

Q.3: Prepare an acrostic on the word LISURE. The words should relate to what one likes to do in free time.

Ans:

L-Laze around

E-Enjoy movies

I-Initiate games

S- Sleep

U-Undertake to clean house

R-Read stories

E- Exercise

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A.1. Simple Factual Activities: -

(1). Say where....

Ans. 1. Beneath the branches of tress.

Ans. 2. In the grass.

Ans. 3. In the streams.

Ans. 4. In her eyes.

A.2. State where the images from nature given in the poem exist:

(air / land / water)

- 1) Beneath the boughs- air**
- 2) Squirrels hide nuts in the grass- land**
- 3) Streams in daytime- water**
- 4) Stars/ skies in the night- air**

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A2

1. The poet wants us to stand below the boughs and stare at the grasses just like sheep and cows. Poet wants us to stare and observe the squirrels hide their nuts while passing through woods. The poet wants us to stare at the beauty's glance and gain happiness from nature's beauty.
2. We overlook the squirrels hiding their nuts, stream of stars in broad daylight, nature's beauty dancing with her feet.

3. The fast paced life of humans might have inspired the poet to compose this poem. This poem relates to our daily life. There are so many beautiful things conspiring around us, but due to our busy schedule we tend to overlook the beauty of nature. We are too preoccupied with our worldly affairs to appreciate the beauty of nature. Poet has composed this poem to remind us of those forgotten things.
4. A poor life this is full of care we have no time to stand and stare
5. Nature is always dancing when the slow breeze blowing, it just tries to move the heads of the trees. That means in that time nature is dancing. When the fields is full of crops. Natures here dancing like a girl. The leaves of the trees move with the wind. Even in the clouds the sun and the moon movements also shows that nature is dancing It is not stationary .When the sky is clear, there is no storm, no dark clouds, the sun spreads her light all over the world, than the nature smiles. Everything is peaceful calm and beautiful. This shows that nature is smiling, Nature is happy so she smiles.

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6- Here poor dose not refer to not having money or living below the poverty line. Here the word poor refers to not having leisure time mean free time, our lives have no meaning, because we are too busy to our busy scheduled. We cannot have any time to live and feel the beautify of nature. We are too attached to our hobbies or activities. So we have no leisure time. All the time we are rushing about our work and our duties. We have become clown in our lives hence the poet calls used lives poor.

A3. Activities based on poetic devices/Vocabulary:

***(1). Pick out two examples of personification from the poem.**

Ans. (1) And watch her feet, how they can dance?

(2) No time to wait till her mouth can enrich that smile her eyes began?

***(2). Pick out two examples of Alliteration from the poem.**

Ans. (1) we have no time to stand and stare.

(2) streams full of stars like skies at nights.

***(3). Pick out two examples of Simile from the poem.**

Ans. (1) and stare as long as sheep and cows.

(2) streams full of stars like skies at nights.

***(4). Pick out two examples of Metaphor from the poem.**

Ans. (1) No time to turn at Beauty's glance.

(2) Enrich the smile her eyes began.

***(5). Pick out two examples of Interrogative from the poem.**

Ans. (1) We have no time to stand and stare?

(2) Where squirrels hide their nuts in grass?

Analysis/ Appreciation of the poem.

Ans 1) The poet of this poem William Henry Davis writes this poem with a gloomy mood questioning life. He asked himself about the life we all are living. He feels that how busy we are in our life that we don't have enough time to see around the beauty of nature. He says we don't even stand for a while to have a glance on the nature that we are surrounded with. He had describe the beauty of nature and how pleasant it is for our eyes. in The poet concludes that if we clearly don't have time to do the above things, then our lives are terrible and incomplete.

Ans 2) Williams Davies' 'Leisure' poem theme is based on Nature. the poet say that people are so busy in daily routine and run afer materialistic thing of the world that they ignore the real beauty of nature and how nature is important in our life. Describing the beauty of nature poets pass the message that we should have time to wait and watch and appreciate the nature by enjoying it beauty. Thus he named the poem as leisure that we should have time from our busy shedule and enjoy the time observing nature's beauty.

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- **Tone:** Serious and analytical; reflective poem.
 - **Structure and stanzas:** The stanzas are of two lines each; seven couplets with lines of equal length.
 - **Rhyme and Rhythm:** The rhyme scheme is aa, bb, cc, and so on, with the ending words of each couplet rhyming.
 - **Language and Imagery:** The language is simple; the poem has many figures of speech and is full of imagery when the poet describes the beauty of nature.
 - **Figures of Speech:** Alliteration, Personification, Simile, Metaphor, Repetition, Interrogation.