
- Goods found floating after a shipwreck - **Flotsam** (जहाज नष्ट होने के पश्चात् पानी पर तैरता हुआ सामान)
- Making of a false document with a false signature - **Forgery** (कूट रचना, छद्म साहित्य)
- That can be easily broken - **Fragile** (भंगुर, नाजुक, आसानी से टूटने वाला)
- Feeding on fruit - **Frugivorous** (फलाहारी)
- Seeming very impressive but too large, complicated. expensive to be practical or possible - **Grandiose** (विशाल और रमणीय)
- To make expressive gestures or motions, while speaking - **Gesticulate** (बोलते समय हाव-भाव व्यक्त करना)
- Needing a lot of strength, determination and effort - **Herculean** (अति दुष्कर, अत्यंत बलवान, विशालकाय)
- A medical condition in which a person experiences violent or extreme emotions that they cannot control - **Hysteria** (उन्माद)
- A young cow that has not yet had a calf - **Heifer** (बछिया)
- Too bad to be corrected, improved or saved - **Irredeemable** (नोट जिनके बदले में सरकार सिक्के देने का उत्तर दायित्व नहीं लेती)
- List of goods despatched with quantity and price to the purchaser - **Invoice** (बीजक में माल व सेवाओं का ब्यौरा)
- Liable to be made angry - **Irascible** (गुस्सैल)

- Goods thrown overboard in order to make a ship lighter- **Jetsam** (जहाज को हल्का करने के लिए लदे समान को फेंका जाना)
- Done without preparation or planning - **Impromptu** (तात्कालिक)
- A short journey for pleasure - **Jaunt** (मनोरंजन हेतु की जाने वाली लघु यात्रा)
- The sound of a funeral bell- **Knell** (मृत्यु या अंत के समय बजाई जाने वाली घंटी)
- Behaviour that is too confident and shows a lack of respect for other people - **Presumption** (धृष्टता, अहंकार)
- A something or someone that makes people laugh - **Jocular** (विनोदी, मजाकिया)
- A lightly constructed open booth generally used as a news stand - **Kiosk** (स्टॉल)
- The property left to someone by a will - **Legacy** (विरासत)
- The attitudes and behaviour of people who admires people in the higher social classes too much and has no respect for people in the lower social class.- **Snobbery** (अमीरों की बड़ाई व गरीबों की निंदा करने का समय)
- Declaration of plans and pron}fse:p.ut .forward by a candidate for election or by a political party or by a sovereign-**Manifesto** (राजनैतिक दल द्वारा अपने उद्देश्य के कार्य कलापों का उल्लेख)
- Very important or serious-**Momentous** (महत्वपूर्ण, गंभीर)
- Situated or found near the sea-**Maritime** (समुद्री)
- Afternoon theatrical or musical performance- **Matinee** (दोपहर का खेल, नाटक, मनोरंजन आदि)
- One who goes from place to place begging alms- **Mendicant** (भिखारी)
- One who imitates the voice, gestures, etc. of another - **Mimic** (नकलची)
- Picture or pattern produced by putting together small pieces of coloured glass, marble or stone - **Mosaic** (पच्चाकारी, चित्रकारी)
- Most essential part - **Quintessence** (वस्तु का सार, शुद्धतम सार)
- Directions for preparing certain dish, etc. - **Recipe** (नुस्खा खाना बनाने की तरकीब, योग)
- Tit for fat in Words - **Retort** (प्रत्युत्तर)
- List showing the order in which a number of persons have certain duties - **Roster** (बारी-बारी से काम करने वालों तथा उनके कामों की सूची)
- Cud-chewing animal, e.g., the cow - **Ruminant** (जुगाली करने वाला जानवर)
- An attitude of doubting that claims are true - **Scepticism** (संदेह, धार्मिक अविश्वास, संदेहवाद)
- A person who usually doubts that claims are true- **Sceptic** (धर्म में विश्वास न रखने वाला, संदेही)
- To perform a religious ceremony, especially a marriage - **Solemnise** (संस्कार करवाना)
- A disease that lasts for a long time and is difficult to cure - **Chronic** (आदी, पक्का, काफी समय से)
- Connected with the real physical world, not spiritual matters. - **Temporal** (भौतिकतावादी)
- One who does not behave in a reasonable, calm way because of worry.- **Neurotic** (मानसिक तनाव से ग्रसित)
- That is active at night- **Nocturnal** (रात्रिचर, निशाचर)
- To run away with somebody in order to marry them secretly-**Elope** (किसी के संग भाग जाना)
- That is legally given to one's child when one dies - **Hereditary** (पुरतैनी, पैतृक)
- The scientific study of the ways in which different characteristics are passed from each generation of living things to the next.- **Genetics** (उत्पत्ति विषयक विज्ञान)
- The beginning or origin of something - **Genesis** (उद्भव)
- The money, property, etc. that a person receives from somebody when he dies. - **Inheritance** (उत्तराधिकार, विरासत)
- That can not be stopped or changed- **Inexorable** (अक्षम्य)
- Very small in size or amount - **Minimal** (अल्प, सूक्ष्म)
- An official right to be the only person to make, use or sell a product or an invention - **Patent** (एकस्व पत्र, अधिकार पत्र)
- The custom of having more than one husband at the same time - **Polyandry** (बहुपति प्रथा)
- Immoral behaviour involving sex, alcohol, or drugs - **Debauchery** (व्यभिचार)
- Cast-Off skin of a snake- **Slough** (सांप की केचुली)
- The intelligent and educated group or class of a society or country - **Intelligentsia** (बुद्धि जीवी वर्ग)
- An odd, a typical or eccentric trait - **Idiosyncrasy** (असामान्य व्यवहार, सनक)
- A political movement that believes in an economic system in which the state controls the means of producing everthing on behalf of the people. It aims

- at creating a society in which everyone is treated equally - **Communism** (साम्यवाद)
- A political and economic system that believes that everyone has equal right to a share of country's wealth and that government should own and control the main industries- **Socialism** (समाजवाद)
 - A rulling system in whcih a person with great power rules and uses his power in a cruel way - **Despotism** (निरंकुशता)
 - Matching something in size, importance and quality, etc. - **Commensurate** (सुमेल)
 - To remind people of an important person or event from the past with a special actions object - **Commemorate** (संस्मरण करना)
 - To show somebody sympathy when they are upset or disappointed about something - **Commiserate** (सहानुभूति प्रकट करना)
 - A country or social system where people get power or money on the basis of the ability.-**Meritocracy** (बुद्धिजीवी तंत्र)
 - The combination of several different patterns of musical notes sung together to form a single piece of music.- **Polyphony** (विविध स्वर संगति)
 - A substance that you put on your face or body to make it more attractive-**Cosmetics**(श्रृंगार का सामान)
 - A mountain with a large opening at the top through which gases and lava are forced out into the air.- **Volcano** (ज्वालामुखी)
 - A violent storm with very strong winds, especially in the western atlantic ocean.-**Hurricane** (चक्रवात)
 - A small waterfall, especially one of several falling down a steep slope with rocks - **Cascade** (जलप्रपात, पहाड़ी सोता)
 - A written attack using humour to provoke contempt - **Lampoon** (कटाच्छ)
 - A false written statement to damage a person's repute- **Libel** (लिखित दोषारोपण)
 - Exclusive possession orl-tjo.n.tr.ol of anyone - **Monopoly** (एकाधिकार)
 - The state of being naked - **Nudist** (नग्न रहने वाला)
 - Fear of darkness - **Nyctophobia** (अंधेरे का भय)
 - A long wandering journey - **Odyssey** (लंबी साहसिक यात्रा)
 - A building where jews meet for religious worship and teaching.- **Synagogue** (धार्मिक विषयों पर व्याख्यान की सुविधा वाला, यहूदियों का पूजा स्थल)
 - The belief that God is present in all natural things or The belief in many or all Gods or Belief that
- Goc and that everything is God - **Pantheism** (सर्वेश्वरवादी)
- An extra message that you add at the end of a letter after your signature - **Postscript** (पत्र हस्ताक्षर होने के बाद लिखा गया संदेश, पुनश्च)
 - A short piece of music especially an introduction to a longerons - **Prelude** (प्रस्तावना, भूमिका)
 - Connected with the period after the birth of a child - **Postnatal** (जन्मोत्तर, प्रसवोत्तर)
 - Take off skin or bark - **Peel** (छिलका या छाल उतारना)
 - One who pretends to have a great deal of knowledge - **Wiseacre** (ज्ञानदम्भी)
 - The study of the diseases caused by infection - **Zymotogy** (संक्रमण से होने वाले रोगों का अध्ययन)
 - A stage, specially at one end of a room on which people stand to make speeches to an audience - **Dais** (मंच)
 - To feel and show shadness because somebody has died - **Mourn** (विलाप करना)
 - Very important for the final result of particular situation - **Decisive** (निर्णायक)
 - Independent or separate of other things of the some type - **Discrete** (जुदा, अलग)
 - Careful in what you say or do, in order to keep something secret or to avoid causing embarrassment or difficulty for somebody - **Discreet** (समझदार)
 - A structure made for bees to live in - **Hive** (अप्राकृतिक छत्ता)
 - One who believes that people should obey authority and rules, even when these are unfair, and even if it means that they lose then personal freedom - **Authoritarian** (तानाशाह)
 - System of government in which the invidual states of a country have control over their own affairs, but are controlled by a central government for national decisions, etc.- **Federalism** (संघीय व्यवस्था)
 - Official agreement to or approval of something - **Assent** (स्वीकृति)
 - To change something in order to make it suitable for a new use on situation - **adapt** (ढालना)
 - To succeed in finding the meaning of something of that is difficult to read or understand - **Decipher** (अर्थ निकालना)
 - To feel and express strong disapproval of something - **Deprecate** (भर्त्सना करना)
 - A silly or annoying person - **Twit** (मूर्ख)
 - The short high sound made by a small bird - **Tweet** (चहचहाना)

- A sudden quick movement in the body that you sometimes can not control - **Twitch** (मांसपेशी में ऐंठन)
- A type of thick rough cloth made of wool that has small spots of different coloured thread in it - **Tweed** (एक प्रकार का ऊनी कपड़ा)
- A religious system of thought that tried to know God by means of meditation prayer etc. - **Theosophy** (ब्रह्म, विद्या, योग विद्या)
- The belief that knowledge of God and of real truth can be found through prayer and meditation rather than through reason and the senses - **Mysticism** (रहस्यवाद, छायावाद)
- The state of remaining unknown to most other people - **Anonymity** (गुमनामी)
- A very old word or phrase that is no longer used - **Archaism** (प्राचीन शब्द अथवा अभिव्यंजना)
- A clever and amusing remark - **Witticism** (चुटकुला, लतीफा)
- A person, a custom or an idea that seems old-fashioned and does not belong to the present - **Anachronism** (कालदोष)
- Words having the same spelling but difficult meanings - **Homographs** (समान वर्तनी वाले शब्द जिनके अर्थ भिन्न हो)
- A word that is pronounced like another word but has a different spelling or meaning - **Homophone** (समान उच्चारण पर भिन्न अर्थ वाले शब्द)
- A person suffering from a serious mental illness that causes them to behave in a violent way towards other people - **Psychopath** (मनोरोगी, मनोविकृत)
- Giving unfair advantages to your own family if you are in a position of power, especially by giving them jobs - **Nepotism** (भाई-भतीजावाद)
- To stick firmly to something - **Adhere** (टिका रहना, डटा रहना)
 - (i) The front of a building (भवन के सामने का भाग)
 - (ii) An appearance of somebody or something that is not real - **Facade** (ऊपरी दिखावा)
- The structure of bones that supports the body of a person or an animal. - **Skeleton** (कंकाल)
 - (i) A mistake in the use of language in speech or writing. **शुद्धि** (लिखने या बोलने में)
 - (ii) An example of bad manners or unacceptable behaviour. - **Solecism** (त्रुटि या अभद्रता)
- Extremely excited and happy - **Delirious** (उत्साही, अतिप्रसन्न)
- One who is unable to pay one's debt. - **Insolvent** (कंगाल, दिवाला)
- Talking a lot - **Loquacious** (बातूनी, वाचाला)
- Talking a lot - **Talkative** (वाचाल)
- The time when two people have a romantic relationship before they get married - **Courtship** (प्रणय निवेदन)
- A written order to attend court as a witness to give evidence. - **Subpoena** (सम्मन, अदालत में पेश होने का आदेश)
- An exact copy of something - **Facsimile** (फोटो कॉपी, फैक्स, हूबहू प्रति)
- A name shared by all the members of a family. - **Surname** (उपनाम, कुलनाम)
- A large number of objects or personal possessions, especially the equipment that you need for a particular activity. - **Paraphernalia** (साज-समान, उपकरण, सामग्री)
- A disease that makes a boy look very old and causes a very early death - **Progeria** (जिसमें बच्चा बड़ा दिखने लगता है, प्रोजेरिया बीमारी)
- A room under the floor of a church, used especially in the past as a place for burying people. - **Crypt** (तहखाना, गुफा)
- The fact of being extremely unwilling to spend money. - **Parsimony** (कंजूसी, मितव्ययिता)
- A level area of open ground in a town for people to walk along, often by the sea or a river - **Esplanade** (चौक, एक विस्तृत खुला क्षेत्र)
- A light shoe made of strong cloth with a sole made of rope - **Espadrille** (एक प्रकार का जूता जिसका तलवा रस्सी का बना हो)
- The state of being separated from one's husband or wife and living singly. - **Estrangement** (बिगाड़ संबंध विच्छेदन)
- The authority that an official organization has to make legal decisions and judgements. - **Jurisdiction** (अधिकार क्षेत्र)
- The judges of a country or state - **Judiciary** (न्यायपालिका, न्याय व्यवस्था)
- An action or a movement of your body that happens naturally in response to something and that you can not control. - **Reflex** (पलटकर होने वाली क्रिया)
- Continuous movement and change - **Flux** (सतत परिवर्तन)
- A process in which somebody or something changes completely into something different. - **Metamorphosis** (कार्यांतरण, रूपांतरण)
- Finding a way of avoiding a difficulty or a rule - **Circumvention** (बचाव, आनाकानी)

- A large impressive building - **Edifice** (भव्य इमारत)
- The official home of a king, queen or president - **Palace** (राजमहल)
- Around building or hall, especially one with a dome (curved roof)- **Rotunda** (गुंबद वाली इमारत)
- A tall pointed structure on the top of a building, especially a church. - **Spire** (मीनार चोटी)
- The belief that countries should work together in a friendly way. - **Internationalist** (अंतर्राष्ट्रीयतावाद)
- The scientific study and comparison of human races. - **Ethnology** (जाति विज्ञान, नस्ल विज्ञान)
- The study of family history including the study of who the ancestors of a particular person were. - **Genealogy** (कुल या खानदान का अध्ययन)
- The part of philosophy that deals with knowledge - **Epistemology** (ज्ञान से संबंधित दर्शनशास्त्र)
- Something that temporarily stops an activity or a situation - **Interruption** (बाधा, विघ्न)
- The act of burying a dead person - **Interment** (गाड़ना दफनाने की क्रिया)
- Act of putting somebody in prison during a war or for political reasons, although they have not been charged with a crime - **Internment** (नजरबंदी, कैद करने की क्रिया)
- A secret usually dishonest, way of behaving - **Subterfuge** (छल, कपट)
- A movement performed with care and skill - **Manoeuvre** (चाल, दाँव)
- A trick or plan that you use to gain an advantage or to trick an opponent - **Stratagem** (चकमा, चालाकी)
- The act of taking part with another person in crime, - **Complicity** (संलिप्तता)
- Too great or beautiful to describe in words, - **Ineffable** (अव्यक्त)
- Extremely large or impressive - **Stupendous** (विशाल, बहुत बड़ा)
- Shocking, extremely bad - **Appalling** (बहुत बुरा)
- A person who arranges text on a page before printing - **Compositor** (छापे के अक्षर बैठाने वाला)
- A person whose job is to add coal or other fuel to a fire, etc, especially on a ship or a steam train - **Stoker** (इंजन में कोयला डालने वाला)
- A person who hides in a ship or plane before it leaves, in order to travel without paying or being seen - **Stowaway** (जहाज में छिपकर यात्रा करने वाला)
- Containing information and details that strongly suggest that something is true but do not prove it. - **Circumstantial** (पारिस्थितिक साक्ष्य)
- An amount of money that somebody or something wins or receives unexpectedly. - **Windfall** (धनवर्षा)
- A gate at the entrance to a public building that turns in a circle when pushed allowing one person to go through at a time.- **Turnstile** (गेट पर लगी चक्करदार प्रवेश द्वार)
- Something to which somebody has a special right because of their social position- **Perquisite** (अनन्य अधिकार, प्राधिकार)
- A right or advantage belonging to a particular person or group because of their importance or social position.- **Prerogative** (विशेषाधिकार)
- A small unimportant thing that somebody does wrong- **Peccadillo** (चूक, साधारण अपराध)
- A detailed written 'study of a single subject, usually in the form of a short book.- **Monograph** (पांडित्यपूर्ण लेख)
- Living on the land rather than in water, in trees or in the air, connected with the planet earth - **Terrestrial** (भौमिक, भूमि संबंधी)
- The use of too many words, or of more difficult words than are needed - **Verbiage** (आवश्यकता से अधिक शब्दों का प्रयोग)
- A person who writes official or legal documents - **Draftsman** (दस्तावेज लेखक)
- Referring Australia and Newzealand in humorous way. - **Antipodes** (आस्ट्रेलिया और न्यूजीलैंड का मजाकिया नाम)
- Present everywhere - **Immanent** (सर्वव्यापी)
- Still in existence - **Extant** (अस्तित्ववान)
- A great performer especially a musician- **Maestro** (मास्टर निपुण व्यक्ति)
- Arranged in the order in which they happened. **Chronological** (कालक्रमानुसार)
- A church official who takes care of the church building and its contents, rings the bell, etc. and sometimes arranges for the burial of the dead - **Sexton** (गिरजाघर का कर्मचारी जो गिरजे की संपत्ति की रक्षा करता है, घंटी बजाता है और शव दफनाने का इंतजाम करता है)
- One of six offspring born at , one birth - **Sextuplet** (एक साथ एक बार के प्रसव में पैदा होने वाले छह बच्चों में कोई एक)
- Firing of many guns at the same time to mark an occasion - **Salvo** (तोपों या बंदूकों की सलामी)
- Locality of over crowded and unhealthy houses - **Slum** (गंदी बस्ती या मुहल्ला)

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- Happening only occasionally or at intervals that are not regular. - **Sporadic** (छिटपुट)
 - Leather travelling bag, carried in the hand - **Valise** (यात्रा का सामान रखने का चमड़े का छोटा थैला, झोला)
 - Bridge carrying a road or line across a river or valley - **Viaduct** (ऊपरी पुल)
 - A small thin person, usually a child, who looks as if they do not have enough to eat - **Waif** (अनाथ बालक, लावारिस)
 - The system of spelling in a language - **Orthography** (वर्तनी, व्याकरण, वर्ण विन्यास)
 - Dramatic performance with dumb show - **Pantomime** (मूक अभिनय)
 - A mixture of loud unpleasant sounds. - **Cacophony** (जोर की कर्कश आवाजों का मिश्रण)
 - A formal speech made on a public Occasion, especially as a part of a ceremony. - **Oration**. (सार्वजनिक व्याख्यान)
 - One who studies the science of old age and the process of growing old - **Gerontologist** (वृद्धावस्था विज्ञान)
 - A hope or wish that you can not make happen because it is not realistic. - **Mirage** (नजर का धोखा, मृगतृष्णा)
 - Excited, enthusiastic and full of energy - **Effervescent** (उल्लासित)
 - The most developed stage of something. - **Efflorescence** (पुष्पित या पूर्ण विकसित अवस्था में)
 - A sudden disaster or a violent event that ceases change, for example a flood or a war - **Cataclysm** (आपदा)
 - A set of questions and answers that one uses for teaching people about the beliefs of the Christian religion. - **Catechism** (प्रश्नोत्तर के माध्यम से शिक्षा)
 - A series of underground tunnels used for burying dead people, especially in ancient times. - **Catacombs** (प्राचीन कब्रगाहें)
 - An extremely small person - **Dwarf** (बौना)
A thing that makes somebody less likely to do something. - **Deterrent** (निवारक, निरोधक)
 - A violent storm with very strong winds which move in a circle. - **Tornado** (एक भयंकर आंधी)
(i) A sudden attack, (ii) Something which is done with a lot of energy. - **Blitz** (जोर का यकायक आक्रमण)
 - A small raised platform that a person stands on to make a speech or receive a prize - **Rostrum** (सार्वजनिक मंच)
 - An instrument for measuring the Speed of the wind or of a current of gas - **Anemometer** (हवा का वेग मापी यंत्र)
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IDIOMS & PHRASES: PART-I

At sixes and sevens	(तितर-बितर)	Leap in the dark	(अनिश्चित परिणाम)
An apple of discord	(झगड़े की जड़)	A feather in one's cap	(गौरवशाली)
A black sheep	(अशुभ व्यक्ति)	A hen packed husband	(स्त्रीभक्त)
All and sundry	(सब कुछ, सभी)	Hush money	(रिश्वत का रूपया)
Apple-pie-order	(सही ढंग से रखा जाना)	In the dark	(धोखे में रखना)
An eye-wash	(धोखा)	Null and void	(प्रभावहीन)
An axe to grind	(स्वार्थपूर्ति करण)	Pick holes in another's coat	(दूसरे में खोट निकालना)
At one's wit's end	(घबरा जाना, होश खो बैठना)	Nook and corner	(हर जगह, कोना-कोना में)
At an arm's length	(बुराई से दूरी बनाए रखना)	Maiden speech	(पहला भाषण)
A man of straw	(मामूली आदमी)	Make head or tail	(समझाना)
A dark horse	(अज्ञात योग्यता वाला व्यक्ति)	A snake in the grass	(छिपा हुआ दुश्मन)
At daggers drawn	(गहरी दुश्मनी)	A sheet anchor	(प्रधान सहारा)
Apple's of one's eye	(आंखों का तारा)	Square meal	(एक बार का पेट भर भोजन)
To grind like an ass	(मुखतापूर्ण ढंग से)	Queer fish	(विचित्र व्यक्ति)
A lion's share	(बड़ा हिस्सा)	Under a cloud	(संदेहपूर्ण स्थिति में)
In a nut shell	(संक्षेप में)	A Screw loose	(मानसिक दोष)
A big gun	(महत्वपूर्ण व्यक्ति)	Alma mater	(पाठ-संस्थान)
Blow hot and cold	(कभी समर्थन तथा कभी विरोध करना)	Alpha and omega	(शुरू से अंत तक)
A broken read	(अविश्वसनीय व्यक्ति)	To turn the tables	(प्रतिकूल स्थिति)
Man of letters	(विद्वान)	Cry over split milk	(बेवजह हल्ला करना)
To smell a rat	(संदेह करना)	Honson's choice	(विकल्प के अभाव में एक ही विकल्प चुनना)
Catch a straw	(मदद पाना)	To meet one's waterloo	(अंतिम पराजय)
End in smoke	(निष्कर्ष नहीं निकलना)	A hard nut to crack	(कठिन कार्य)
Cats and dogs life	(झगड़ालू जीवन)	To turn the coat	(दल-बदल करना)
Capital punishment	(मृत्यु दंड)	A white elephant	(अलाभकारी पेशा)
To burn one's fingers	(अचानक परेशानी में पड़ना)	To play second fiddle to	(सहायक बनना)
Die in cast	(अंतिम फैसला)	The hill of achilles	(कमजोर आचरण)
Man in the street	(साधारण आदमी)	Crocodile tears	(झूठा आंसू)
Tall task	(घमण्ड भरी लम्बी चौड़ी बात)	To rollout red carpet	(गर्मजोशी से स्वागत करना)
A black sheep	(नीच व्यक्ति)	A. red carpet welcome	(भव्य स्वागत)
Hand in hand	(साथ-साथ मिलकर काम करना)	A herculian task	(कठिन कार्य)
Hand to hand	(आमने-सामने)	A laugh stock	(हंसी का पात्र)
High Money	(रिश्वत का रूपया)	A rolling stone	(अस्थिर व्यक्ति)
A fancy price	(बहुत ऊंची कीमत)	A square deal	(निष्कपट व्यवहार)
Hammer and tongs	(लगन से काम करना)	At home in	(निपुण)
Hand and glove	(घनिष्ठ मित्रता)	A red letter day	(महत्वपूर्ण अवसर)
Cold reception	(दिखावटी स्वागत)	A bed of roses	(आसान कार्य)
To cry wolf	(बेवजह चिल्लाना)	All Greek and Latin	(समझ से बाहर)
Laconic-speech	(अलंकार-रहित छोटा भाषण)	At one's wit's end	(चिन्तित)
A gala day	(आनन्द उत्सव का दिन)	A fair weather friend	(सुख का साथी)
Blow one's own trumpet	(अपनी बात कहे जाना)	A rainy day	(आवश्यकता के लिए)
To bear the palm	(विजयी होना, घुस लेना)	To go to dogs	(बर्बाद होना)
Beat about the bush	(सत्य से परे या बेकार)	Arm-in-arm	(साथ-साथ)
Bed lecture	(शयन कक्ष में पत्नी की डांट)	A wild goose chase	(निष्फल कार्य)
A bolt from the blue	(पूर्वानुमानित अनुमान)	From bad to wprse	(बुरी से अधिक बुरी)
Blue blood	(ऊंच कुल)	In cold blood	(निर्दयता पूर्वक)

To catch red handed	(रंगे हाथों पकड़ना)	To oil one's palm	(किसी को रिश्वत देना)
To die in harness	(कर्तव्य पालन करते हुए मरना)	To live in clover	(आराम से रहना)
To grease the palm	(रिश्वत देना)	To keep one's face straight	(हंसने से दूर रहना)
Tooth and nail	(प्रत्येक तरह से)	At a stone's throw	(थोड़ी ही दूर पर)
At the eleventh hour	(अंतिम समय पर)	At a snails's face	(धीमी गति से)
To bury the hat chat	(शत्रुता समाप्त करना)	By hook or by crook	(किसी भी हालत में)
To read between the lines	(गुप्त अर्थ निकालना)	Come back to earth	(औकात पर आना)
Strike terror	(भय उत्पन्न करना)	To make up one's mind	(निश्चय कर लेना)
Play truant	(आज्ञा लिए बिना अनुपस्थित रहना)	Dead against	(बिल्कुल खिलाफ)
A fish in troubled waters	(दूसरों की परेशानी से लाभ उठाना)	Fits and starts	(अनियमित रूप से)
To turn over a new leaf	(जीवन क्रम बदलना)	By leaps and bounds	(दिन दूनी रात चौगुनी)
Lock and key	(सुरक्षित)	At one's disposal	(के अधिकार में)
With one voice	(एक स्वर में)	At arm's length	(बहुत दूर)
sine die	(अनिश्चित काल के लिए)	In the guise of	(की पोशक में)
Narrow escape	(बाल-बाल बचना)	A wild goose chase	(व्यर्थ का प्रयत्न)
In full swing	(खूब चालू होना)	To set at naught	(खत्म कर देना)
In the prime of life	(चढ़ती जवानी में)	Pros and cons	(भला-बुरा, आगा-पीछा)
In the blues	(उदास, खिन्ना)	Rankard file	(साधारण श्रेणी के लोग)
To make a long face	(उदास दिखना)	Put in cold storage	(नजर अंदाज करना)
The rank and file	(व्यर्थ का प्रयास)	Null and void	(प्रभावहीन)
To show the white feather	(कायरतापूर्ण व्यवहार करना)	Man of parts	(बहुत गुणों से सम्पन्न व्यक्ति)
To wrangle over an ass's shadow	(कड़ी सजा देना)	Leap in the dark	(अनिश्चित परिणाम)
To give up the ghost	(कार्य करने से रोकना)	To kiss the dust	(धुल चटाना)
To catch a tarter	(अधिक समर्थ वाले व्यक्ति का पाला पड़ना)	Labour pain	(प्रसव पीड़ा)
To play fast and rule	(फरेब रचना)	At one's fingers tips	(पक्की तरह याद)
To cut humble pie	(शोषण सहना)	At a snail's pace	(बहुत धीमे-धीमे)
To hit the night nail on the head	(वास्तविक बात पकड़ना)	Add insult to injury	(कटे पर नमक छिड़कना)
To leave someone on the lurch	(किसी को परेशानी में छोड़ देना)	At one's back and call	(हर समय सेवा को तैयार)
To cry wolf	(गलत सूचना देना)	Add fuel to the fire	(गुस्सा भड़काना)
To feather one's nest	(अपना स्वार्थ देखना)	In black and white	(लिखकर)
To paly second fiddle	(किसी के पिछलग्गु होना)	Burn the candle at both ends	(बिना सोचे समझे खर्च करना)
Doginthemanger	(स्वार्थी व्यक्ति)	Born with a silver spoon in mouth	(धनी परिवार में जन्म लेना)
A bull in the china shop	(क्षति पहुंचाने वाली चीज)	Bear the palm	(विजय प्राप्त करना)
Turned a deaf ear	(अनुसुना करना)	Birds of a feather	(एक सी आदत के मनुष्य)
Call a spade a spade	(स्पष्ट बात कहना)	Bring to knees	(पूरी तरह हरा देना)
Paint the town red	(अशांति उत्पन्न करना)	Between Scylla and Charybdis	(दो कठिनाइयों के बीच)
Make both ends meal	(दो वक्त की रोटी जुटाना)	Beggar description	(अवर्णनीय होना)
Face the music	(कड़वे सत्य को सहना)	Bitter pill to swallow	(अत्यधिक अरुचिकर)
Put a spoke in my wheel	(किसी की प्रगति में बाधा खड़ा करना)	Beside the mark	(अनुचित)
A snake in the grass	(गुप्त दुश्मन, छिपा दुश्मन)	Cast oil on troubled waters	(वातावरण शांत कर देना)
Cuts both ends	(बेईमानी करना)	Catch a tartar	(प्रबल शत्रु पर विजय पाना)
To flog a dead horse	(अस्पष्ट उद्देश्य के लिए प्रयास)	Cry in the wilderness	(व्यर्थ की सलाह, बेकार प्रयास)
To put two and two together	(देख सुनकर सच का अनुमान लगाना)	Die in harness	(काम करते-करते मरना)
To leave no stone unturned	(हर संभव प्रयास करना)	Double dealing	(दोहरी चाल)
Take exception to	(विरोध प्रकट करना)	End in smoke	(बेकार जाना)
Put on flesh	(मोटा होना)	A feather in one's cap	(नयी सफलता)
In black and white	(लिखित रूप में)	Fan the flame	(आग में घी डालने का काम करना)
Take to one's heels	(भाग जाना)	Fall flat	(प्रभावहीन रहना)
Wolf's and sheep's clothing	(मित्र के रूप में शत्रु)	Flesh and blood	(शरीरधारी, मानव)

Fair and square	(ठीक व न्याय संगत)	To and fro	(इधर-उधर, चारों ओर)
A fool's paradise	(झूठा और अस्थायी सुख)	Tip-top	(अति उत्तम)
Give the Devil his due	(अपात्र या विरोधी को उसका हक देना)	Turn over a new leaf	(काया पलट होना)
Go through fire and water	(हर तरह की परेशानी सहन करना)	Ups and downs	(उतार-चढ़ाव)
Grind one's teeth	(गुस्सा करना या नाराजगी प्रकट करना)	Under one's nose	(सामने, मौजूदगी)
Hang by a thread	(खतरे में होना)	Wash dirty linen in pu	(गुप्त बातों को सार्वजनिक करना)
Hard and fast	(स्थिर, निश्चित (नियम))	Wild goose chase	(निरर्थक प्रयास)
Hit the nail on the head	(सही विषय पर बात करना)	Wool gathering	(ध्यान कहीं और होना)
Hole and corner policy	(गुप्त, रहस्यमय)	Win laurels	(ख्याति अर्जित करना)
Hold one's tongue	(चुप रहना)	Word of mouth	(मुंह जुबानी)
Hard nut to crack	(कठिन कार्य)	Yeoman's service	(बहुत काम करना)
Hang in the balance	(अनिश्चित होना)	Yield up the ghost	(शरीरान्त होना)
Horns of a dilemma	(परेशानी में होना, दुविधा में होना)	Young and old	(प्रत्येक व्यक्ति)
Ins and outs	(पूरी जानकारी)	Zero hour	(आक्रमण बेला)
Jack of all trades	(हरफनमौला)	At a snail's space	(बहुत धीमी चाल से)
Kith and kin	(कुटुम्बी, सगे-संबंधी)	To bear the palm	(विजयी होना)
Keep the powder dry	(हर काम के लिए तैयार रहना)	To draw the long bow	(किसी बात को बहुत बढ़ा-चढ़ाकर कहना)
Loaves and fishes	(निजी लाभ का लालच)	By fair means or foul	(जैसे बने वैसे)
Laugh in one's sleeves	(चुपके-चुपके हंसना)	Gird up the loins	(कमर कसना)
Leave one in the lurch	(मुसीबत में साथ छोड़ जाना)	Kith and kin	(रिश्तेदार, सगे-संबंधी)
Look sharp	(जल्दी करना)	A green eyed monster	(व्यक्तिगत इर्ष्यालु)
Lick the dust	(अपमानित होना)	To rack one's brain	(किसी चीज पर अधिक सोचना)
Lead a dog's life	(अत्यन्त दुखी होना)	Come to the point	(मतलब की बात करना)
Let the grass grow under one's feet	(आलसी/निकम्मा होना)	Full swing	(पूरे जोर से)
Make neither head nor tail	(कुछ भी न समझना)	Enough and to spare	(पर्याप्त, काफी)
Measure swords	(लड़ाई लड़ना)	Go to rack and ruin	(बरबाद हो जाना)
Make faces	(माखौल उड़ाना)	Lose the day	(पराजित होना)
Move heaven and earth	(पूरा-पूरा प्रयास करना)	Long and short	(संक्षिप्त में कहना)
Nip in the bud	(शुरू में नष्ट हो जाना)	Might and main	(पूरी ताकत से)
Out of spirits	(दुखी होना)	Over head and ears	(पूर्णतः ग्रसित)
Pay a person back in his own coin	(बदला लेना)	Through thick and thin	(हर परिस्थिति में)
Pocket an insult	(चुपचाप अपमान सहन करना)	Under the thumb of	(दबाव में)
Play ducks and drakes	(पानी की तरह पैसा बहाना)	Leave no stone unturned	(भरपूर प्रयास करना)
Pros and cons	(पक्ष-विपक्ष के तर्क)	Out of pocket	(पैसे की कमी)
Put one's hand to the plough	(गंभीरता से कार्य प्रारंभ करना)	Wash one's hands of	(हाथ खींच लेना)
Provide against a rainy day	(बेवक्त के लिए बचाकर रखना)	Stand in good stead	(अत्यन्त लाभदायक)
Poke one's nose	(टांग अड़ाना, दखल देना)	At a stone's throw	(थोड़ी दूरी पर)
Pell-mell	(अव्यवस्था)	Once in a blue moon	(कभी-कभी)
Petticoat government	(महिलाओं का शासन)	A bed of thorns	(विपत्तियों से भरा पड़ा)
Play the truat	(बिना छुट्टी लिये स्कूल से भाग जाना)	To burn the candle at both ends	(फजूल खर्च करना)
Without rhyme or reason	(बिना वजह के)	To show a clean pair of heels	(भाग जाना)
Room and spare	(काफी खुली जगह)	A dark horse	(छुपा रूस्तम)
Split hairs	(बाल की खाल निकालना, अति सूक्ष्म भेद करना)	By leaps and bounds	(बड़ी तीव्रता से)
Sum and substance	(सारांश)	At the eleventh hour	(अंतिम समय पर)
Steal a march on someone	(बाजी ले जाना)	A white elephant	(जिसका कोई लाभ न हो)
Throw dust into one's eyes	(आंख में धूल झाँकना)	An eye-warm	(दिखावा)
Time and tide	(कालचक्र, घटनाक्रम)	The gift of the gab	(अच्छा बोल लेने वाला मनुष्य)
Touched to the quick	(बहुत बुरा लगना)	Chips of the same block	(एक स्वभाव वाले व्यक्ति)
Tooth and nail	(डटकर)	Through thick and thin	(हर स्थिति में)

By hook or by crook	(उचित या अनुचित ढंग से)	Weal and woe	(सुख और दुःख)
Hard and fast	(पक्के तौर पर)	An afternon farmer	(सुस्त व्यक्ति)
From hand to mouth	(कठिनता से निर्वाह करना)	Now and then	(बीच-बीच में)
Under lock and key	(सुरक्षित)	A bosom friend	(पक्का मित्र)
Hard up	(पैसे की कमी)	To chew the cud	(सोचना)
A white lie	(सफेद झूठ)	A chicken hearted fellow	(डरपोक व्यक्ति)
Bully of the first water	(छंटा हुआ बदमाश)	Cock of the walk	(थोड़े से लोगों का नेता होना)
A narrow escape	(बाल-बाल बचना)	Devil's luck	(अच्छा भाग्य)
Nip the evil in the bud	(बुराई को पैदा होते ही दबा देना)	To die by inches	(तड़प-तड़प कर मरना)
Pick a quarrel	(लड़ाई मोल लेना)	Dirt cheap	(बेहद सस्ते में)
Play one's ace	(सबसे शक्तिशाली दाव खेलना)	White in the gills	(डटा सा या बीमार सा)
A red letter day	(महत्वपूर्ण दिवस)	A green hand	(एक नादान व्यक्ति)
Something wrong at the bottom	(दाल में काला होना)	A lump sum amount	(इकट्ठी रकम)
Slow and steady	(धीरे-धीरे परन्तु लगातार)	Put someone on notice	(किसी को धमकाना)
In full swing	(पूरे जोरों पर)	To fall flat	(प्रभाव न पड़ना)
Take by surprise	(अचानक आ जाना)	To hold water	(ठोस तथा सही होना)
A man of one's word	(भरोसे का आदमी)	Cold-blooded murder	(जानबूझ कर किया गया कत्ल)
A man of mark	(एक प्रसिद्ध व्यक्ति)	A herculean task	(अति कठिन कार्य)
Yeo man's service	(अच्छा कार्य)	Hush money	(चुप रखने के लिए रिश्वत देना)
Reduced to ashes	(जल कर राख हो जाना)	A sheet anchor	(मुख्य सहारा)
Wolf in sheep's clothing	(ऊपर से अच्छा अंदर से बुरा)	Uphill task	(कठिन कार्य)
High time	(उचित समय)	A fool's paradise	(झूठी आशाएं)
Blue blood	(धनी घराने का)	Pros and cons	(पक्ष और विपक्ष)
A beast of burdern	(बोझ उठाने वाला जानवर)	Safe and sound	(बिल्कुल ठीक)
Build castles in the air	(हवाई किला बनाना)	First and foremost	(सबसे महत्वपूर्ण)
A bird's eyes view	(साधारण दृष्टि)	To and fro	(आगे-पीछे)
A burning question	(आम प्रश्न)	Hale and hearty	(स्वस्थ)
A cock and hull story	(झूठी कहानी)	A lame excuse	(झूठा बहाना)
Capital punishment	(अर्धदण्ड)	Burn the mid-night oil	(कठिन परिश्रम करना)
An iron will	(पक्का इरादा)	Cut a sorry figure	(अच्छा प्रभाव न छोड़ना)
An old hand	(अनुभवी आदमी)	Foul play	(बेईमानी)
A henpecked husband	(पत्नी के अधीन)	In high spirits	(प्रसन्न)
The turning point	(मोड़ देने वाली बात)	Turn coat	(दल बदल)
A square deal	(ठीक (सही) व्यापार (धंधा))	Scot free	(बिना दण्ड किए)
Smooth sealing	(आसानी से)	Warm reception	(अच्छा स्वागत)
At sixes and sevens	(ठीक ढंग से न होना)	A square deal	(ईमानदारी का व्यवहार)
Spick and span	(साफ-सुथरा व सुन्दर)	Broken reed	(कमजोर व्यक्ति)
Flesh and blood	(मनुष्य का स्वभाव)	Face the music	(परिणाम झेलना)
Cheek by Jowl	(साथ-साथ)	Fall from grace	(निचता पर उतरना)
A laughing stock	(जिसे देखकर हंसी आए)	Far and near	(चारों तरफ)
Wet behind the ears	(कम तजुर्बेकार)	Far and wide	(बहुत दूर तक)
Nook and cranny	(हर स्थान पर)	Raise the banner	(रहनुमाई करना)

IDIOMS & PHRASES: PART-II

- **At beck and call** — always ready to obey orders immediately, (किसी के आदेश पर)
- **In cold blood** — deliberately and callously. (निर्दयता पूर्वक)
- **Above board**— **honest** and open (निष्कपट एवं स्पष्ट)
- **By the book** — strictly according to the rules. (कड़े कानून के अनुसार)
- **By leaps and bounds; in leaps and bounds**— very rapidly. (दिन दूना रात चौगुना)
- **Cock-and-bull story**—absurd and improbable story. (अतार्किक एवं असम्भाव्य)
- **Get the axe** — be removed or dismissed from job. (सेवा से निवृत्त कर दिया जाना, नौकरी से निकाल देना)
- **On the cards**—likely or possible. (जल्द ही संभावित)
- **Make a clean breast of**—make a full confession of something. (सब कुछ स्वीकार कर लेना)
- **Under a cloud**—in disgrace or under suspicion. (संदेह के घेरे में होना)
- **Die in harness** — die while still working. (कार्य करते हुए मर जाना)
- **Heart and soul**— energetically; enthusiastically. (सच्चे दिल से उत्साहपूर्वक)
- **Leave in the lurch** — put somebody in a difficult situation. (विपत्ति या कठिनाई में छोड़ देना)
- **Get into hot water be in hot water** — be in or get into serious trouble (झंझट अथवा परेशानी में फंसना)
- **In the long run** – finally over a long period of time. (अंततः)
- **Pull a long face** — To have a sad or disappointed expression (उदास होना)
- **Spick and span**— Clean, tidy and fresh (साफ-सुथरा व सुंदर)
- **To make the flesh creep**—To be very frightened. (बहुत अधिक डर लगना)
- **Green hand** — An unexperienced person. (अनुभवहीन व्यक्ति)
- **A horse laugh** - To laugh very loudly without having any sense. (बिना मतलब जोरदार हंसी)
- **Lead the field** - Very famous, to lead (अत्यधिक प्रसिद्ध, सबसे आगे होना)
- **Fair and Square** - Honestly, Justly (ईमानदारी से, साफ नियत से)
- **Once in a blue moon** - Very rarely (शायद ही कभी, दुर्लभ)
- **On the blink** - Out of order, not working properly. (खराब होना, ठीक ढंग से कार्य न करना)
- **Hold water** - Remain true even when examined closely. (बात में दम होना, बात में सत्यता होना)
- **Talk through a hole in one's hat** — talk nonsense. (व्यर्थ की बातें करना)
- **Open and above board** – honest, fair.
- **Safe and sound**— Well (अच्छी अवस्था में होना)
- **Run riot**—behave in a wild way. (जंगली व्यवहार करना)
- **Read between the lines** — look for a meaning in something written or spoken which is suggested but not openly stated (छिपा हुआ अर्थ निकालना)
- **The pros and cons** — points for and points against; arguments for and against something. (आगा-पीछा, सकारात्मक एवं नकारात्मक पहलू)
- **Queer fish**—strange person. (अजीबोगरीब)
- **In black and white** — in writing (लिखित रूप में)
- **In black and blue**—covered with bruises. (बुरी तरह से पीटना)
- **On the whole**—considering everything (सभी चीजों को ध्यान में रखते हुए)
- **Go the whole hog**—do something thoroughly or completely. (किसी कार्य को अच्छी तरह से करना)
- **Out of the woods**—free from difficulties or troubles. (खतरे से बाहर)
- **Keep abreast of**—be or remain up to deal with or well informed about. (संपर्क में रहना)
- **Of one's own accord**—voluntarily. (स्वैच्छिक रूप से)
- **Give a good account of**—do well. (किसी कार्य को अच्छी तरह करना)
- **The advent of** — the arrival or approach of (आगमन)
- **Bag and baggage** — with all one's belongings often suddenly or secretly. (सारे सामान सहित)
- **Out of the world** — absolutely beautiful, magnificent, wonderful, etc. (आश्चर्यजनक रूप से सुंदर या शान होना)

- **On the nail**—without delay. (बिना विलम्ब)
- **Play fast and loose**—behave dishonestly or deceitfully. (विश्वासघात करना)
- **Add fuel to the flames** — do or say something that makes people react more fiercely. (और अधि क भड़काना, आग में घी डालना)
- **By dint of** — by means of. (के कारण से)
- **By and large** — taking everything into consideration (मोटे तौर पर)
- **In the guise of**—in disguise. (छद्म वेषभूषा में)
- **In lieu of**—instead of. (किसी चीज के स्थान)
- **To and fro**—backwards and forward. (इधर-उधर घूमना)
- **Through and through**—completely. (पूर्णतया)
- **Out and out**—complete; thorough. (पूरी तरह से)
- **By hook or by crook**—by one means or another, no matter what happens. (अच्छे या बुरे किसी भी प्रकार से)
- **Apple of one's eye**—person or thing that one loves greatly or most. (आँख का तारा)
- **In apple-pie order**—in a very neat and tidy condition. (बिल्कुल व्यवस्थित)
- **At the eleventh hour** — when it is almost too late. (अंतिम क्षणों में)
- **Wrap up in cotton wool** — protect too much from dangers or risks. (अत्यधिक सुरक्षा प्रदान करना)
- **On or to the verge of** — at or close to the point where something new begins. (कगार पर होना)
- **Null and void** — not valid; having no legal force. (कानूनन रद्द एवं निष्प्रभावी)
- **Turn a deaf ear to**—refuse to listen. (अनसुनी कर देना)
- **Give a wide berth**—remain at a safe distance from somebody or something. (दूर रहना)
- **Make a mess of** — handle or manage something badly. (सत्यानाश कर देना)
- **The salt of the earth** — people whose character and actions are thought to be very valuable. (महत्वपूर्ण लोग)
- **Red-letter day** – very important or memorable day. (महत्वपूर्ण दिन)
- **Under somebody's nose** — in full view of somebody. (आँखों के सामने)
- **Win laurels** — win fame or honour. (यश प्राप्त करना)
- **Rup the gauntlet** — be exposed to criticism, danger, etc. (आलोचना का सामना करना)
- **Cats and dogs** — rain very heavily. (मूसलाधार वर्षा होना)
- **Play second fiddle to** — to be treated as less important than another person. (प्राथमिक न होकर द्वितीयक होना)
- **Play ducks and drakes** — spend money in a careless way. (फिजूलखर्ची करना)
- **Out of sorts**—feeling unwell. (तबीयत खराब होना)
- **The ins and outs of** — the details of something. (किसी चीजों पर विशद व्याख्या करना)
- **Put something in a nutshell** — say something in very few words (संक्षिप्त में कहना)
- **In full swing**— fully active. (चरमोत्कर्ष पर होना)
- **Full of beans** — having a lot of energy and vitality. (उत्साही एवं ऊर्जावान)
- **On the horns of a dilemma** — faced with a choice between things that are equally undesirable. (मुसीबत में फंसना, दो मुसीबतों में से एक को चुनना)
- **Go tot he dogs** — change so that it is no longer as efficient productive, etc. as before. (बर्बाद हो जाना)
- **Smell a rat** — suspect that something is wrong. (संदेह करना)
- **Cheek by jowl** — close together, side by side. (साथ-साथ)
- **At sixes and sevens** — state of disorder and confusion. (तितर-बितर)
- **By the skin of one's teeth** — narrowly; by a small margin (बहुत कम अंतर से)
- **Keep somebody at arm's length**—avoid. (खुद को बुराई या घनिष्ठता से दूर रखना)
- **At daggers drawn**—very hostile towards somebody. (पारस्परिक घोर शत्रुता)
- **A bone of contention**—subject about which there is disagreement. (झगड़े के कारण)
- **For a rainy day**—for a time of difficulty or financial distress. (कठिन परिस्थिति या विपत्तिके लिए प्रबंध)
- **By fits and starts**—frequently stopping and starting again. (किसी कार्य को रूक-रूक कर करना)
- **Within an ace of** — very close to. (बहुत निकट होना)

- **Turn over a new leaf** — change one's behaviour for the better (बेहतर के लिए कोई कार्य करना, व्यवसाय बदलना)
- **Talk turkey** — have a serious, honest, practical discussion. (व्यवहारिक एवं ईमानदारी पूर्ण वार्तालाप)
- **Poke one's nose in or into**—interfere in (हस्तक्षेप करना)
- **A bird's eye view**—A good view of something, from high above (साधारण दृष्टि)
- **The lion's share**—The largest part of something, that is being shared (सबसे बड़ा भाग)
- **A snake in the grass** — A person who pretends to be your friend but who cannot be trusted (छुपा हुआ शत्रु)
- **A wet blanket** — A person who is not enthusiastic about anything and who stops other people from enjoying themselves (हौसला तोड़ने वाला व्यक्ति)
- **Play the field**—Choose among a number of different possibilities. (विभिन्न संभावनाओं में से चुनना)
- **Play havoc with**—ruin: destroy; casual confusion in. (बरबाद कर देना, विनाश करना)
- **Out of the blue** — not expected; without any kind of preparation. (अनपेक्षित)
- **An apple of discord** — cause of quarrel (झगड़े की जड़)
- **With open arms** — To welcome someone happily (खुशी-खुशी स्वागत करना)
- **Of no avail** — of no use (लाभहीन)
- **At a stone's throw** — At a very short distance (थोड़ी दूरी पर)
- **To bring to book** — To punish (सजा देना)
- **Beggar description**—to be too extreme or shocking to describe. (वर्णन से परे होना)
- **Born with a silver spoon in one's mouth**—born in a rich family. (सम्पन्न परिवार में पैदा होना)
- **Break the news**—tell news to someone. (उत्तेजक या अशुभ संवाद का रहस्योद्घाटन करना)
- **In line with something**—similar to something/so that one thing is closely connected with another. (के अनुसार)
- **Beat about the bush** — talk about something without coming to the main point (विषय से भटक जाना, धुमा फिरा कर बातें करना)
- **A bolt from the blue** — complete surprise; unexpected, unwelcome event (अचानक आय हुआ संकट)
- **Blow hot and cold** — keep changing one's opinions about something. (एक ही समय पर एक मामले पर दो अलग-अलग बातें कहना।)
- **Blow one's own trumpet** — boast; praise one's abilities and achievements. (अपनी ही शोखी बघारना)
- **Hue and cry** — general alarm or bud public protest; outcry. (शोर मचाना, चिल्लाना)
- **Be in the good books** — have somebody's favour. (किसी की नजरों में अच्छा होना, कृपापात्र होना)
- **Hale and hearty**— strong and healthy (शक्तिशाली एवं स्वस्थ)
- **Through thick and thin**—In spite of all difficulties and problems. In good and bad times (हर स्थिति में)
- **Take up** : to occupy (घेरना)
- **Take to** : To be habitual (आदत पड़ना)
- **Take away** : to carry away (ले जाना)
- **Turn out** : To expel (बाहर निकालना)
- **Turn up** : to come (आना)
- **Turn against** : To be against (विरोधी होना)
- **At a stretch**—Without stopping, continuously (निरंतर)
- **To go grey**—To become old (बूढ़े हो जाना)
- **From hand to mouth**—To survive with difficulties (कठिनता से निर्वाह करना)
- **Neck and neck** — To be in a competition with each other (साथ-साथ)
- **Bully of the first water** — A very disgusting person (छंटा हुआ बदमाश)
- **A narrow escape** — To escape with a very short margin (बाल-बाल बचना)
- **Nip the evil in the bud** — Stop something dangerous in its early stages (बुराई के पैदा होते ही दबा देना)
- **Pick a quarrel** — Deliberately start argument with someone (लड़ाई मोल लेना)
- **To pick holes in** — Criticize something or find fault with something (दोष निकालना)
- **Something wrong at the bottom** —To be suspicious of something. (दाल में कालाहोना, संदेह होना)
- **Nine days' wonder** — Something that remains for a short time. (थोड़े समय रहने वाली वस्तु)
- **To beat the air**— To make a futile attempt (व्यर्थ का प्रयास करना)

- **To burn one's fingers** — To bear loss (घाटा खाना या हानि उठाना)
- **Burn one's boats or bridges**—Do something makes it impossible for you to return to a previous situation. (पीछे हटने के रास्ते बंद करना)
- **Herculean task** — A very difficult and courageous work. (अत्यंत कठिन एवं साहसिक कार्य)
- **Draw on one's fancy** — To believe or imagine something. (कल्पना करना)
- **To lose heart** — To become discouraged (हतोत्साहित होना)
- **Keep in** : to be compelled to live at home (घर के अंदर रखना)
- **Keep out** : check (प्रवेश से रोकना)
- **Keep off** : to keep something at a distance (दूर हटाना, अलग रखना)
- **Keep down** : to control (नियंत्रण में रखना)
- **Lay down** : to surrender (आत्म समर्पण करना)
- **Lay aside** : to save or store (बचाना)
- **Lay off** : to suspend (निलंबित करना)
- **Look for** : to search (तलाश करना)
- **Look over** : examine (निरीक्षण करना)
- **To turn the tables** — To do something, which means that you now have an advantage over subject who previously had an advantage over you (स्थिति को बदलकर अपने पक्ष में करना)
- **In the teeth of** — To do something even though it is dangerous or people oppose it (सख्त मुकाबले में)
- **Keep in touch** — Communicate with subject regularly (संबंध रखना या जुड़े रहना)
- **To lose temper**—To become very angry (क्रोध में आना)
- **A man of mark**—A renowned person (एक प्रसिद्ध व्यक्ति)
- **Go to the wall**—Fail because of lack of money (दुर्दशा होना)
- **(to be) in a person's shoes** – To be in subjects position (किसी व्यक्ति के स्थान पर)
- **To end in smoke** — To be destroyed or ruined (असफल होना या बर्बाद हो जाना)
- **High time**—Used for saying that something should be done immediately or very soon (उचित समय)
- **To call a spade a spade** — Speak openly and directly about something unpleasant. (सच बोलना)
- **To show a clean pair of heels**—Run away, Go ahead of some body in a competition.(भाग जाना)
- **A dark horse** — A person who hides his feelings, plans, activities etc. (छुपा रूस्तम)
- **A leap in the dark** — An action or a risk that you take without knowing anything about the activity or what the result will be (अंधेरे में कदम/बिना सोचा-समझा कदम)
- **Down and out** — very poor (निर्धन)
- **A white elephant** — A thing that is useless and no longer needed although it may have cost a lot of money (जिसका कोई लाभ न हो)
- **At one's finger-tips**—To be so Familiar with a subject that you can produce any facts about it easily and quickly (भली प्रकार से याद होना)
- **The gift of the gab**—The quality of oratory (अच्छा बोल लेने वाला मनुष्य)
- **feather in one's cap**—An achievement, success or honour which you can be proud of (यश, मान, शोहरत)
- **To leave no stone unturned**—Try everything possible to find or obtain something (कोई कसर न छोड़ना)
- **To give (or show) a person the cold shoulder**—To treat someone in a deliberately unfriendly way (परवाह न करना)
- **Build castles in the air**—To have plans, hopes etc. which are unlikely to become reality (हवाई किले बनाना)
- **At stake** - That can be won or lost, depending on the success of a particular action. (दांव पर होना)
- **Man of straw** - A weak or cowardly person. (एक कमजोर या कायर व्यक्ति)
- **Part and Parcel** — An essential ingredient of something. (आवश्यक अथवा महत्वपूर्ण भाग)
- **Adam's wine** (or ale) — common water (साधारण पानी)
- **An afternoon farmer** — A lethargic / lazy / slow person. (सुस्त, आलसी व्यक्ति)
- **Alpha and Omega** — Beginning and end (शुरूआत एवं अंत)
- **Up in arms** — Ready to fight (लड़ने को तैयार)

- **Helter skelter** — Done in a hurry and in a way that lacks organization. (जल्दी में अव्यवस्थित ढंग से किया जाना)
- **Storm in a tea-pot** — a quarrel for nothing. (तुच्छ बात पर झगड़ा करना)
- **Between Scylla and Charybdis** — between two difficulties (इधर कुआं उधर खाई या दो कठिनाइयों के मध्य में)
- **Bad blood** — enmity (दुश्मनी)
- **Blockhead** — fool (मूर्ख)
- **All Greek and Latin**—very difficult to understand (समझने में बहुत कठिन)
- **Stand against** : to oppose (विरोध करना)
- **See off** : to bid farewell (विदाई देना)
- **See through** : to understand (समझना)
- **Take after** : resemble (मिलना, समान होना)
- **Take down** : to write (लिखना)
- **Take over** : to take control of (दूसरे से अधिकार में ले लेना)
- **Turn off** : To expel (निकालना)
- **Turn down** : to reject (टुकरा देना)
- **Work up** : To establish something slowly (धीरे-धीरे बनाना)
- **Work upon** : To affect (प्रभाव डालना)
- **Heads will roll** — Used to say that some people will be punished because of something that has happened. (दंडस्वरूप किसी का स्थानांतरण करना या निलंबित करना)
- **Bear the brunt of** — to bear the main attack (आक्रमण का मुख्य भाग सहना)
- **Bread and butter** -livelihood (जीविका)
- **A bottle-neck**—obstacle (बाधा, रूकावट)
- **A far cry**—very distant (दूर की)
- **Rolling stone** — a person who does not stick to any career and changes frequently to other career. (एक व्यवसाय में न टिकने वाला व्यक्ति)
- **Red rag to a bull** — something that provokes. (उकसाने वाली बात)
- **Rank and file**—common people (साधारण श्रेणी के लोग)
- **Palmy days**—days of prosperity and happiness. (खुशहाली के दिन)
- **Play the truant** — run away from school without leave (बिना आज्ञा के स्कूल से भाग जाना)
- **Petticoat government** — female rule (स्त्रियों का शासन)
- **Lay on** : to arrange for (प्रबंध करना)
- **Look after** : to keep an eye (देखभाल करना)
- **Look down upon** : to hate, to detest (घृणा करना)
- **Look up** : to find out (खोजना)
- **Look into** : to investigate (ध्यान देना)
- **Pay lip service** — to show insincere respect (दिखावटी आदर दिखाना)
- **On the eve of**— just before an event (पूर्व संध्या पर)
- **Make a mountain of a molehill** — to attach undue importance to a small matter (साई का पहाड़ बनाना)
- **Move heaven and earth** — to do everything possible (हर संभव प्रयत्न करना)
- **Man of letters** — a literary person, a scholar (विद्वान आदमी)
- **Make both ends meet** — to meet one's expenses with difficulty (गुजारा करना)
- **Lame excuse** — false plea (झूठा बहाना)
- **Laugh in one's sleeves** — to laugh secretly (मुंह छिपाकर हंसना)
- **Loaves and fishes** — material gains (भौतिक लाभ)
- **Keep the wolf from the door** — to keep away starvation (भुखमरी को दूर रखना)
- **Kith and kin** — relatives (संबंधी)
- **Himalayan blunder** — a serious mistake (बड़ी गंभीर भूल)
- **Hit below the belt** — to use base means (निकृष्ट साधन प्रयोग में लाना)
- **Gala day** — a day of great happiness (प्रसन्नता का दिन)
- **Go for** : to attack (आक्रमण करना)
- **Hold back** : to hide, to conceal (छिपना)
- **Hold out** : to continue doing something. (जमे रहना, डटे रहना)
- **Sell like hot cake** — To be sold quickly and in great quantities. (अधिक मात्रा में और जल्दी बिकना)
- **To go through fire and water** - To pass through all types of hardships. (हर प्रकार के कष्टों से होकर गुजरना)

- **In the red— In debt.** (कर्ज में होना)
- **To turn an honest penny** — To earn one's living honestly. (ईमानदारी से रोजी कमाना)
- **Hobson's choice**—No real choice at all. (वास्तव में कोई विकल्प न होना)
- **To rest on one's laurels** — To be satisfied with the success you have already gained and so no longer try to improve your position. (पूर्व की सफलता से ही संतुष्ट रहना)
- **To take the bull by its horns**—To be brave in a frightening or dangerous situation. (विपरीत परिस्थितियों में भी साहसिक कार्य करना)
- **To set the record straight** — To give a correct explanation or account of something. (हिसाब चुकाना)
- **Wild goose chase** — A fruitless/futile attempt. (निष्फल, निरर्थक प्रयास)
- **To get the sack** — To tell somebody to leave a job. (नौकरी से निकालना)
- **At one's wits' end** — totally confused, perplexed. (समझ में न आना, चकरा जाना)
- **A bee in your bonnet** — A crazy Idea. (मूर्खतापूर्ण विचार)
- **Blue blood** — To be born in a prosperous family, prosperity. (कुलीनता)
- **Drop names** — Mention famous people you know in order to impress others. (उच्च पदस्थ एवं महत्वपूर्ण लोगों से अपने संबंध बताना)
- **To catch red handed** – To catch while committing a crime. (रंगे हाथों पकड़ना)
- **Bull in china shop** — To be extremely Clumsy. (भद्दा होना, अनुपयुक्त होना)
- **Cat got your tongue** — Not being able to reply, being baffled. (उत्तर देने में असमर्थ होना, व्यथित होना)
- **To give somebody a piece of your, mind** — To criticize somebody angrily. (क्रोधपूर्वक किसी की निंदा करना)
- **Make no bones about something** – Not hesitate to do something, to be honest and open about something. (न हिचकिचाना, किसी चीज के संबंध में स्पष्ट एवं ईमानदार होना)
- **Eager beaver** — Hardworking, Industrious. (कठिन परिश्रमी)
- **Hold horse** — To be patient to have patience. (धैर्य रखना)
- **The green eyed monster** — Jealousy (ईर्ष्या)
- **Let the cat out of the bag** – To give away or let out a secret. (रहस्योद्घाटन कर देना)
- **An open book**—A person or thing whose behaviour, attitudes, thoughts etc. are very easy to understand, either because you know them very well or because they are very open and honest. (खुली किताब, सहज एवं स्पष्ट)
- **To have a bone to pick with somebody** — Have something that you want to complain somebody about. (शिकायत करना, आपत्ति प्रकट करना)
- **Give up** : to stop doing something (छोड़ना, त्यागना)
- **Give in** : to yield (झुकना)
- **Give way** : break (टूटना)
- **Give over** : to abandon, to leave (छोड़ना)
- **Give away** : distribute (बांटना)
- **Set forth** : make known (बताना)
- **Stand by** : to support (साथ देना)
- **Keep up** : to maintain (बनाये रखना)
- **Let down** : to disappoint (निराश करना)
- **Lay out** : To spend money (धन खर्च करना)
- **At a snail's pace** — very slowly.
- **To have green fingers/thumb** — To be good at making plants grow. (बागवानी की अच्छी जानकारी होना)
- **Appear out of thin air**— appear suddenly from nowhere. (अचानक प्रकट हो जाना, अचानक सामने आ जाना)
- **The red carpet treatment** — A very special welcome given to an important visitor. (बहुत ही अच्छा स्वागत सत्कार)
- **A sore point** — A matter that makes somebody feel angry or hurt. (एक दुःखद, कष्ट पहुंचाने वाला तथ्य)
- **To eat humble pie** — To be very apologetic (क्षमा याचना करने पर विवश होना)
- **To rise like a phoenix from the ashes** — To be powerful or successful again. (दीन-हीन अवस्था से पुनः शक्तिशाली हो जाना)
- **In a pickle** — In a difficult situation, In a mess, (कठिन परिस्थिति में)
- **Fair weather friend** — Opportunist friends in days of prosperity. (समृद्धि के दिनों के अवसरवादी मित्र)

- **Spill the beans** — Tell somebody something that should be kept secret or private. (रहस्य उजागर कर देना)
- **To face the music** — To accept the difficulties, criticism and unpleasant results. (परेशानियों एवं आलोचनाओं का सामना करना)
- **With a grain of salt** — Not to believe completely in someone. (अधूरे विश्वास के साथ)
- **To Bury head in the sand** — Refuse to deal with unpleasant realities and dangers. (दुःखद वास्तविकता एवं खतरों से मुंह मोड़ना)
- **Hold fast** : To hold firmly (मजबूती से पकड़ना)
- **Hold on** : continue (न छोड़ना)
- **Hold up** : to delay (देर हो जाना)
- **Hold over** : to postpone (स्थगित करना)
- **Hold in** : to check (रोकना)
- **Run out** : to come to an end (समाप्त हो जाना)
- **Run over** : to crush (कुचल देना)
- **Set out** : To go on a journey (यात्रा पर जाना)
- **Set up** : to start business (व्यापार आरंभ करना)
- **Set in** : to begin (प्रारंभ होना)
- **Set aside** : to make something not applicable (रद्द करना)
- **To have your head in the clouds** — Not to be realistic, always thinking of your own hopes, ideas dreams etc. (वास्तविकता में विश्वास नकर आकाश में उड़ना)
- **To hit the nail on the head** — Say something that is exactly right. (एकदम सही बात कहना)
- **To eat your heart out** — To be very unhappy. (अत्यधिक दुःखी होना)
- **To be completely at sea** — To be confused, not organised. (व्यथित या अव्यवस्थित होना)
- **To stir up a hornet's nest** — To cause trouble. (परेशानी को दावत देना)
- **Walk on air**— To be very happy about something. (अत्यधिक प्रसन्न होने के कारण हवा में उड़ना)
- **Achilles' heel** — weakness, weak spot. (कमजोरी, कमजोर पक्ष)
- **Tooth and Nail** — very fiercely, with full force (बड़ी भयंकरता से, पूर्ण गति से)
- **To have the last I aught** — To be successful at something in the end. (अंततः सफल होना)
- **To cool one's heels** — To be kept waiting for a long time. (लंबे समय तक इंतजार कराना)
- **To steer clear of** — to stay away from (से अलग रहना)
- **Head and shoulders above someone** — To be much better at something than someone. (किसी के लिए बहुत अच्छा होना)
- **To pay through your nose** — To pay a lot of money (देर सारा पैसा देना)
- **To see eye to eye** — To agree with each other (सहमत होना)
- **To be wet behind the ears** — Young and inexperienced (छोटा एवं अनुभवविहीन)
- **To sow your wild oats** — enjoy yourself before you get married and settle down. (विवाह से पूर्व आनंद उठाना)
- **Fish out of water**— A person who does not fit in, out of place (अलग अर्थात् भिन्न होना)
- **To keep your head above water** — To make just enough money to survive, to manage (जीवनयापन करने लायक धनोपार्जन किसी तरह से काम चलाना)
- **Make somebody's blood run cold** — Make somebody extremely frightened. (अत्यधिक भयभीत कर देना)
- **Play to the gallery** — Behave in an exaggerated way to attract ordinary people's attention. (साधारण व्यक्तियों के ध्यानाकर्षण के लिए बढ़ा-चढ़ा कर व्यवहार करना)
- **On tenter hooks** — Very tense, excited or anxious about what might happen. (अत्यधिक चिंचित या उत्तेजित)
- **Off and on**— irregularly (अनियमित रूप से)
- **Keep up appearance** — Hide the true situation and pretend that everything is still going. (हकीकत छुपाना और ऐसा व्यवहार करना जैसे सब कुछ ठीक हो)
- **As fit as fiddle**— Healthy and physically fit.
- **Keep on** : to continue (जारी रखना)
- **Keep back** : Conceal, hide (छिपाना)
- **Look on** : consider (मानना)
- **Look through** : to revise (दुहराना, समझना)
- **Look out** : to watch. (देखना)
- **Let off** : to excuse (क्षमा करना)
- **Let out** : to lease on hire (किराये पर देना)

- **To pour oil on the troubled water** – To calm a situation, to soothe someone's anger (स्थिति को शांत करना, किसी का गुस्सा शांत करना)
- **To burn the candle at both end** –to make yourself very tired by working too much (बहुत अधिक कार्य करना)
- **To have something up one's sleeve** – To have a good plan or Idea which you are not telling anyone about now (एक अच्छा विचार जो अभी नहीं बताया जा रहा है।)
- **To chill somebody to the bone** - To frighten someone very much (किसी को बहुत अधिक डराना)
Blue eyed boy — The favourite of a person in authority.
- **To eat one's word** - To be forced to admit that what you said before was wrong. (झूठ स्वीकार करना)
- **Blow down** : to make something fall (गिराना)
- **Blow out** : to put out (बुझाना)
- **Blow over** : to become less strong and stop (रुक जाना, गुजर जाना)
- **Break down** : (i) to go wrong (कार्य न करना)
(ii) (स्वास्थ्य का गिर जाना)
- **Break into** : to enter forcibly (सेंध लगाना)
- **Break out** : (i) to burst with (फैल जाना)
(ii) to start suddenly (अचानक छिड़ जाना)
- **Break with** : to discontinue an association of friendship (संबंध समाप्त करना)
- **Break away** : to free oneself. (स्वतंत्र होना)
- **Break off** : to end, to discontinue (अचानक रुक जाना)
- **Break upon** : interfere by sudden appearance (यकायक प्रकट होकर हस्तक्षेप करना)
- **Bring about** : cause to happen (घटित होना)
- **Bring up** : look after (पालन करना)
- **Bring back** : recall, remind (याद दिलाना)
- **Bring down** : to make something fall (गिराना)
- **Bring out** : to publish (प्रकाशित करना)
- **Bring in** : to produce as profit (लाभ कमाना)
- **Bring round** : to take someone in sense (होश में लाना, ठीक करना)
- **A man in the street** — An average or ordinary person. (आम आदमी)
- **A close shave**—A situation in which you only just manage to avoid an accident etc. (ऐसी स्थिति जिसमें किसी दुर्घटना में किसी तरह बचा जाये)
- **Plough a lonely furrow** – Do things that other people do not do or, be interest in things that other people are not interested in. (वह काम करना जो कोई और नहीं करना चाहता हो)
- **Back out** : to withdraw from a promise (वायदे से मुकर जाना)
- **Back up** : support (समर्थन करना)
- **Bear out** : to confirm (पुष्टि करना)
- **Bear away** : win (जीतना)
- **Bear down** : crush (कुचलना)
- **Bear upon** : to be connected with (संबंधित होना)
- **Bear with** : tolerate (सहन करना)
- **Bear the palm**—Be the best; the winner (विजयी होना, सबसे उत्तम होना)
- **To bell the cat** – To undertake the most dangerous part on behalf of a group (खतरा मोल लेना)
- **Be in high-spirits**— Be happy and cheerful. (खुश होना)
- **Keep one's eye** – Take responsibility for somebody or sure that somebody or something is safe. (ध्यान रखना, नजर रखना, जिम्मेदारी लेना)
- **Teeter on the brink of something**—Be very close to a very unpleasant or dangerous situation. (खतरे के करीब होना)
- **Pull out all the stops**—Do everything you can to make successful. (सफल बनाने के लिए हर संभव प्रयास करना)
- **Put your foot down**—Use your authority to stop somebody from doing something. (अपने अधिकार को प्रयोग कर किसी चीज को रोकना)
- **Put the cart before the horse**—Put things in the wrong order. (गलत क्रम से चीजों को रखना)
- **Ride roughshod over somebody/ something**—Treat somebody or somebody's feelings, ideas protests, etc. with no respect all because you do not consider them important (किसी की भावना का अनादर करना)
- **Rub salt into the wound**—Make somebody who is already feeling upset, angry, etc. about something feel even worse. (घाव पे नमक रगड़ना)
- **Rule the roosts** - Be the person who controls a group, family, community, etc. (नियंत्रणकर्ता होना)

- **Set face against something**—Be strongly opposed to something and refuse to change your opinion. (किसी चीज के विरोध में होना)
- **Sharp practices**—Clever but dishonest methods of business, etc. (चालाकीपूर्ण लेकिन बेईमान तरीका)
- **Stem the tide**—Stop the large increase of something bad. (किसी बुरे चीज के प्रवाह को रोकना)
- **Take to one's heels** — Run away very quickly. (तेजी से भाग खड़ा होना)
- **Turn up nose at something**— Refuse or reject something because you do not think it is good enough for you. (किसी चीज को अपनाने से नकार देना)
- **Throw down the gauntlet**—Invite somebody to compete with you challenge somebody. (चुनौती पेश करना)
- **With one voice**—(of a group of people) in complete agreement. (सहमति के साथ)
- **Act upon** : do according to (के अनुसार कार्य करना)
- **Act on** : affect (प्रभाव डालना)
- **Act for** : to work in place of someone else (किसी के स्थान पर कार्य करना)
- **To beat a retreat** — To go away quickly from somebody/something. (भाग जाना या बिखर जाना)
- **A laughing stock** – A person that everyone laughs at because they have done sth. stupid (जिसे देखकर हंसी आए)
- **All and sundry** – Everyone, people of all kinds (सभी)
- **Nook and cranny** — Everywhere, in all parts of a place (हर स्थान पर)
- **Weal and woe** — Prosperity and adversity (अनुकूलता एवं प्रतिकूलता, सुख एवं दुःख)
- **To butter one's bread on both sides** — To get several profits at the same time. (एक ही समय में कई प्रकार के लाभ उठाना)
- **Chicken-hearted fellow** — A timid person (डरपोक व्यक्ति)
- **To turn one's coat** — To change party (दूसरी पार्टी में चले जाना)
- **Devil's luck**— Good fortune (अच्छा भाग्य)
- **Between the devil and the deep sea** — To be caught between the two difficulties (दो मुसीबतों के बीच फंस जाना)
- **Call at** : Visit (मिलने के लिए आना)
- **Call for** : require (चाहना)
- **Call off** : end (समाप्त करना)
- **Call on** : to pay a short visit (किसी से मिलना)
- **Call up** : recollect (याद करना)
- **Call in** : to call (बुलाना)
- **Call upon** : to be asked (कहा जाना, निवेदन करना)
- **Come about** : happen (घटित होना)
- **Come across** : meet by chance (अचानक मिलना)
- **Come off** : take place (होना)
- **Come out** : to appear (प्रकट होना)
- **Come down** : to decrease (गिरना)
- **Come round** : to agree (सहमत होना)
- **Come up to** : to be equal to (लगभग होना, समान होना)
- **Come over** : to overspread (छा जाना)
- **To carry away** : To support the weight of somebody / something and take it away. (वह जाना, संतुलन खोना, भावुक होना)
- **Carry on** : To continue, without stopping. (चालू रखना)
- **Carry out** : To obey (आज्ञा का पालन करना)
- **Drop in** : to visit accidentally (अचानक किसी स्थान पर पहुंच जाना)
- **Drop out** : to leave. (छोड़ देना, हट जाना)
- **Fall off** : to be less (कम होना)
- **Fall upon** : to attack (आक्रमण करना)
- **Fall out** : to quarrel (झगड़कर एक दूसरे से अलग हो जाना)
- **Fall in with** : to agree (मानना, सहमत होना)
- **Fall in** : to take place in the rank (स्थान लेना)
- **Fall back** : to turn back (पीछे हटना)
- **Get up** : to wake up, rise (उठना)
- **Get off** : to escape (भागना)
- **Get about** : to wander here and there (इधर-उधर घूमना)
- **Get into** : To come in (अंदर आना)
- **Get on** : To progress (उन्नति करना)
- **Get out** : To go outside (बाहर जाना)
- **Get along** : to be friendly (मित्रवत होना)
- **Get through** : to pass (पास होना)
- **Get along** : To continue working some how (काम चलाना)
- **Get down** : descend (उतरना)
- **Get rid of** : free oneself from (छुटकारा पाना)

- **Grease the palm** — to bribe (रिश्त देना)
- **Golden mean**— middle way (मध्यम मार्ग)
- **Fish in troubled waters** — to make profit when others are in trouble (अन्य के कष्ट से लाभ उठाना)
- **Fool's paradise** — foolish hope (मूर्खतापूर्ण अभिलाषा)
- **Cast pearls before swine** — to offer to person something whose value he cannot understand or assess (अंधे के आगे रोवे अपने नयना खोवे)
- **Call names** — to abuse (गाली देना)
- **Cry over spilt milk** — to feel sorry for the past (व्यर्थ पछताना)
- **Catch a Tartar** – (किसी को आशा से अधिक बलवान पाना)
- **Give out** : to announce (घोषित करना)
- **Give yourself up** : To allow yourself to be arrested captured, to surrender (आत्मसमर्पण कर देना)
- **Go by** : To pass (गुजरना, व्यतीत होना)
- **Go off** : be discharged (छूटना, चलना)
- **Go away** : To leave a place (चले जाना)
- **Go back on** : return, not to be true to someone (वापस लौटना)
- **Go into** : Investigate (जांच करना)
- **Flesh and blood** – The human body, the weaknesses, desires, fears etc that human beings have (मनुष्य का स्वभाव)
- **Put in** : to present (प्रस्तुत करना)
- **Put on** : to wear (पहनना)
- **Put off** : to postpone (स्थगित करना)
- **Put off** : To uncover (उतारना)
- **Put out** : To extinguish (बुझाना)
- **Put up with** : tolerate (सहन करना)
- **Pass away : to die** (मरना)
- **Pass off** : vanish (समाप्त करना)
- **Pass by** : to omit (छोड़ देना, ध्यान न देना)
- **Pull down** : to demolish, to destroy (गिराना)
- **Pull together** : to work together in harmony (सहयोग करना)
- **Run across** : To meet somebody or find something by chance. (किसी से अचानक मिलना)
- **To die by inches** (तड़प-तड़प कर मर जाना)
- **To eat one's word** — To be forced to admit that what you have said before was wrong. (अपने शब्द वापस लेना)
- **In high feather** — extremely enthusiastic and happy. (पूरे जोश में, अत्यधिक प्रसन्न)
- **Go through** : bear (सहना)
- **Go in for** : advocate (समर्थन करना)
- **Go on** : to continue (जारी रखना)
- **Go down** : to be remembered (स्मरण किया जाना)
- **Go over** : to examine (जांच करना)
- **Go ahead**: to make progress, to advance (आगे बढ़ना)
- **Go about** : to move from place to place (इधर-उधर घूमना)
- **Make out** : to find out (समझाना)
- **Make off** : to run away (भाग जाना)
- **Make of** : to understand (समझाना)
- **Put down** : to keep under pressure (शक्ति से दबाना)
- **Put across** : to express, to convey (अभिव्यक्त करना या समझाना)
- **Put forward** : presented for consideration (विचारार्थ प्रस्तुत करना)
- **Run after** : to chase (पीछा करना)
- **Run down** : To become weak and stop working (काम करना बंद करना देना, कमजोर पड़ जाना)
- **Run into** : To experience difficulties or problems (परेशानी झेलना)
- **Stand for** : to side with (पक्ष लेना)
- **On the Cuff** - On credit (उधार)
- **Off the Cuff** - without previous thought or preparation. (बिना तैयारी के)
- **No love lost between the two people** - Two people dislike each other. (एक दूसरे को पसंद न करना)
- **Of the first water** - of the greatest excellence. (अत्युत्तम)
- **Sit on the fence** - Avoid deciding between two sides of an argument, discussion, quarrel etc. (दो पक्षों में से किसी का भी पक्ष लेने से बचना)
- **Meet your Waterloo** - Be finally defeated (अंततः करारी मात खा जाना)

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- **Grass widow** — Wife whose husband has to live away from her for a long time because of his job etc. (ऐसी पत्नी जिसका पति नौकरी या अन्य कारणों से अधिकतर दूर रहता हो)
 - **Give the game away** — Reveal your own or another person's secret plan. (रहस्य उजागर कर देना)
 - **Black sheep**— A rogue (एक बदनाम व्यक्ति, धूर्त व्यक्ति)
 - **Crocodile tears** — Not real tears (दिखावे के आंसू)
 - **Yeoman's service**—excellent service (महत्वपूर्ण सेवा)
 - **With zest and zeal** — with great fervour (पूर्ण जोश के साथ)
 - **Take to task** — to rebuke, to punish (डांटना, दंड देना)
 - **Tit for tat**— blow for blow (जैसे को तैसा)
 - **Summer friends** - friends of happy days (खुशहाली के मित्र)
 - **Sword of Damocles** – a danger that continuously threatens a person (लगातार रहने वाला खतरा)
 - **Sum and substance** – gist (सारांश)
 - **Split hairs**—to go into minute details (बाल की खाल निकालना, छोटी-छोटी बातों पर झगड़ना)
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